Agenda



Cabinet

This meeting will be held on:

Date: Wednesday 12 July 2023

Time: **6.00 pm**

Place: Long Room - Oxford Town Hall

For further information please contact:

Emma Lund, Committee and Member Services Officer

Members of the public can attend to observe this meeting and:

- may submit a question about any item for decision at the meeting in accordance with the <u>Cabinet's rules</u>
- may record all or part of the meeting in accordance with the Council's protocol

Details of how City Councillors and members of the public may engage with this meeting are set out later in the agenda. Information about recording is set out later in the agenda and on the <u>website</u>

Please contact the Committee Services Officer to submit a question; to discuss recording the meeting; or with any other queries.

Cabinet Members

Councillor Susan Brown Leader, Inclusive Economy and

Partnerships

Councillor Ed Turner Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance

and Asset Management

Councillor Shaista Aziz Cabinet Member for Safer

Communities

Councillor Nigel Chapman Cabinet Member for Citizen Focused

Services and Council Companies

Councillor Jemima Hunt Cabinet Member for Culture and

Events

Councillor Chewe Munkonge Cabinet Member for Leisure and

Parks

Councillor Anna Railton Cabinet Member for Zero Carbon

Oxford and Climate Justice

Councillor Ajaz Rehman Cabinet Member for Inclusive

Communities

Councillor Linda Smith Cabinet Member for Housing

Councillor Louise Upton Cabinet Member for Planning and

Healthier Communities

Apologies received before the publication are shown under *Apologies for absence* in the agenda. Those sent after publication will be reported at the meeting.

Agenda

Items to be considered at this meeting in open session (part 1) and in confidential session (part 2).

Future items to be discussed by the Cabinet can be found on the Forward Plan which is available on the Council's <u>website</u>

Pages

- 1 Apologies for Absence
- 2 Declarations of Interest
- 3 Addresses and Questions by Members of the Public
- 4 Councillor Addresses on any item for decision on the Cabinet agenda
- 5 Councillor Addresses on Neighbourhood Issues
- 6 Items raised by Cabinet Members
- 7 Scrutiny reports

The Climate & Environment Panel met on 27 June, Scrutiny Committee will meet on 4 July, and the Housing & Homelessness Panel will meet on 5 July 2023. The following reports are expected and will be published as a supplement, together with any other recommendations from those meetings:

- Draft Carbon Reduction and Sustainable Retrofit Guidance for Historic Buildings Technical Advice Note
- Biodiversity Update
- Safeguarding Report 2022/23 and Safeguarding Policy 2023-26
- Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership Charter / Pledge
- Citizen Experience Strategy
- Future Resettlement Commitments for New Refugee Families

8 City Centre Land Regeneration Scheme

15 - 22

Lead Member: Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance and Asset Management (Councillor Ed Turner)

The Executive Director (Development) has submitted a report to update Cabinet on progress of the procurement of a development partner to regenerate a council asset in the city centre; to recommend to Council to include additional budget for the scheme; and to seek approval to enter contracts with a preferred development partner and operator consortium to regenerate 38-40 George Street, Oxford.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- 1. **Approve** the appointment of the preferred developer and operator as set out in the report for the reasons provided;
- 2. **Recommend to Council** the approval of an additional capital budget of £12.1 million for delivery of this regeneration scheme (see Confidential Appendix 1 for more details);
- 3. **Delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Development) in consultation with the Council's Head of Financial Services / Section 151 Officer; the Head of Law and Governance; and the Deputy Leader (Statutory) Finance and Asset Management to: (i) agree the final terms of, and enter into, the relevant contracts; (ii) agree the final scheme and submission of any planning application; and (iii) authorise any spending within the allocated budget (see Confidential Appendix 1 for more details).

9 City Centre Land Transaction: St Aldate's Chambers

23 - 28

Lead Member: Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance and Asset Management (Councillor Ed Turner)

The Executive Director (Development) has submitted a report to seek authority to let the whole or parts of St Aldate's Chambers.

Cabinet is recommended to:

1. **Delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Development), in consultation with the Head of Financial Services / S151 Officer, the Head of Law and Governance and the Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance and Asset Management to enter into lease(s) to let the whole or parts of St Aldate's Chambers to any tenant on terms which fulfil the requirements of S123 Local Government Act 1972.

10 Oxpens Road Car Park Lease Renewal

29 - 32

Lead Member: Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance and Asset Management (Councillor Ed Turner)

The Head of Corporate Property has submitted a report to seek

approval to renew the lease of the car park at Oxpens Road.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- Approve entering into a new lease with OxWED for the Car Park at Oxpens Road; and
- 2. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Corporate Property in consultation with the Deputy Leader (Statutory) Finance and Asset Management, the Head of Financial Services, and the Head of Law and Governance to agree the final terms and enter into the lease.

11 Future Resettlement Commitments for New Refugee Families

Lead Member: Cabinet Member for Housing (Councillor Linda Smith)

The Head of Housing has submitted a report to seek approval for future commitments for resettling new refugee families into Oxford, and to seek approval to go to tender to commission the provision of person centred support.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- Approve the resettlement of a minimum of 8 refugee families per year from any of the resettlement schemes highlighted in the report for a period of 5 years from 2023 to 2028, on the condition that the requirements in paragraph 21 of the report are consistently met to ensure scheme viability;
- 2. **Delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Communities and People), in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Housing, to agree the resettlement of additional refugees above this allocation (which will incur additional expenditure from Home Office grant funding for support provision) subject to sufficient grant funding;
- 3. **Approve** the use of Home Office grant funding of up to £1,313,840 (see Appendix 2) to procure the provision of 2 years of person centred support for each refugee family arriving in Oxford during the 5 year period between 2023 -2028;
- Delegate authority to the Head of Housing in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Housing to approve the use of the Home Office grant funding to procure additional person centred support as required; and
- 5. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Housing in consultation with the Head of Financial Services/S151 Officer, the Head of Law and Governance and the Cabinet Member for Housing to allocate the

33 - 46

approved budget and enter into contract(s) with a provider(s) for the provision of person centred support.

Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) Charter/Pledge

47 - 68

Lead Member: Leader - Inclusive Economy and Partnerships (Councillor Susan Brown)

The Executive Director (Development) has submitted a report to seek Cabinet approval to participate in the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) Charter and endorsement of a series of Oxford City Council pledges.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- 1. **Approve** Oxford City Council's participation in the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) Charter; and
- 2. Endorse a series of Oxford City Council pledges that officers in respective service areas will deliver against, within existing committed budgets and for the duration of the current medium term financial strategy. Oxford City Council progress/performance against the pledges will be reported against annually and the results shared on Oxford City Council's website.

Oxford City Council Safeguarding Report 2022/23 and Safeguarding Policy 2023-26

69 - 116

Lead Member: Cabinet Member for Safer Communities (Councillor Shaista Aziz)

The Executive Director (Communities and People) has submitted a report on progress made on Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Action Plan for 2022/23 and to present an updated Safeguarding Policy for 2023-26.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- 1. **Note** the key achievements of the Safeguarding work delivered through Oxford City Council during 2022/23;
- 2. **Approve** the Safeguarding Policy 2023-2026;
- 3. **Note** the Safeguarding Action Plan 2023/24; and
- 4. **Delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Communities and People), in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Safer Communities, to make minor changes to the approved policy in order to continue its alignment with the Oxfordshire Multi-Agency

14 Review of the Street Naming and Numbering Policy

117 - 146

Lead Member: Cabinet Member for Planning and Healthier Communities (Councillor Louise Upton)

The Head of Planning Services has submitted a report to seek approval for a revised Street Naming and Numbering Policy.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- 1. **Approve** the draft Street Naming and Numbering Policy (at Appendix 1); and
- 2. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Planning Services to make any amendments to the draft Policy as a result of Cabinet's consideration of it.

Bus Shelter Infrastructure and Advertising Concession Contract

147 - 156

Lead Member: Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance and Asset Management (Councillor Ed Turner)

The Executive Director (Development) has submitted a report to (i) seek approval for the tender of a contract to manage the bus shelter infrastructure; and (ii) to seek delegated authority for the Head of Corporate Property to enter into a long-term contract with a selected supplier to maintain city bus shelters and manage advertising on the shelters.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- Grant project approval to tender a contract to manage bus shelter infrastructure maintenance and advertising via a concession contract;
- 2. **Delegate authority** the Executive Director (Development) to finalise the tender documents; and
- 3. Delegate authority to the Head of Corporate Property in consultation with the Head of Law and Governance, the Head of Financial Services and the Deputy Leader (Statutory) Finance and Asset Management to agree the final terms and enter into a contract with the preferred supplier.

Lead Member: Cabinet Member for Citizen Focused Services and Council Companies (Councillor Nigel Chapman)

The Head of Business Improvement has submitted a report to seek approval for a new Citizen Experience Strategy 2023-25.

Cabinet is recommended to:

1. **Approve** the Citizen Experience Strategy 2023-25 (at Appendix 1).

17 Future Oxfordshire Partnership Terms of Reference & Memorandum of Understanding

217 - 240

Lead Member: Leader - Inclusive Economy and Partnerships (Councillor Susan Brown)

The Head of Law and Governance has submitted a report to propose amendments to the Terms of Reference and Memorandum of Understanding of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.

Cabinet is recommended to:

 Approve the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's revised Terms of Reference and Memorandum of Understanding. These will take effect following approval by each of the six Oxfordshire councils.

Appointments to Outside Bodies for the 2023/24 Council Year

241 - 258

Lead Member: Leader - Inclusive Economy and Partnerships (Councillor Susan Brown)

The Head of Law and Governance has submitted a report to agree appointments to Outside Bodies for the 2023/24 Council Year.

Cabinet is recommended to:

- Approve appointments to charities, trusts, community associations and other organisations as shown in Appendices 1A – 1D and note the appointments to partnerships as detailed in Appendix 1E;
- 2. **Note** the guidance for appointees as detailed in Appendix 2; and
- 3. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Law and Governance, in consultation with the Leader of the Council, and where appropriate with other group leaders, to make any changes to appointments to Outside Bodies as may be required during the course of the Council

19 Minutes

259 - 266

Recommendation: That Cabinet resolves to **approve** the minutes of the meeting held on 14 June 2023 as a true and accurate record.

20 Dates of Future Meetings

Meetings are scheduled for the following dates:

- 9 August 2023
- 13 September 2023
- 18 October 2023
- 15 November 2023
- 13 December 2023
- 24 January 2024

All meetings start at 6.00pm.

Matters Exempt from Publication

If Cabinet wishes to exclude the press and the public from the meeting during consideration of any of the items on the exempt from publication part of the agenda, it will be necessary for Cabinet to pass a resolution in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 4(2)(b) of the Local Authorities (Executive Arrangements) (Access to Information) (England) Regulations 2012 on the grounds that their presence could involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as described in specific paragraphs of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

Cabinet may maintain the exemption if and so long as, in all the circumstances of the case, the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information.

Part Two – matters exempt from publication 21 City Centre Land Regeneration Scheme - Appendices 1, 267 - 296 2, 3 and 4 22 City Centre Land Transaction: St Aldate's Chambers Appendix 1 23 Oxpens Car Park Lease Renewal - Appendix 1 301 - 302

Information for those attending

Recording and reporting on meetings held in public

Members of public and press can record, or report in other ways, the parts of the meeting open to the public. You are not required to indicate in advance but it helps if you notify the Committee Services Officer prior to the meeting so that they can inform the Chair and direct you to the best place to record.

The Council asks those recording the meeting:

- To follow the protocol which can be found on the Council's website
- · Not to disturb or disrupt the meeting
- Not to edit the recording in a way that could lead to misinterpretation of the
 proceedings. This includes not editing an image or views expressed in a way that may
 ridicule or show a lack of respect towards those being recorded.
- To avoid recording members of the public present, even inadvertently, unless they are addressing the meeting.

Please be aware that you may be recorded during your speech and any follow-up. If you are attending please be aware that recording may take place and that you may be inadvertently included in these.

The Chair of the meeting has absolute discretion to suspend or terminate any activities that in his or her opinion are disruptive.

Councillors declaring interests

General duty

You must declare any disclosable pecuniary interests when the meeting reaches the item on the agenda headed "Declarations of Interest" or as soon as it becomes apparent to you.

What is a disclosable pecuniary interest?

Disclosable pecuniary interests relate to your* employment; sponsorship (ie payment for expenses incurred by you in carrying out your duties as a councillor or towards your election expenses); contracts; land in the Council's area; licenses for land in the Council's area; corporate tenancies; and securities. These declarations must be recorded in each councillor's Register of Interests which is publicly available on the Council's website.

Declaring an interest

Where any matter disclosed in your Register of Interests is being considered at a meeting, you must declare that you have an interest. You should also disclose the nature as well as the existence of the interest. If you have a disclosable pecuniary interest, after having declared it at the meeting you must not participate in discussion or voting on the item and must withdraw from the meeting whilst the matter is discussed.

Members' Code of Conduct and public perception

Even if you do not have a disclosable pecuniary interest in a matter, the Members' Code of Conduct says that a member "must serve only the public interest and must never improperly confer an advantage or disadvantage on any person including yourself" and that "you must not place yourself in situations where your honesty and integrity may be questioned". The matter of interests must be viewed within the context of the Code as a whole and regard should continue to be paid to the perception of the public.

Members' Code – Other Registrable Interests

Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to the financial interest or wellbeing** of one of your Other Registerable Interests*** then you must declare an

interest. You must not participate in discussion or voting on the item and you must withdraw from the meeting whilst the matter is discussed.

Members' Code - Non Registrable Interests

Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to your financial interest or wellbeing (and does not fall under disclosable pecuniary interests), or the financial interest or wellbeing of a relative or close associate, you must declare the interest.

Where a matter arises at a meeting which affects your own financial interest or wellbeing, a financial interest or wellbeing of a relative or close associate or a financial interest or wellbeing of a body included under Other Registrable Interests, then you must declare the interest.

You must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room, if you answer in the affirmative to this test:

"Where a matter affects the financial interest or well-being:

- a. to a greater extent than it affects the financial interests of the majority of inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision and;
- b. a reasonable member of the public knowing all the facts would believe that it would affect your view of the wider public interest You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting."

Otherwise, you may stay in the room, take part in the discussion and vote.

- *Disclosable pecuniary interests that must be declared are not only those of the member her or himself but also those member's spouse, civil partner or person they are living with as husband or wife or as if they were civil partners.
- ** Wellbeing can be described as a condition of contentedness, healthiness and happiness; anything that could be said to affect a person's quality of life, either positively or negatively, is likely to affect their wellbeing.
- *** Other Registrable Interests: a) any unpaid directorships b) any Body of which you are a member or are in a position of general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority c) any Body (i) exercising functions of a public nature (ii) directed to charitable purposes or (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management.

How Oxford City Councillors and members of the public can engage at Cabinet

Addresses and questions by members of the public (15 minutes in total)

Members of the public can submit questions in writing about any item for decision at the meeting. Questions, stating the relevant agenda item, must be received by the Head of Law and Governance by 9.30am two working days before the meeting (eg for a Tuesday meeting, the deadline would be 9.30am on the Friday before). Questions can be submitted either by letter or by email (to cabinet@oxford.gov.uk).

Answers to the questions will be provided in writing at the meeting; supplementary questions will not be allowed. If it is not possible to provide an answer at the meeting it will be included in the minutes that are published on the Council's website within 2 working days of the meeting.

The Chair has discretion in exceptional circumstances to agree that a submitted question or related statement (dealing with matters that appear on the agenda) can be asked verbally at the meeting. In these cases, the question and/or address is limited to 3 minutes, and will be answered verbally by the Chair or another Cabinet member or an officer of the Council. The text of any proposed address must be submitted within the same timescale as questions.

For this agenda item the Chair's decision is final.

Councillors speaking at meetings

Oxford City councillors may, when the chair agrees, address the Cabinet on an item for decision on the agenda (other than on the minutes). The member seeking to make an address must notify the Head of Law and Governance by 9.30am at least one working day before the meeting, stating the relevant agenda items. An address may last for no more than three minutes. If an address is made, the Cabinet member who has political responsibility for the item for decision may respond or the Cabinet will have regard to the points raised in reaching its decision.

Councillors speaking on Neighbourhood issues (10 minutes in total)

Any City Councillor can raise local issues on behalf of communities directly with the Cabinet. The member seeking to make an address must notify the Head of Law and Governance by 9.30am at least one working day before the meeting, giving outline details of the issue. Priority will be given to those members who have not already addressed the Cabinet within the year and in the order received. Issues can only be raised once unless otherwise agreed by the Cabinet. The Cabinet's responsibility will be to hear the issue and respond at the meeting, if possible, or arrange a written response within 10 working days.

Items raised by Cabinet members

Such items must be submitted within the same timescale as questions and will be for discussion only and not for a Cabinet decision. Any item which requires a decision of the Cabinet will be the subject of a report to a future meeting of the Cabinet.



Agenda Item 8



To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Executive Director (Development)

Title of Report: Proposal to contract with the preferred development

partner & operator consortium to regenerate Council owned land at 38-40 George Street, Oxford OX1 2BL

currently occupied by Odeon Cinemas

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	Summary and recommendations					
Purpose of report:	 To update Cabinet on progress of the procurement of a development partner to regenerate a council asset in the city centre; 					
	To recommend to Council to include additional budget for the scheme; and					
	 To seek approval to enter contracts with a preferred development partner and operator consortium to regenerate 38-40 George Street, Oxford. 					
Key decision:	Yes					
Cabinet Member:	Councillor Ed Turner, Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance and Asset Management					
Corporate Priority:	Enable an inclusive economy					
	Pursue a zero carbon Oxford					
Policy Frameworks:	Oxford Local Plan; Oxford Economic Strategy and City Centre Action Plan; Asset Management Strategy					

Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:

- 1. **Approve** the appointment of the preferred developer and operator as set out in this report for the reasons provided;
- Recommend to Council the approval of an additional capital budget of £12.1 million for delivery of this regeneration scheme (see Confidential Appendix 1 for more details);
- 3. **Delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Development) in consultation with the Council's Head of Financial Services / Section 151 Officer; the Head of Law and Governance; and the Deputy Leader (Statutory) Finance and Asset Management to: (i) agree the final terms of, and enter into, the relevant

contracts; (ii) agree the final scheme and submission of any planning application; and (iii) authorise any spending within the allocated budget (see Confidential Appendix 1 for more details).

	Appendices	
Appendix 1	Confidential - Officer Report	
Appendix 2	Confidential - Risk Register	
Appendix 3	Confidential – EQIA	
Appendix 4	Confidential – Proposed Scheme	

Introduction

- 1. In January 2022, Cabinet delegated authority to the Executive Director Development to agree the terms, route to market, and then select a preferred commercial partner for the potential redevelopment of council owned land in the city centre, as the current lease was due to expire in September 2024. As noted in that report any decision to enter into contract with the preferred commercial partner for the redevelopment of the land would require a separate Cabinet decision.
- 2. Following that decision, significant progress has been made following a procurement process. This report sets out the recommendations that have emerged from this process which has resulted in the preferred bidders' proposal for an aparthotel with community use on the ground floor.

Background to 38-40 George Street

- 3. The property is currently occupied by the Odeon Cinema .The Council's lease to Odeon Cinemas, for the premises at 38-40 George St, expires in September 2024. Given the Council's responsibility to ensure continuity of income from this public asset, it has been desirable to explore other options including redevelopment to avoid an underperforming or empty asset.
- 4. There are risks with the current occupier of the property. Cinema footfall is down and has not reached pre-pandemic levels which does not support a vibrant city centre. In addition, the current cinema building has limited flexibility to accommodate other uses and tenants in future and so there is a risk to the stability of long term revenue from this Council asset. Given the state of the building, it is also anticipated the current tenant may request capital investment from the Council as part of any new lease negotiation. The property is one of the Council's investment assets and an increase in income helps support our wider corporate ambitions and protects services.
- 5. The Odeon Cinema was aware that the Council had regeneration ambitions and could have come forward with a proposal, but didn't engage in the process.
- 6. The site is a key city centre gateway, fronting both onto George St, and onto an important public open space in the city Gloucester Green. The current building has extensive areas of blank façade at ground floor level and does not relate well to Gloucester Green. The regeneration of the site will increase active frontage to both Gloucester Green and George St providing place making benefits in this area.

Policy background

Local Plan

- 7. The adopted Oxford Local Plan 2036 seeks to support the vibrancy of the city centre through several policies. These relate to supporting town centre uses, sustainable tourism and cultural and social activities.
- 8. The plan identifies a key issue within the city is that a very large number of tourists make very short visits, often only for part of, or one day. The economic benefits to the city of these short visits are lower than for longer stays, and they do pose other challenges to the city. The plan identifies that proposals which facilitate longer stays will result in greater spend in Oxford's shops and restaurants which will in turn boost their viability and Oxford's economy. In addition to tourists the plan highlights that the short-stay accommodation market is very strong for business travellers in Oxford and provision of more accommodation would additionally help support the economic objectives of this Plan. This explains that when Oxford's hotel occupancy and room rates are compared with those of comparable cities, there is significant unmet demand and potential for growth in all varieties of short-stay accommodation.
- 9. The plan also seeks to support cultural and social activities. It highlights that Oxford has a rich infrastructure of cultural and social activities and venues, from theatres, museums, cinemas, galleries, sports and music venues to restaurants and pubs. These uses help to keep the centres vibrant and active and add greatly to the local quality of life. The plan puts in place policies that encourage such uses to develop, modernise and adapt for the benefit of the communities they serve.
- 10. The procurement of a developer has set policy V7 at the forefront of consideration. The procurement has required compliance with policy V7 to include a social and cultural use at ground floor.

Oxford Economic Strategy

- 11. Oxford's Economic Strategy identifies the City Centre as a key area of focus. It identifies several areas to consider that are explored further in the City Centre Action plan. Among these are to:
 - Promote and facilitate more overnight visitor stays, increasing their enjoyment of our city, while maximising the contribution to the local economy
 - Prioritise city centre workspace for small and creative businesses
 - Innovate with publicly owned city centre assets to provide more flexible and progressive leases to support inclusive economy ambitions
 - Diversify uses in the heart of city
 - Support the night time economy

City Centre Action Plan

12. The City Centre Action Plan sets out three key areas of focus to ensure the city centre continues to perform for the social, economic and environmental good of Oxford and its residents.

- 13. Several opportunities for the city centre. Some that are relevant to this site include:
 - Accommodate a wider range of uses across sectors. A strong and
 increasing demand for city centre space in the science, tech, co-operative and
 cultural sectors provides an opportunity to explore new types of space and
 leases.
 - Increase visitor stays. Identify further opportunities to support longer visitor stays through provision and promotion of more overnight accommodation alongside the diversification of attractions and experiences
 - *Improve safety and ambience.* Improve the safety and ambience of the city, creating a centre that is safe and inclusive for all.
 - **Promote distinctive development.** Development should contribute to the city's unique sense of place
- 14. This leads to four key workstream areas:
 - Getting the mix right
 - Getting the basics right
 - Public realm and animation
 - Connectivity and access
- 15. This site presents an opportunity to address several of the ambitions within getting the mix right, and public realm, and animation workstreams. Oxford city centre has a strong profile of shops and businesses, attracting national brands, as well as strengths in knowledge, innovation, creative and cultural sectors. However, there is a lack of community gathering spaces and live music venues and an undersupply of accommodation to support longer visitor stays. There is an opportunity to diversify the centre's mix of uses, providing new and flexible spaces for businesses, community, and night time offer.
- 16. The plan identifies George Street and Gloucester Green as a key opportunity area to improve activation and diversification. The current site has limited activation and makes a poor contribution to George Street and Gloucester Green. The redevelopment of the site provides the opportunity to enhance activation and public realm in this part of the city.

Asset management plan

17. The Council's Asset Management Plan identifies the need to diversify the council portfolio including within the city centre in order to promote efficient use of buildings and support the city centre economy.

Project Objectives

- 18. The policy background has informed a set of project objectives that were reflected in the procurement process.
 - Scheme to align with planning policy
 - Provide a secure income stream
 - Support the City Centre, including improved activation of George St and Gloucester Green
- 19. Key Council priorities including supporting a zero carbon Oxford, and delivering social value in line with Oxford's Themes, Outcomes, and Measures were also embedded in the procurement process.
- 20. The procurement process was to find bidding consortiums consisting of both a development partner and operator. Further details on the procurement process, along with details of the preferred development partner, the proposed tenant, and funding arrangements are contained within the Confidential Appendix 1

The Procurement Process & Preferred Bidder's Proposal for the City Centre Site

- 21. Bidding consortiums were asked to provide a range of material including:
 - a designed scheme, planning strategy, and risk assessed programme making up the quality aspects of the scoring
 - financial offer and legal markup of key documents
 - social value proposals
- 22. Within the statutory Find a Tender Scheme (FTS) procurement process, 4 qualifying bidding consortiums were taken from the initial qualification (SQ) stage in September 2022, to the competitive dialogue stage of the procurement process in Nov 2022 March 2023. The proposals received and dialogued included a range of building uses: hotel, student accommodation, aparthotel, and office/medical; all including the required replacement cultural/community use space on the ground floor.
- 23. During the dialogue stages two bidders fell away. This left the two strongest bidders proceeding to Final Solutions stage.
- 24. The highest scoring proposed scheme provides an aparthotel, with community space on the ground floor. Aparthotels are used by a wide range of visitors, tourists, and workers, and provide flexible short term accommodation options This has strong regeneration benefits and provides a financially viable scheme with a range of clear benefits being delivered in line with the City's Economic Strategy and City Centre Action Plan.
- 25. Due to commercial sensitivity, further information and analysis of the preferred bidder's proposal is contained in Confidential Appendices 1-4. However, the headline benefits of the highest scoring bidder's proposal are detailed below:
- 26. The proposal seeks to regenerate the site by development of a modern new build property that will extend the life of the on-site asset. The current building is unfit for other commercial uses in its current format.

- 27. The preferred bidder's proposal strongly aligns with relevant Local Plan policies and has taken considerable account of the constraints and opportunities of this location. It provides active frontage to George Street and Gloucester Green as well as providing for a flexible community space complemented by an Aparthotel that will significantly contribute to the objectives of the Local Plan and City Centre Action Plan to increase overnight stays. Aparthotel studios are used by a wide range of visitors, and tourists, and also workers employed on short term projects / shows in the city. Aparthotel users will support adjacent city centre businesses through using a wide range of local food and beverage and retail businesses. The community space on the ground floor increases the amount of activated frontages on George Street, and Gloucester Green. It is proposed to include affordable, hireable space for community groups in the heart of the city centre, and will have uses operating through daytime and into the evening.
- 28. The proposal commits to meeting the adopted Local Plan policy requirements for sustainable design and construction and identifies opportunities for going beyond these requirements. The bidder explored in detail whether the building could be reused but it was not feasible.
- 29. The preferred bidder's proposal provides rental income over a long lease term which also protects the ongoing economic sustainability of the City Centre; there is consistent demand for hotel / aparthotel accommodation in the city centre and the use is considered more sustainable than a cinema use at present.
- 30. In summary, the economic and place-making benefits to the city from this regeneration scheme; providing aparthotel to support longer stays that in turn support the local day and night economy, together with the new city centre community space, and a more sustainable and future proofed building are considered, on balance, to outweigh the loss of the cinema on this site. The cinema within the Westgate centre as well as other existing cinemas within the city e.g. the Phoenix Picturehouse in Jericho, the Ultimate Picture Palace on the Cowley Road and the Vue cinema at the Kassam Stadium provide a range of options for residents and visitors. As a comparison the cinema provision without the Odeon will be in line with York and Cambridge.
- 31. Odeon have announced the closure of the Magdelen Street cinema. This was not discussed with the Council but may be something that they review.
- 32. The proposal commits social value through construction but also, due to the long lease, provides social value commitments throughout the lease term. For example, the proposal includes a commitment to pay the Oxford Living Wage to workers during the construction phase, and long term through the operational phase; as well as delivery of a rolling programme of apprenticeships through the life of the project.

Milestones and Programme

33. The programme is dependent on the preferred bidder's proposal and funding for the scheme, being approved by Cabinet and Full Council in July 2023. This is to give the necessary assurance to the preferred bidder to enable them to progress project work in line with the milestones below:

Developer/operator consortium Cabinet approval

Approval of funding at Full Council

Complete due diligence

Enter into Contract with the preferred bidder

Complete planning approval process

Construction works on site

12 July 2023

Aug 2023

Aug 2023

June 2024

2025-2027

Financial implications

- 34. Confidential financial details are provided in the Confidential Appendix 1. However, the proposed scheme provides on acceptable return for the Council's investment, more importantly it provides a new modern building which future proofs the rental income without the need for further investment by way of repairs and maintenance.
- 35. The Council has to comply with PWLB lending criteria for all of its capital projects in order to be able to access PWLB finance. This project involves the regeneration of a large building in the City Centre and also delivers a number of other policy objectives as outlined in the report. The scheme therefore complies with PWLB criteria as fulfilling both the regeneration activity criteria and service delivery through the other policy objectives that are delivered.

Financial Treatment

36. The rental income from the tenant will be treated as revenue as the lease will be classified as an operational lease. The decision over whether a lease transaction is treated as a finance lease or an operating lease depends on the substance of the transaction rather than the form of the contract. This decision is based on the long term ownership of the asset, how much of the economic life of the asset is transferred under the lease and whether the asset is so specialised that only the lessee can realistic use the asset. The development is on a City Centre site owned by the Council, developed by a developer under contract and subsequently leased out to an operator on a full repairing long term lease. The lease will not transfer ownership of the asset at the end of the lease and there will be no option to purchase; the Council intends to retain ownership as part of its strategic City Centre asset holdings. The economic life of the development is expected to be in excess of 100 years and the lease length is far less than the expected life of the asset. The asset being constructed is an Apart-hotel and there are many operators who could operate the asset without modifications. Based on these details, this arrangement is therefore considered to be an operating lease.

Funding required for the City Centre redevelopment scheme

- 37. Funding for regeneration of Council assets is currently allocated in the MTFS, and so the additional funding that requires approval is £12.1M. Detail of the financial aspects of the funding is contained at Appendix 1
- 38. Project costs will be financed through Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) borrowing, subject to capital financing being undertaken at a corporate level rather than by individual scheme. However, the provisions of the agreement encompass sufficient

- flexibility to allow the Council to refinance its position at a later juncture in the project if required.
- 39. For appraisal purposes, borrowing has been modelled over a 50 year period using an interest rate of 3.4% for the long term borrowing and has been sensitivity tested with an additional 1% interest rate cost.
- 40. Cabinet is therefore now asked to recommend that Council approve the additional funding for delivery of this project. Changes in budget to be delegated to the Executive Director Development, in consultation with the Council's Section 151 Officer, the Head of Law and Governance, and the Cabinet Member for Finance and Asset Management.

Legal issues

41. The Council's legal team has been fully involved in the procurement process, additional legal advice continues to be gained from Browne Jacobson LLP

Level of risk

42. Refer to the attached Appendix 2 – Confidential Risk Register.

Equalities impact

43. This regeneration project will involve the creation of a new building to be leased out to support the City Centre and to generate additional revenue income for funding Council services. An assessment of the foreseen direct and indirect impacts on protected groups is shown in the EQIA at Appendix 3.

Carbon and Environmental Considerations

44. This key decision will assist delivery of the Council's priority to pursue a zero carbon Oxford and the council's environmental sustainability team have been engaged through the procurement process in feedback through dialogue stages. The bidders explored options to retain the building but this was not economically feasible and would not have delivered the wider regeneration benefits. However, the preferred bidder has set out how they will seek to minimise the environmental impact of the building through reuse of materials where possible. The proposal meets the adopted Local Plan policies and seeks to exceed them in some areas.

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Background Papers: None	
Baokground raporo. None	

Agenda Item 9



To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Executive Director (Development)

Title of Report: City Centre Land Transaction

Summary and recommendations

Purpose of report: To seek authority to let the whole or parts of St Aldate's

Chambers

Key decision: Yes

Cabinet Member: Councillor Ed Turner, Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance

and Asset Management

Corporate Priority: Enable an Inclusive Economy

Policy Framework: Council Strategy 2020 - 24

Recommendation: That Cabinet resolves to:

Delegate authority to the Executive Director (Development), in consultation
with the Head of Financial Services / S151 Officer, the Head of Law and
Governance and the Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance and Asset
Management to enter into lease(s) to let the whole or parts of St Aldate's
Chambers to any tenant on terms which fulfil the requirements of S123 Local
Government Act 1972.

Appendices

Appendix 1 (Confidential) City Centre Land Transaction background and options

Appendix 2 Risk Register

Introduction and background

- 1. St Aldate's Chambers (SAC) is now vacant following the consolidation of the Council's office space within the Town Hall and relocation of staff.
- 2. The letting of SAC is part of a number of measures that the Council is taking in order to reduce cost, secure income, and protect services. Staff have now been relocated to the Town Hall in line with the Asset Management strategy supporting the efficient use of Council assets. Works to the Town Hall have already taken place to ensure an

. 23

- appropriate working environment and further improvements are envisaged over coming years.
- 3. A cabinet decision was taken in September 2022 to agree a letting and to delegate authority to the Executive Director of Development in consultation to enter into lease(s) to let the whole of SAC in line with the strategy set out in a confidential appendix.
- 4. A previous letting to a tenant of the whole of SAC was progressing in 2022 but, despite officer discussions and assurances provided to the Council, the letting fell through in February 2023.
- 5. Officers had already returned the property to the market and a number of offers have been received. See Confidential Appendix 1 for detail.
- 6. Authority is now sought from Cabinet to widen the officer delegation to enter into lease(s) to let the whole or parts of SAC to any tenant on terms which fulfil the requirements of s.123 Local Government Act 1972. This would include the recommended offer as set out in Appendix 1, which is for the building to be let in its entirety, but also other offers that fulfil these requirements should the current deal not go ahead as planned.

SAC in context of Oxford office market

- 7. The current standard city centre office requirement is for 4,000 5,000 sq ft of space, grade A specification and in "walk in" condition. Occupier demand for SAC, which extends to c.40,000 sq ft and below grade A specification, is a more specific HQ style building requirement with a tenant looking for a much larger floor area and willing to undertake significant works. These tenant requirements are far fewer and, although SAC offers the only building of this type currently in the market, it is important to secure the current interest given the financial benefits a letting of whole provides.
- 8. The city centre office rents remain resilient with demand still outstripping supply. North Bailey House, New Inn Hall Street, Oxford is understood to be under offer as a whole (c.20,000 sq ft) at £62.50 psf. This is a newly refurbished property offering Grade A office specification.
- 9. Park Central, Park End Street is a current off market office proposition. It is understood that the top floor is under offer at £60.00 psf with a further tenant discussing terms at ground and first.

Financial implications

10.A letting will provide a significant revenue to support the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan. Details of the effect of the proposal are in the Confidential Appendix 1.

Legal issues

11. Section 123 Local Government Act 1972 empowers a local authority to dispose of land, by way of lease or sale. The disposal of land cannot be for a consideration less than the best that can be reasonably obtained, unless the consent of the Secretary of State is obtained. The proposal is in line with s.123 requirements.

Level of risk

12. A risk register is attached at Appendix 2.

Equalities impact

13. This will be a property transaction with the Equalities Impact being neutral.

Carbon and Environmental Considerations

14. The letting supports the consolidation of staff into a single building (Town Hall) which reduces the council's footprint and energy requirements. Opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the building will be explored and worked through with the tenant including tenant fit out works (materials used, mechanical and engineering systems, heating and cooling, lighting) which will need to be approved by the council prior to any works commencing. Lease documentation will also provide an opportunity to include relevant sustainability clauses and detail landlord and tenant obligations that could impact carbon and environmental responsibilities.

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			Appendix 2 - Ris	k Register									I
Last Up	dated	04.06.23	Appendix 2 100	ik regiotei									
Jpdate		AM											
Revisio			Leasing of St Aldat	o'e Chambore									
Revisio	Date	04.06.23	Leasing of St Aluat	e s Chambers	Current Risk -	Current Risk	Current Risk	Risk		Action	T		
NO.	Raised	Risk Type	Risk Category	Risk Description	Probability	Impact	Score	Response	Mitigating Actions		Risk Owner	Risk Status	Comments
10.	Ruiscu	Risk Type	rtisk outegory	Nisk Description	Trobubility	impact	OCOIC	Response	mitigating Actions	Due Date	INISK OWING	itisk Otatus	Comments
1 04.06.202 2 04.06.202		Threat	& Market Economic, financial & Market	Recommended tenant pulls out of letting prior to completion Recommended tenant tries to chip terms once legals instructed.	3	3	9	Accept Accept	Commercial agents are appointed by both Council and tenant and should problem arise solutions would try to be worked through. Currently there is also a second party who could be contacted again. Solicitors will also be instructed to complete documentation as quickly as possible and regular meetings will take place. The recommended tenant has already undertaken building survey and inspected with a number of fit out contractors so they are fully aware of the costs involved in the project. Currently there is also a second party who could be contacted again should "chip" occur and not be resolved. Commercial agents are appointed by both Council and tenant and should problem arise solutions would try to be worked through. Solicitors will also be instructed to complete documentation as quickly as possible and regular	Ongoing	AM AM	Open Open	
			Economic, financial	Recommended tenant delays completion of legal					meetings will take place. Regular updates to				
3	04.06.2023	Threat	& Market	documentation beyond financial assumptions.	2	3	6	Accept	finance on progress of legal documentation.	Ongoing	AM	Open	
-	Risk Matrix												
				Probability									
				Almost certain	5 .	10	15	20	25				
				Likely	4	8	12	16	20				
				Possible	3	6	9	12	15		1		
				Unlikely	2	4	6	8	10		1		
				Rare	1	2	3	4	5		1		
+				Impact	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Severe		1		1
				Impact	msignincant	IVIIIIOI	wouerate	iviajoi	GENEIG		-		
					Probability	Impact					1		
											1		
						.1 Negligible							
					.2 Unlikely	.2 Minor							
					.3 Possible	.3 Moderate							
						.4 Major							
					.5 Almost certain	.5 Severe					1		

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Agenda Item 10



To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Head of Corporate Property

Title of Report: Renewal of Lease of Car Park at Oxpens Road

Summary and recommendations

Purpose of report: To seek approval to renew the lease of the car park at

Oxpens Road

Key decision: Yes

Cabinet Member: Councillor Ed Turner, Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance

and Asset Management

Corporate Priority: Enabling an Inclusive Economy

Policy Framework: Council Strategy 2020-24

Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:

- Approve entering into a new lease with OxWED for the Car Park at Oxpens Road; and
- 2. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Corporate Property in consultation with the Deputy Leader (Statutory) Finance and Asset Management, the Head of Financial Services, and the Head of Law and Governance to agree the final terms and enter into the lease.

	Appendices
Appendix 1 (Confidential)	Lease Terms and Financial Implications
Appendix 2	Risk Register

Introduction and background

- 1. OxWED is a partnership between Oxford City Council and Nuffield College, and it is progressing the redevelopment of the land on Oxpens Road, which includes the car park currently under the management of the Council.
- 2. The Council currently manages the Oxpens Car Park on behalf of OxWED. It is intended that this arrangement will continue until the redevelopment of the site.

- 3. The site is in the freehold ownership of OxWED and the Council has a lease over the car park. The Council entered into the initial lease in 2019 and it expired in April 2022. The parties have agreed terms for a lease renewal which are set out in Exempt Appendix 1 – Not for Publication
- 4. While the negotiations for the renewal have been underway, the terms of the 2019 lease have continued to cover the period between April 2022 and the date of completion of the new lease. The new lease will be backdated upon completion

Financial implications

5. Please see Exempt Appendix 1 – not for publication

Should the Council opt not to enter into the new lease the income will cease. Within the budget it is assumed that the Council will continue to receive income from this car park until at least March 2024 in line with the current OxWED redevelopment programme.

Legal issues

6. The documents are drafted and ready to be finalised and completed subject to this approval.

Risk Register

7. See Appendix 2.

Conclusion

8. It is recommended that approval is granted to allow the Council to enter into the lease. This will allow the Council to continue to manage the Car Park for the benefit of the city centre while the development progresses.

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Background Papers: None

Appendix 2 - Risk Register

Oxpens Car Park - Lease Renewal

As at: 3rd January 2023

									Gro	oss		Curren	nt	Tar	get						
Ref Tit	le	Risk Description	Opp / Threat	Cause	Consequence	Risk Treatment	Date Raised	Owner	Р		Р		Score	Р	1	Comments	Control / Mitigation Description	Date Due	Action Status	% Progress	Action Owner
		The Council does not have			Loss of income to OCC and																
Do not proc	eed with	to renew the lease on this		Not entering into the new	loss of control of one of the		03/01/23	Emma									Renew the lease in line with	03/01/23			Emma
the lease re	newal	Car Park	Threat	lease.	city centre car parks.	Avoid		Gubbins	2	5	2	5	10	1	1		the terms recommended.		In Progress	90%	Gubbins

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Agenda Item 11



To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Head of Housing

Title of Report: Future resettlement commitments for new refugee

families

Summary and recommendations

Purpose of report: To seek approval for future commitments for resettling

new refugee families into Oxford and seek approval to go to tender to commission the provision of person centred

support

Key decision: Yes

Cabinet Member: Councillor Linda Smith, Cabinet member for Housing

Corporate Priority: Deliver More Affordable Housing and Support Thriving

Communities

Policy Framework: Housing, Homelessness and Rough Sleeping Strategy

2023 - 2028

Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:

- 1. **Approve** the resettlement of a minimum of 8 refugee families per year from any of the resettlement schemes highlighted in this report for a period of 5 years from 2023 to 2028, on the condition that the requirements in paragraph 21 of this report are consistently met to ensure scheme viability;
- Delegate authority to the Executive Director (Communities and People), in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Housing, to agree the resettlement of additional refugees above this allocation (which will incur additional expenditure from Home Office grant funding for support provision) subject to sufficient grant funding;
- 3. **Approve** the use of Home Office grant funding of up to £1,313,840 (see Appendix 2) to procure the provision of 2 years of person centred support for each refugee family arriving in Oxford during the 5 year period between 2023 -2028;
- 4. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Housing in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Housing to approve the use of the Home Office grant funding to procure additional person centred support as required; and

5. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Housing in consultation with the Head of Financial Services/S151 Officer, the Head of Law and Governance and the Cabinet Member for Housing to allocate the approved budget and enter into contract(s) with a provider(s) for the provision of person centred support.

	Appendices
Appendix 1	Home Office Funding Schedule
Appendix 2	Financial modelling for future refugee resettlement
Appendix 3	Family funding comparison over 5 years for new United Kingdom Resettlement Scheme (UKRS) based on proposed new person centred model (updated 08/07/21)
Appendix 4	Risk Register

Introduction and background

- 1. The purpose of this report is to seek approval to continue the Council's resettlement programme to potentially resettle a further minimum of 40 families over the next 5 year period and includes the approval of budget provision to procure wrap around support provision for the households.
- 2. There is an ongoing need to resettle refugee families as globally there are circa 100 million forcibly displaced people. There are currently circa 7000 Afghan refugees that continue to live in bridging hotels across the UK and the Government has committed to resettling 20,000 Afghan refugees over a 3 year period. This requires all local authorities to consider and plan for the successful resettlement of new households into our area.
- 3. Since December 2015 Oxford City Council has successfully resettled 47 refugee families that have arrived through government resettlement schemes namely Syrian Vulnerable Persons Resettlement Scheme (SVPRS), Afghan Relocations and Allocations Policy (ARAP), Afghan Citizens Resettlement Scheme (ACRS) and the United Kingdom Resettlement Scheme (UKRS) with the last family of our current commitment due to arrive in June 2023.
- 4. Oxfordshire has been recognised as one of the few counties that continue to support the resettling of refugees within UKRS. Oxford City Council's resettlement programme has proved its success by assisting refugees to become financially independent to the extent that 66% of the 30 SVPRS families and 80% of the 10 Afghan families have at least one person in employment. This report outlines the potential to continue and build on this work in the coming years by resettling more households.

Context of wider asylum, migrant & refugee challenges in Oxfordshire

5. There are many challenges in supporting refugees and asylum seekers as more people seek refuge in the UK and Oxford from war and crisis in other parts of the world. This context is important as we consider new resettlement commitments, alongside the pressures upon resources of housing, support, community and specialist services.

- 6. At present the Home Office have commissioned the Kassam Stadium Hotel to be used as Asylum Seeker Contingency accommodation where it currently hosts approximately 220 asylum seekers who are currently awaiting the outcome of their respective asylum claims. Once asylum has been granted, there is potential for some individuals to remain in or around the city and will therefore be looking to seek accommodation and support locally, including support for housing from the City Council.
- 7. Since the start of the Russian invasion of Ukraine, Oxford City has welcomed 424 Ukrainian guests as of 21st of April, through hosting arrangements. 39 Ukrainian households have moved on into private rent/social housing, some of those moves supported by Oxford City Council, some entirely independent. While Oxford has welcomed Ukrainian refugees this inevitably puts further demand on the housing market.
- 8. Oxford City Council is working collaboratively with Oxfordshire County Council and District Councils to implement and deliver the Countywide Re-matching Service for the Homes for Ukraine project, moving those who have to leave hosting arrangements to new accommodation, to minimise homeless presentations across all City and Districts in Oxfordshire. Countywide work is also ongoing to increase the supply of longer term accommodation for Ukrainian guests and Afghan bridging hotel families, and to implement a support contract to support Ukrainian families.
- 9. Afghan households in bridging hotel nationally are being moved on by central government, and therefore are being encouraged to self-find their own accommodation. We are already receiving enquiries of support from this cohort.
- 10. Oxford city has a population of circa 165,000, of which, approximately 56,000 are migrants, refugees or asylum seekers. The Council has already made a commitment to renew its City of Sanctuary accreditation and make any necessary adaptions to its practice to meet the criteria, which will lead it to become a more accessible and welcoming organisation for all migrant cohorts.

Why make further refugee resettlement commitments?

- 11. Within this difficult national and local context, the Council needs to consider what its plans are for the future of refugee resettlement as there continues to be a growing need to offer sanctuary to those who are victims of war, persecution and the impacts of a changing climate for the foreseeable future.
- 12. There is a strong ongoing case to take further cohorts of households, seeing as welcoming refugee families into our community meets the Council's obligations of being an Authority of Sanctuary and aligns to our corporate strategy priorities. In addition, the government resettlement schemes are grant funded by the Home Office, therefore the success that the Council has had with resettling 47 families has not incurred a financial burden to the Council and the community.
- 13. The shared learning of welcoming refugee families has allowed the Council to use the resettlement grant funding to develop and deliver projects such as:
 - a. School Advocacy project helping parents understand and be part of their child's educational journey.
 - Refugee Employment Support Programme Due to be launched in June 2023, this will be a pilot project which will be a co-produced, bespoke service to assist refugees into their aspired employment pathway.

- c. Refugee Counselling Service dedicated counselling service for refugees who have been impacted by the effects of trauma which hinders their progress into leading a fulfilling life.
- 14. The success that has been attained so far with the 17 (UKRS/Afghan) families that have recently arrived here is that 13 of the families do not require additional financial help as they are able to cover their rent through their benefit and/or employment income. The remaining 4 families are claiming Discretionary Housing Payments (DHP) which is paid for by grant funding received for the duration of the programme. This demonstrates the effectiveness of the resettlement support to help the families become financially independent.

A new refugee resettlement programme for Oxford

- 15. Officers have planned for a new 5 year programme for refugee resettlement from any of the Home Office schemes such as Afghan Relocations and Allocations Policy (ARAP), Afghan Citizens Resettlement Scheme (ACRS) and the United Kingdom Resettlement Scheme (UKRS). It is planned to resettle a minimum of 8 households in the City each year, where the Council will be housing the households in affordable private rented accommodation, with wrap around support for each household which is procured by the Council and all funded via the Home Office grant.
- 16. As part of this planning, officers have considered the optimum number of households to resettle to deliver in a new resettlement programme, both by using current experience as per financial modelling in Appendix 2, and as per previous modelling comparison (Appendix 3 Extract from SVPRS/UKRS Brief Update July 2021); 8 families proved to be the most financially viable and would allow for the scheme to be completely self-financing, while still being an ambitious programme that would make a huge difference for refugee households.
- 17. The Council would receive grant funding of £20,520 per person for each household that it resettles in Oxford through the programme. This figure has not changed since the SVPRS programme commenced in 2015 and it is the same for all resettlement schemes listed above, whether a 3 year or 5 year programme.
- 18. Appendix 2 illustrates the grant income and expenditure on households, for the UKRS and Afghan families that have arrived since Dec 2021. The first year is the largest expenditure as that includes housing setup costs. The support and resource costs have been based on current costs, and does not factor increase in cost of living.
- 19. Officers are proposing a 5 year programme of resettlement. The opportunity of a new tender to commission support provision for a longer term will enable design refinement of support delivery encouraging the support provider and stakeholder partners to be able to make efficiencies, and help the planning of local provision giving job security and stability for staff, which in turn helps recruitment and retention.
- 20. A longer programme of delivery also allows for new longer term investments and opportunities of collaborative working with landlords and partners respectively, improving efficiency of council resources to the benefit of both the refugee community and the wider community in the city.

21. To ensure that there are adequate safeguards in place over a 5 year programme, our commitment will only continue if the following conditions are met, that government funding continues to support the schemes and suitable, and viable private rented accommodation can be secured to resettle households. Should an excess of 8 properties per year be secured, that excess will contribute to the following year's commitment. There will be an annual review of programme viability.

Options available

- 22. Recommendation –To resettle a minimum of 8 refugee families per year for as long as financially viable for up to 5 years, and for budget provision made available to proceed with the open tender process to secure a support provider to deliver person centred support for new family arrivals.
- 23. Do nothing The Council would not facilitate any resettlement in the city, but resettlement is likely to occur anyway through household choice and Home Office decisions, and the Council would not benefit from grant funding to support households. Potential for homelessness presentations from resettling households, that the Council may under its' statutory duties be obliged to rehouse. It would also be perceived that the council will be not fulfilling its commitment to becoming an Authority of Sanctuary and not aligned to its strategic priorities.

Financial implications.

- 24. There are no budget implications to the Council as the resettlement schemes are modelled and covered by grant provision. To date, there have been no overspend and there is robust mitigation and risk assessment in place to manage the risk of overspend. The Council's successful previous experience has required it to secure properties with upfront costs as per Appendix 2 and to cover costs of the support provision which is currently paid quarterly in arrears. Recommendation 2 will be completely funded by Home Office grant funding. Should there be a need to relieve initial pressure of project setup costs or inflationary pressures, there is an existing underspend on the current programme that can be utilised that is held back and ring fenced for use for refugee resettlement.
- 25. Appendix 2 has identified a potential surplus and potential allocation of funds for rent bonds on the scheme which to date, no claims have ever been received, therefore both could be used to support Discretionary Housing Payments (DHP) or as a potential hardship fund, should the cost of living impact cohort families to the point where we need to provide further support. However, as highlighted in paragraphs 4 and 14 above, families are supported to become financially independent earlier to alleviate potential financial pressures during the remaining term of their respective resettlement programme
- 26. There will be an annual viability review on the delivery of this programme, so that if financially the scheme is no longer viable costs can be contained by taking no further families, and further details of risks and mitigations can be found in Appendix 4.

Legal issues

27. The Home Office issue annual funding instructions for all resettlement schemes to ensure all funds are used in accordance to their guidance. The Council would be required to monitor and evaluate families' progress and complete evaluation reports as and when required by the Home Office.

Level of risk

28. Highlighted in para. 21 the council are keen to ensure that this project remains viable. Using appropriate communication tools it will promote the benefits of welcoming refugee families to our city clarifying that there will be minimal impact on public resource i.e. social housing etc. See risk register Appendix 4 for further details.

Equalities impact

29. This new programme of refugee resettlement is aligned to and forms part of the effort to deliver the Council's Housing, Homelessness and Rough Sleeping Strategy which has been subject to a full equality impact assessment. There are no adverse impacts in undertaking this activity to continue on the Council's success of welcoming more vulnerable families into our diverse community.

Environmental

30. There are few environmental considerations arising directly from this report as any new welcomed families would be placed into existing private rented properties within the city which will be registered with the council's selective licensing scheme which takes into consideration environmental impact.

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ackground Papers: None

APPENDIX 1

Home Office Funding Schedule:

United Kingdom Resettlement Scheme (UKRS)

(ref: Home Office Funding Instruction for local authorities in the support of the United Kingdom's Resettlement Schemes May 22 v1.0)

Financial Year 2022-2023

Funding Period	Amount Received per head (£)	Total income received based on 29 people arriving (Appendix 1)(£)
Year 1	8,520	247,080
Year 2	5,000	145,000
Year 3	3,700	107,300
Year 4	2,300	66,700
Year 5	1,000	29,000
Total	20,520	595,080

Afghan Resettlement Schemes (ARAP/ACRS)

(ref: Funding Instruction for local authorities in the support of the Afghan Citizens Resettlement Scheme and Afghan Relocation and Assistance Policy INTEGRATION SUPPORT Grant Reference Number: 392 Financial Year 2023-2024 v0.3)

Funding Period	Amount Received per head (£)	Total income received based on
		29 people arriving (Appendix 1)(£)
Year 1	10,500	304,500
Year 2	6,000	174,000
Year 3	4,020	116,580
Total	20,520	595,080

Over the 3 or 5 year period all grant funding will be received from the Home Office by instalments as indicated in the tables above.

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Financial modelling for Future Refugee Resettlement

£20,520 grant funded income received per person (totals based on 29 people) whether 3yr Afghan Scheme or 5yr UKRS. Financial modelling based on 8 families being viable.

INCOME and Family Configuration

Property Type, Rent and LHA

Potential typical households below:

Shortfall amount Proposed total Typical rent per between rent & LHA Number of Number of families of grant Number of month per property **Local Housing** (does not include proposed/properties as of 25/04/23 funding potential benefit cap persons per bedrooms **Allowance** family income (£) required (Rightmove) (£) (LHA) (£) (£) needed 123,120 615 6 2,200 1585 3 350 4 4 328,320 1,450 1100 3 2 1 61,560 1,200 912 288 2 2 82,080 1,200 912 288

Projected potential totals for 5 year commitment of 8 families(household configuration as above) per year

4

Continued					EXPENDITURE		
NB: Costs does not allow for inflation		Cost Type	Total for 8 properties (£)		Support Type	Total for 8 families (£)	
		Finder's Fee(FF) per property £1000	8,000		Person centred support for 2 years (based on current average of provision per £32,841 household)	262,768	(equates to £1,313,840 for 5yrs which will be tendered)
	I	1 month Rent in Advance(RIA)	11,600	uS	Personalisation Fund (16 adults) £500 incentive to improve route to financial independence	8,000	
	ousi	5 weeks Deposit	13,385	Suppo	School Uniform £80 per child (15 children)	1,200	
	Housing Setup Costs	Potential up to 2 months Holding Fee (HF) i.e. 2 mths rent equiv. 12 mths Rent Bond (albeit rarely claimed against if at all) total	23,200	rt and Resource	Potential rent top required for 1 year	34,548	
42	ts	worth £139,200 but allowed worst case scenario should half be claimed	69,600	rce	OCC Refugee & Migrant Officer (F/T) incl. on costs	46,535	
		Furnishings @ £1800 per property Selective Licensing @ £480 per	14,400		OCC Senior Refugee & Migrant Officer (F/T) incl. on costs	58,057	
		property	3,840				
		Council Tax void loss (2mths @ £200pcm)	3,200		Contingency	15,000	
							Total Expenditure per annum (£) (Housing setup costs + Support and Resource)
Total			147,225			426,108	573,333
					Projected 5 year expenditure (573,333 x 5)	•	2,866,665
		Phone to with to March Area that the shall a			Potential Surplus (total income – total expend	liture)	108,735

The highest expenditure is within Year 1 as that includes the initial housing setup costs as well as the initial resettling support, however this is mitigated by higher instalments of total funding. Therefore the first year expenditure would total £441,949 (including half of the support costs), however, this includes staffing costs, which have already been subsidised by the surplus of the SVPRS scheme. It should also be noted that funds of £69K have been allocated to be used for rent bonds and to date, no claims have been made against this provision.

APPENDIX 3

Family Funding Comparison over 5 years for new UKRS based on proposed new person centred model (updated 08/07/21) (Extract from SVPRS/UKRS Brief Update July 2021)

	10 families (42 people) Jan 2022-Jan 2027 (£)	8 families (34 people) Jan 2022- Jan 2027 (£)	5 families (21 people) Jan 2022-Jan 2027 (£)	3 families (14 people) Jan 2022-Jan 2027 (£)
Income from Home Office@ £20,500 per head for 5yr period	861,000	697,000	430,500	287,000
ESOL funding for each adult at £850 per head	17,000 (20 adults)	13,600 (16 adults)	8,500 (10 adults)	5,100 (6 adults)
Initial ESOL Assessment Cost @ £150 adult	3,000	2,400	1,500	£900
Total remaining for additional ESOL provision on top of existing classes and volunteering methods	14,000	11,200	7,000	4,200
Expenditure				
Total Expenditure Based on current SVPRS model	840,789	691,229	431,851	308,581
Surplus Total = (Home Office income - Total Expenditure)	20,211	5,771	-1,351	-21,581

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APPENDIX 4 - Risk Register

Future resettlement commitments for new refugee families

As at: 25.04.2023

									Gr	oss		Curre	ent	Ta	rget						
R	ef Title	Risk Description	Opp / Threat	Cause	Consequence	Risk Treatment	Date Raised	Owner	Р		Р	1	Score	Р		Comments	Control / Mitigation Description	Date Due	Action Status	% Progress	Action Owner
	Project viability	There may be a lack of properties that come forward to allow us to meet our commitment.	Threat	Inability to secure suitable properties from the open rental market and competin within a limited rental marke with those who are facing homelessness or seeking asylum dispersal accommodation	Would need to give 30days notice to support ptovider, may have some financial impact, potential reputational damage	Reduce	25/04/23	Alan Chandler	3	3	2	3	6	2	2		Marketing and communication tools to advertise our need for properties. 2. The resettlement scheme landford offer is generous and can be flexible. 3. Afghan FYOA scheme introduced customers will source their own properties. 4. Discussions to be had with local colleges, existing portfolio landfords and Aspire Oxford Social Lettings programme to explore the potential of procuring more properties. 6. Annual viability review.	01/09/23			
1	Affordability	The private market is incredibly challenging and there is a known shortfall in rent between LHA rates and market rates.	Threat	The local market rent is currently increasing therefore the shortfall gap from LHA is widening. Som families may be victims of the benefit cap rules.	Some families may require financial support for longer then the programme deliver	Reduce	25/04/23	Alan Chandler	3	3	2	3	6	2	2		Referrals into early intervention/prevention support. The council have commissioned local partners to deliver a collaborative, sustainable single end to end bespoke service called the Refugee Employment Support Programme to further assist refugees and potentially the wider migrant community to secure employment. This programme is due to commence June 2023	01/09/23			
	Meeting the needs	Some families may have complex needs and may be unable to secure sustainable employment	Threat	Inability to secure long term sustainable employment to meet their needs	Some families may require financial support for longer then the programme deliver		25/04/23	Alan Chandler	3	3	з	2	6	2	2		Referrals into early intervention/prevention support. The council have commissioned local partners to deliver a collaborative, sustainable single end to end bespoke service called the Refugee Employment Support Programme to further assist refugees and potentially the wider migrant community to secure employment. This programme is due to commence June 2023	01/09/23			
	Partners limited capacity	Local charities have limited resource and are being stretched to capacity to meet the uncontrolled needs of the recent influx of asylun seekers	Threat	Due to increase on demand on their services from influx of Asylum Seekers without funding to support them.	May not be able to secure a local support provider to help us deliver this new resettlement commitment	Accept	25/04/23	Alan Chandler	2	2	1	1	1	1	1		The support contract would go through a tender to select the organisation that could deliver. 2. Any new contract created within this 5 year period will have a break clause included should the event arise that there are insufficient properties or resources available to deliver this programme.	01/09/23			
	Project viability	The UKRS scheme is a rolling year programme therefore will have to await government announcement it wishes to continue.	Threat	Should insufficent numbers come from other resettlement schemes may become a project viability issue	Project may become unviable to deliver if insufficient properties available	Reduce	25/04/23	Alan Chandler	2	2	1	1	1	1	1		Alternative resettlement schemes can be used to ensure project viability met.	01/09/23			
	Council resource	The current Resettlement Migrant Officer post (FTE) is fixed term has been recently extended until 30/06/25	Threat	Due to uncertainty of role may decide to seek permanent contract elsewhere	Impact internal resource to fulfill programme delivery effectively and efficiently, there would be a delay in programme delivery until recruitment completed	Reduce	25/04/23	Alan Chandler	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	funding from existing UKRS/Afghan schemes covering costs of resource	The financial modelling has made allowance for the Refugee & Migrant Officer post (FTE) and the Senior Refugee & Migrant Officer post (FTE) to be continued for the 5 year period	31/03/23	In Progress	80%	

	Negative publicity for receiving more new refugee families	Mis managed comms regarding new family arrivals	May cause discord with council/community	Avoid	25/04/23	Alan Chandler	3	3	2	2	4	1	1	National awareness of plight of refugee issues & positive financial/diverse community gain	01/09/23			
	Not to go ahead with future commitment	Council decsion not to enter new commitment	Missed funding opportunities to benefit not only the refugee families but for the wider community who also benefit from inititatives that come from theses resettlement programmes. Reputational damage, negative impact upon authority of sanctuary project.		25/04/23	Alan Chandler	3	4	3	3	9	1	1	Report sets out rationale for going ahead with future commitment	25/04/23	In Progress	50%	



To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Executive Director (Development)

Title of Report: Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP)

Charter/Pledge

Summary and recommendations

Purpose of report: To seek Cabinet approval to participate in the Oxfordshire

Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) Charter and endorse a series of Oxford City Council pledges

Key decision: No

Cabinet Member: Councillor Susan Brown, Leader - Inclusive Economy and

Partnerships

Corporate Priority: Enable an inclusive economy

Policy Framework: Corporate Plan 2020-24

Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:

- 1. **Approve** Oxford City Council's participation in the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) Charter; and
- 2. **Endorse** a series of Oxford City Council pledges that officers in respective service areas will deliver against, within existing committed budgets and for the duration of the current medium term financial strategy. Oxford City Council progress/performance against the pledges will be reported against annually and the results shared on Oxford City Council's website.

Appendices					
Appendix 1	OIEP Charter				
Appendix 2	Risk Register				
Appendix 3	Equalities Impact Screening / Assessment				

Introduction and background

- 1. The Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) is a county-wide group that brings together employers, business, education, community groups and local government, including Oxford City Council ("the Council").
 - OIEP's aim (quoting from public web page) is:

To work together to create a more equal region that creates opportunities and benefits for all people in Oxfordshire, making use of everyone's potential, so that we can all benefit from Oxfordshire's success. We are focused on four areas to deliver our vision: education, employment, social value and procurement, and place shaping. We aim to work with projects across Oxfordshire that the OIEP can support, grow or amplify their work. We are also building a repository of resources, case studies and signposting to support organisations working towards a more inclusive economy.

The mission of OIEP is:

Working together to create a more equal region that creates opportunities and benefits for all people within the county. We are working to tackle some of our region's biggest problems to create a fairer environment where everyone can contribute and share in our success.

2. The partnership is co-chaired by Baroness Jan Royall (Somerville College) and Jeremy Long (former OxLEP Chair) and the Future Oxfordshire Partnership provides oversight to the work of the OIEP. The Council contributes project management and secretariat functions to the OIEP through the role of the Partnership Manager and contributions by other officers within the Economic Development team.

Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Charter

- 3. OIEP has developed an Inclusive Economy Charter (at Appendix 1) which is a way for employers to show their commitment and support to making Oxfordshire a fairer and more inclusive place to live and work, by signing up to specific pledges. When organisations sign up to the charter, they are creating a better working environment for their staff, while also generating a clear signal to potential staff, partners and customers that this is a good organisation to deal with. The charter brings additional benefits for the participating organisations by providing an opportunity to better communicate and raise the profile at a countywide level of the social impact they are creating as part of their organisation's pledges.
- 4. Employers can choose pledges that are relevant for their own organisations from 6 groups:
 - Provide fair wages ensuring employees have a fair and decent wage
 - Support local and social economy using our buying power to support the local economy and maximise social value
 - Opportunities to work supporting those furthest from the labour market on their journey towards secure employment
 - Sharing resources, skills and assets practical ways to ensure goods and services are accessible to all
 - Recruit inclusively making jobs accessible for all residents and hiring from diverse communities

- Improve training and educational attainment creating workplaces where employees can thrive and grow and supporting education programmes for children
- 5. OIEP held a charter launch event on 24 January 2023 with presentations from key stakeholders in the inclusive economy across Oxfordshire as well as businesses that are already implementing inclusive practices. A recording of the event is available here: https://boxcast.tv/view/oxfordshire-inclusive-economy-charter-launch-pf2bwne4anplvaeh3u9d

Oxford City Council Pledges

- 6. Oxford City Council is committed to creating a more inclusive economy through its Corporate Plan priorities and Economic Strategy commitments and delivery plan. Oxford City Council is therefore already engaging in activities to deliver the following pledges by respective service area and will continue to do so in 2023. It is recommended that the Council should commit as an organisation to these thirteen pledges (out of an available thirty nine) under five (of the available six) themes:
 - a. <u>Support local and social economy</u> Using our buying power to support the local economy and maximise social value

Pledge	Oxford City Council Lead	Related policy or strategy
As a buyer we pledge to continue to buy goods and services from purposeful local organisations, including SMEs, social enterprises and cooperatives, wherever possible As a buyer we pledge to continue to assess and account for the social value that a supplier can offer the local community, alongside our assessment of the economic value/financial cost of the contract. As a buyer we pledge to buy from organisations who pay the Oxford Living Wage and who request this of organisations in their own supply chains wherever possible	Procurement Manager, service area lead	Procurement Strategy
As a supplier we pledge to use local SMEs in our supply chain wherever possible and to record the percentage of the total spend.		
We pledge to support our employees to volunteer on local community projects	Head of Community Services, service area lead	Volunteering Policy

<u>b.</u> <u>Opportunities to work</u> - Supporting those furthest from the labour market on their journey towards secure employment

Pledge	Oxford City Council Lead	Related policy or strategy
As an employer we pledge to continue to be a Disability Confident Employer and support people with health conditions and disabilities	Head of People, service area lead	People Strategy
As an employer we pledge to improve the diversity of our workforce through more inclusive recruitment practices		
As an employer we pledge to offer work experience to local school/college students from areas where they may experience disadvantage through referrals from partner organisations, where appropriate		
As an employer we pledge that every member of our workforce has the opportunity to share how they contribute to the organisation's success and have opportunities to speak up about concerns and issues.		

<u>c. Improve training and educational attainment</u> - Creating workplaces where employees can thrive and grow and supporting educational programmes for children

Pledge	Oxford City Council Lead	Related policy or strategy
As a levy paying business we pledge up to 25% of our unused Levy to help grow apprenticeships in Oxfordshire	Head of People, service area lead	People Strategy

<u>d. Sharing resources, skills and assets</u> - Practical ways to ensure goods and services are accessible to all

Pledge	Oxford City	Related policy or
	Council Lead	strategy
As an employer we will continue to work	Head of	Food Strategy and
with the local food systems	Community	Action Plan
-	Services, service	
As an organisation we pledge to ensure	area lead	Thriving
that our community centres are		Communities
accessible and inclusive		Strategy

e. Provide fair wages - Ensuring employees have a fair and decent wage

Pledge	Oxford City	Related policy or
	Council Lead	strategy
As an employer we pledge to pay the	Chief Executive	
Oxford Living Wage		

Rationale to support the recommended pledges:

7. The recommended pledges were arrived at after engagement with all the heads of service in the Council and engagement with all staff and the unions. The Council can commit to deliver against all thirteen pledges within existing resources. Doing so would mean that the Council is setting a clear example to everyone in the county about how much every organisation can do to foster a more inclusive economy. If a local authority facing significant resource constraints can commit to thirteen OIEP pledges, then it should raise expectations of what can be done by other organisations, especially those with greater financial capacity.

Alternative options for the Council:

- 8. The Council could endorse fewer pledges. However, this would undermine the impact and significance of the inclusive economy work which though currently already being undertaken by the Council has not up until now been elevated to become a pledge. If we were to reduce the number of pledges we sign up to it might suggest that some elements of the Corporate Plan or Economic Strategy were relegated to being less important than others, because these areas of activity were charter pledges.
- 9. The Council could endorse more pledges and indeed may in the future. However, by initially focusing on a range of identified and targeted pledges (within an agreed timescale and currently financed period), capacity and resource to deliver more pledges can be assessed and reviewed in a sustainable and responsible way before agreeing further commitments.
- 10. The Council could decide not to make pledges or sign up to the charter. However, this is reputationally inadvisable for a founding member and project coordinator of the county-wide OIEP. It would hamper our ability to deliver on one of our four main corporate objectives and prevent us from developing further best practice of inclusive economy as an organisation.

Other implications

- 11. In asking Cabinet to agree to approve participation in the Charter and endorse the related pledges, officers have considered the following other implications that are relevant:
 - Consultation and communications-The charter brings additional benefits for the participating organisations by providing an opportunity to better communicate and raise the profile at a countywide level of the social impact they are creating as part of their organisation's pledges. Oxford City Council have arranged for extensive staff and union engagement prior to the Cabinet Report being signed off so that we can incorporate staff member's ideas and involvement in the Charter and its pledges.

- Human resources-The Charter has been informed by the People Team and members of HR as well as a range of HR specialists from across the participating member organisations of the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP). At Oxford City Council the People Team and HR are leading on pledges that will enhance our inclusivity as an employer.
- Governance Officers from each service area will meet quarterly to review progress and we will publish a report annually for at least the next two years setting out progress and performance against the pledge commitments.

Financial implications

12. No financial implications identified due to the fact that the OCC (Oxford City Council) Charter Pledges do not present new or additional service commitments that would require new or additional financial resource during the period of the medium-term financial strategy. The commitment to the pledges and to the charter can then be reviewed if required.

Legal issues

13. No legal implications identified due to the fact that the OCC Pledges do not present new or additional corporate or service commitments that would require assessment from the perspective of legal issues or statutory or non-statutory obligations. Positive opportunities are presented to Oxford City Council of participating in the charter include furtherance of our Public Sector Equality Duty as outlined in the Equalities Impact Full Assessment and Screening.

Level of risk

- 14. Oxford City Council's participation in the Charter is considered, post Risk Assessment to present Low risk as while the OCC Charter Pledges do not present new or additional service commitments, they will help us to better direct and use our existing funds to secure enhanced impacts and inclusive economy outcomes Therefore participation in the charter presents opportunities and not threats as it will not require additional capacity/resource for participating service areas.
- 15. Other risks in terms of management or operational implementation have been considered and also present low to no risk with identified mitigations for the areas of risk assessed. Consideration has been given to how currently resourced priorities may change throughout the identified period and/or potential clashes between pledges and future decisions. Mitigation in place is to plan to time-limit the pledges to the current medium term financial strategy-which is fully funded-and then review where required.
- 16. Lack of wider awareness and understanding of the charter and its pledges may undermine the value of council signing up to the pledges. This may also pose a risk which is being mitigated by ongoing communications and extensive staff engagement, as identified.
- 17. The Risk Register is included as Appendix 2.

Equalities impact

- 18. The OIEP and its Charter and Pledge scheme contribute to our Oxford City Council Corporate Plan and our Economic Strategy and each of the pledges build on or are explicitly existing commitments of service delivery but will enhance the inclusivity with which our services are offered to Oxford's citizens.
- 19. The aims and objectives of our inclusive economy commitments present positive equalities implications-The OIEP and its Charter supports an inclusive economy and is committed to improving all aspects of social mobility and increased prosperity for communities and residents, particularly if they are from disadvantaged or minority groups or communities.
- 20. Both an Equalities Screening and Impact Assessment have been undertaken with advice from the Council's Equalities Diversity and Inclusion (EDI) lead officer. Each service will be encouraged to tailor their implementation of pledges to their respective service and the needs of service users so as to maximise opportunity for best practice in terms of EDI, presenting positive opportunity while overall the conclusion is that no adverse impacts are identified.
- 21. Equalities Impact Assessment included as Appendix 3.

Carbon and Environmental Considerations

22. While the pledges of the charter are not explicitly related to Environmental or carbon reduction outcomes, they do indirectly present positive opportunity through the support of local businesses and related local supply chains, local food system and networks as well as quality of life benefits which can lead to lower carbon lifestyles and reduced carbon consumption.

Conclusion

23. The officer recommendation to Cabinet is to approve participation in the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) Charter (Appendix 1) and endorse the specific list of pledges for Oxford City Councils (paragraph 6). These pledges are recommended because they are affordable (para 12), the alternatives are poor options (paragraphs 8-10) and because they will raise the profile of the Council's good practice, seeking to inspire others in the county (paragraph 7).

Report author	Clayton Lavallin
Job title	Principal Regeneration and Economic Development Officer
Service area or department	Regeneration & Economy
Telephone	01865 252323
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Ba	ckground Papers:
1	None



Appendix 1: Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Charter

Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy

Charter

Actively supporting inclusivity across Oxfordshire's economy will generate real benefits for your organisation. Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) factors are increasingly being considered by employees, customers, funders, investors, and partners. Participating in the work of the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership, through the pledges you make within this Charter, provides a way of demonstrating your commitment to social issues:

- Promoting your role in Oxfordshire's inclusive economy work will help you to attract people to work with you.
- Accessing the widest pool of talent will support growth and productivity within your company or organisation.
- Purchasing from local suppliers and supporting your staff to undertake volunteering activities within the community will contribute to well-being and a sense of loyalty among your employees, differentiating your organisation from competitors.

Joining the work of the Partnership is not only a good thing to do, but it will make a difference to your business too.

By signing this Charter, you are demonstrating your support for and commitment to making Oxfordshire a fairer and more inclusive place to live and work.

Charter pledges

As a group of employers, we recognise the importance and value of supporting an inclusive Oxfordshire. We are committed to improving all aspects of social mobility and increasing shared prosperity for both our communities and residents by taking action on these pledges:



Improve training and educational attainment

Creating workplaces where employees can thrive and grow and supporting educational programmes for children

Recruit inclusively

Making jobs accessible for all residents and hiring from diverse communities





Offer opportunities into work

Supporting those furthest from the labour market on their journey towards secure employment





and maximise social value Provide fair wages

Ensuring employees have a fair and decent wage

Sharing resources, skills and assets
Practical ways to ensure goods and services are
accessible to all





Appendix 2 - Risk Register

OIEP Charter (OCC Pledges)

As at: June 2023

										Gr	oss		Curre	nt	Ta	rget						
	Ref	Title	Risk Description	Opp / Threat	Cause	Consequence	Risk Treatment	Date Raised	Owner	Р	1	Р	1	Score	Р	1	Comments	Control / Mitigation Description	Date Due	Action Status	% Progress	Action Owner
1	NF p	Service / corporate lans, strategies and bjectives	Risk additional capacity / resource needed to meet pledge commitments. Considered low risk as the OCC Charter Pledges do not present new or additional service commitments. Therefore presents opportunity to promote existing commitments rather than a threat to delivery of existing priorities.	Opportunity	OCC Charter Pledges represent an opportunity to further promote and ehance existing service priorities	OCC service delivery	Accept	14/06/23	CMT/Service leads	2	3	3	2	6	2	3	Mitigation-No new additional commitments posed by pledges to OCC resource or capacity					
	RF i	Management roompetence / nadequte adoption of nanagement policies	Risk pledge commitments are not delivered due to management failings and inability to carry out actions.		Management failing to adop and implement actions.	the committed pledges actions could result in reputational risk -	Reduce	14/06/23	CMT/Service leads	2	3	2	3	6	2	3	Mitigation-CMT and Management sign off and adoption of actions prior to Cabinet approval					
7		ack of Operational upport	Staff unaware of or have insufficient ownership of pledge commitments		Staff unaware of or have insufficient ownership of pledge commitments due to lack of commitment.	Staff failing to own and implement actions, resulting in failure to delivery aganist the committed pledges actions. This could result in reputational risk. Considered low risk due to pledges commitment being embedded within existing priorities.		14/06/23	Service Staff	2	3	2	3	6	2	3	Mitigation-CMT and Management outline responsibilities to their respective staff teams. 'Let's Talk' session to be held for all staff in June 23 to inform and engage staff Council wide					

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Appendix 3



Initial Equalities Impact Assessment screening form

Prior to making the decision, the Council's decision makers considered the following: guide to decision making under the Equality Act 2010:

The Council is a public authority. All public authorities when exercising public functions are caught by the Equality Act 2010 which became law in December 2011. In making any decisions and proposals, the Council - specifically members and officers - are required to have **due regard** to the **9** protected characteristics defined under the Act. These protected characteristics are: **age, disability, race, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation and marriage & civil partnership**

The decision maker(s) must specifically consider those protected by the above characteristics:

- (a) To seek to ensure equality of treatment towards service users and employees;
- (b) To identify the potential impact of the proposal or decision upon them.

The Council will also ask that officers specifically consider whether:

- (A) The policy, strategy or spending decisions could have an impact on safeguarding and / or the welfare of children and vulnerable adults
- (B) The proposed policy / service is likely to have any significant impact on mental wellbeing / community resilience (staff or residents)

If the Council fails to give 'due regard', the Council is likely to face a Court challenge. This will either be through a judicial review of its decision making, the decision may be quashed and/or returned for it to have to be made again, which can be costly and time-consuming diversion for the Council. When considering 'due regard', decision makers must consider the following principles:

- 1. The decision maker is responsible for identifying whether there is an issue and discharging it. The threshold for one of the duties to be triggered is low and will be triggered where there is any issue which needs at least to be addressed.
- 2. The duties arise <u>before</u> the decision or proposal is made, and not after and are ongoing. They require advance consideration by the policy decision maker with conscientiousness, rigour and an open mind. The duty is similar to an open consultation process.
- 3. The decision maker must be **aware** of the needs of the duty.
- 4. The **impact of the proposal or decision must be <u>properly understood</u> first**. The amount of regard due will depend on the individual circumstances of each case. The greater the potential impact, the greater the regard.
- 5. **Get your facts straight first!** There will be no due regard at all if the decision maker or those advising it make a fundamental error of fact (e.g. because of failing to properly inform yourself about the impact of a particular decision).
- 6. What does 'due regard' entail?
 - a. Collection and consideration of data and information;
 - b. Ensuring data is sufficient to assess the decision/any potential discrimination/ensure equality of opportunity;
 - c. Proper appreciation of the extent, nature and duration of the proposal or decision.

- 7. **Responsibility** for discharging can't be delegated or sub-contracted (although an equality impact assessment ("EIA") can be undertaken by officers, decision makers must be sufficiently aware of the outcome).
- 8. **Document the process** of having due regard! Keep records and make it transparent! If in any doubt carry out an equality impact assessment ("EIA"), to test whether a policy will impact differentially or not. Evidentially an EIA will be the best way of defending a legal challenge. See hyperlink for the questions you should consider http://occweb/files/seealsodocs/93561/Equalities%20-%20Initial%20Equality%20Impact%20Assessment%20screening%20template.doc
- 1. Within the aims and objectives of the policy or strategy which group (s) of people has been identified as being potentially disadvantaged by your proposals? What are the equality impacts?

The Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) and its Charter and Pledge scheme contribute to our Oxford City Council Corporate Plan and our Economic Strategy and each of the pledges build on or are explicitly existing commitments of service delivery but will enhance the inclusivity with which our services are offered to Oxford citizens.

The aims and objectives of our inclusive economy commitments present positive equalities implications-The OIEP and its Charter supports an inclusive economy and is committed to improving all aspects of social mobility and increased prosperity for communities and residents, particularly if they are from disadvantaged or minoritised groups or communities.

2. In brief, what changes are you planning to make to your current or proposed new or changed policy, strategy, procedure, project or service to minimise or eliminate the adverse equality impacts?

Please provide further details of the proposed actions, timetable for making the changes and the person(s) responsible for making the changes on the resultant action plan

Oxford City Council's participation in the scheme does not involve a new or changed policy but rather is an opportunity to enhance and add value to existing offers across Oxford City Council's services to celebrate and give visibility to our best practice in equality, diversity and inclusion at a countywide level.

The Charter was launched in early 2023 and the pledge scheme is long term and will be reviewed annually with progress reports given on an annual basis focusing on the positive impacts for participating employers, employees and residents which will inform resulting action plans. These action plans will be reviewed by the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) manager in dual role as Oxford City Council member of staff, reporting on behalf of OIEP to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.

3. Please provide details of whom you will consult on the proposed changes and if you do not plan to consult, please provide the rationale behind that decision.

Please note that you are required to involve disabled people in decisions that impact on them

The OIEP as a strand of work prioritised by our Economic Strategy was taken to broad public consultation in 2022 prior to the Strategy being approved by Cabinet in June 22 and the wider countywide work of the OIEP has been approved and signed off by all Oxfordshire councils under the governance and accountability of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.

Working groups of OIEP intend to further engage residents with focus groups formed of the key stakeholders impacted by the emerging initiatives and delivery on behalf of their respective thematic priorities.

The charter itself is an engagement tool as part of the OIEP's wider communications strategy and approach to inclusivity.

4. Can the adverse impacts you identified during the initial screening be justified without making any adjustments to the existing or new policy, strategy, procedure, project or service?

Please set out the basis on which you justify making no adjustments

No groups are potentially disadvantaged by the proposals and no adverse impacts are identified based on previous consultation, however each service will tailor their pledges to their respective service and service users needs and target audiences so as to maximise opportunity for best practice in terms of EDI.

Future engagements and consultation will aim to build on the range and diversity of stakeholders identified whilst ensuring a proactive engagement of any target group identified as potentially at risk of adverse impact.

Any adjustments that are identified by those potentially at risk of adverse impact will be accommodated by the service area and inform the wider learning at annual review.

5. You are legally required to monitor and review the proposed changes after implementation to check they work as planned and to screen for unexpected equality impacts.

Please provide details of how you will monitor/evaluate or review your proposals and when the review will take place

Any unexpected equality impacts that are identified will be accommodated and acted upon at point of delivery by the respective service area and then escalated to the wider OIEP steering group in order to inform the wider learning at annual review

Lead officer responsible for signing off the EqIA: Clayton Lavallin

Role: Principal Regeneration & Economic Development Officer

Date: 18.04.23

Note, please consider & include the following areas:

- Summary of the impacts of any individual policies
- Specific impact tests (e.g. statutory equality duties, social, regeneration and sustainability)
- Consultation
- Post implementation review plan (consider the basis for the review, objectives and how these will be measured, impacts and outcomes including the "unknown")
- Potential data sources (attach hyperlinks including Government impact assessments or Oxfordshire data observatory information where relevant)





Form to be used for the Full Equalities Impact Assessment

Service Area:	Regene ration & Econo my	Section:	Date of Initial assess April 2023	sment:	Key Person re for assessme Clayton Lava	nt:	Date assessment commenced: June 2023	
Name of assessed	Policy to I	oe .	OIEP Charter and OC	C Pledges				
_	t area are		Race	Disability			Age	
concerns that the policy could have a differential			Gender reassignment	Religion or Bel	ief	Sexual Orientation		
impact			Sex	Pregnancy and Mat	ternity	Marriage & Civil Partnership		
Other strategic/ equalities considerations			Safeguarding/ Welfare of Children and vulnerable adults	Mental Wellbeing/ Col Resilience	mmunity	unity		
2. Background: Give the background information to the policy and the perceived problems with the policy which are the The Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) and its Charter and Pledge scheme concerns our Oxford City Council Corporate Plan and our Economic Strategy and each of the pledges be explicitly existing commitments of service delivery but will enhance the inclusivity with which our are offered to Oxford citizens.					of the pledges build on or are			

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reason for the Impact Assessment.	The aims and objectives of our inclusive economy commitments present positive equalities policy opportunities because the OIEP and its Charter supports an inclusive economy and is committed to improving all aspects of social mobility and increased prosperity for communities and residents, particularly if they are from disadvantaged or minoritised groups or communities.
3. Methodology and Sources of Data: The methods used to collect data and what sources of data	The data informing the work of the Oxfordshire Inclusive Economy Partnership (OIEP) is drawn from a wide range of sources national and regional such as Census data, strategy and policy and regional and local data of community and ward level profiles. In addition, the OIEP were supported by a Brookes University internship to undertake community mapping identifying groups by protected characteristic to engage and recruit into the partnership.
4. Consultation This section should outline all the consultation that has taken place on the EIA. It should include the following.	The OIEP as a strand of work prioritised by our Economic Strategy was taken to broad public consultation in 2022 prior to the Strategy being approved by Cabinet in June 22 and the wider countywide work of the OIEP has been approved and signed off by all Oxfordshire councils under the governance and accountability of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.
 Why you carried out the consultation. Details about how you went about it. 	Working groups of OIEP intend to further engage residents with focus groups formed of the key stakeholders impacted by the emerging initiatives and delivery on behalf of their respective thematic priorities.
 A summary of the replies you received from people you 	The charter itself is an engagement tool as part of the OIEP's wider communications strategy and approach to inclusivity.
 consulted. An assessment of your proposed policy (or policy options) in the light of the responses 	The summary of the consultation responses informed revisions to the wider Economic Strategy and particularly the inclusive economy pillar and the OIEP related actions of the delivery plan. This and the work of the OIEP partnership will continue to be assessed annually and the policy options reviewed by extension.
you received. • A statement of what you plan to do next	The OIEP reports to Future Oxfordshire Partnership on behalf of the councils of Oxfordshire and the Economic Strategy delivery reports back to the Economic Growth Steering Board in terms of progress to deliver.

5. Assessment of Impact:
Provide details of the
assessment of the policy on
the six primary equality
strands. There may have been
other groups or individuals that
you considered. Please also
consider whether the policy,
strategy or spending decisions
could have an impact on
safeguarding and / or the
welfare of children and
vulnerable adults

Race	Disability	Age
Neutral	Neutral	Neutral

Gender reassignment	Religion or Belief	Sexual Orientation	
Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	
Sex	Pregnancy and Maternity	Marriage & Civil Partnership	
Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	

The Oxford City Council participation in the OIEP Charter and pledge scheme relate to adults and not children but has considered that a proportion of the adults supported may fall under the category of vulnerable. Policies and Procedures are therefore in place to inform the support if and where required.

Each of the respective service areas of OCC signing up to pledges work within corporate policies and procedures in this regard and have budget allocated where relevant and required.

6. Consideration of Measures:

This section should explain in detail all the consideration of alternative approaches/mitigation of adverse impact of the policy

No adverse impacts of participation in the OIEP Charter and pledge scheme have been identified that would require mitigation, however several positive impacts in terms of the enhanced ability of services to be delivered in ways which proactivity support EDI outcomes are explicit in participation in the Charter and Pledge scheme by extension of the inclusive economy focus of the OIEP.

6a. Monitoring Arrangements:

Outline systems which will be put in place to monitor for adverse impact in the future and this should include all relevant timetables. In addition it could include a summary and assessment of your monitoring, making clear whether you found any evidence of discrimination.

Each respective service area of Oxford City Council participating in the OIEP charter and pledge scheme have their own systems in place for monitoring and responding to any issues relating to discrimination and or exclusion, subject to Oxford City Council's shared standards and practice, including policy and procedure and structures and systems.

In addition, any discrimination and or exclusion identified as well as being acted upon at point of delivery by the respective service area and then escalated to the wider OIEP steering group in order to inform the wider learning at annual review

7. Date reported and signed off by City Executive Board:

14th June 2023

8. Conclusions:

What are your conclusions drawn from the results in terms of the policy impact

The conclusion of the policy impact assessment is that while the initiative provides positive opportunities to enhance inclusivity and promote equality a consistent consideration of public sector equality duty should be maintained throughout the lifecycle of the initiative and inform how policies or decisions that affect people who are protected under the Equality Act.

9. Are there implications for the Service Plans?	NO	10. Date the Service Plans will be updated	In line with Services participating	11. Date copy sent to Equalities Lead Officer	18/04/23
.13. Date reported to Scrutiny and Executive Board:	June 23	14. Date reported to City Executive Board:	June 23	12. The date the report on EqIA will be published	June 23

Signed (completing officer) Signed (Lead Officer)

Clayton Lavallin Mili Kalia

Please list the team members and service areas that were involved in this process:

- Equalities Lead Officer: Mili Kalia Equality, Diversity & Inclusion-Lead, Communities
- Service Manager: Ted Maxwell, Economy, City Centre and Green Transport Lead, Regeneration & Economy
- Lindsey Cane, Legal Services Manager

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To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Executive Director (Communities and People)

Title of Report: Oxford City Council Safeguarding Report 2022/23 and

Policy 2023-26

	Summary and recommendations
Purpose of report:	To report on progress made on Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Action Plan for 2022/23 and present an updated Safeguarding Policy for 2023-26
Key decision:	No
Cabinet Member:	Cllr Shaista Aziz, Cabinet Member for Safer Communities
Corporate Priority:	Supporting Thriving Communities
Policy Framework:	Council Strategy 2020-24
Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:	

- Note the key achievements of the Safeguarding work delivered through Oxford City Council during 2022/23;
- 2. Approve the Safeguarding Policy 2023-2026;
- 3. Note the Safeguarding Action Plan 2023/24; and
- 4. **Delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Communities and People), in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Safer Communities, to make minor changes to the approved policy in order to continue its alignment with the Oxfordshire Multi-Agency Safeguarding Arrangements.

Appendices	
Appendix 1	Oxford City Council Safeguarding Policy 2023-26
Appendix 2	Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Action Plan 2023/24
Appendix 3	Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Procedures
Appendix 4	Risk Register
Appendix 5	EIA Full Assessment

Introduction and background

- 1. This annual report to Cabinet sets out how Oxford City Council fulfils its statutory safeguarding duties by:
 - Outlining the multi-agency safeguarding arrangements in Oxfordshire.
 - Sharing the results of the safeguarding self-assessment audit 2022.
 - Highlighting the key achievements and progress made in relation to the safeguarding work delivered by Oxford City Council.
 - Updating our Action Plan through the identification of areas to strengthen in 2022/23
 - Approving Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Policy 2023-26.

Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Responsibilities

- Oxford City Council has a legal duty of care to ensure children and adults at risk are protected within the Council's facilities, services and activities. The Council has legal duties under the Children Act 2004 and the Care Act 2014 to:
 - promote the welfare and development needs of children and adults with care and support needs are met
 - protect them from harm, abuse and maltreatment
 - prevent harm to children's health or development and ensuring that they grow up with the provision of safe and effective care enabling them to live free from harm, abuse and neglect.
- 3. Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Policy sets out how the Council fulfils these obligations and supports staff, Members and volunteers in all aspects of safeguarding. The Safeguarding Policy can be found at Appendix 1.
- The Safeguarding Procedures set out how staff and contractors should respond to safeguarding incidents. The Safeguarding Procedures can be found at Appendix 3.
- 5. As of April 1st 2023, Oxford City Council's safeguarding coordination function moved from the Policy and Partnership Team to the Community Safety Service, within Regulatory Services and Community Safety. The Executive Director, Communities and People, is the accountable officer, and the Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety is the responsible officer, for embedding these safeguarding duties within Oxford City Council.
- 6. There is a four-tiered approach to supporting staff with their safeguarding responsibilities:
 - Staff training
 - Line management support
 - Safeguarding Champions network
 - Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSLs)
- 7. Quarterly internal Strategic Safeguarding meetings and Safeguarding Champion meetings identify training needs, review trends in reporting, and monitor and coordinate delivery of the Safeguarding Action Plan.

8. All safeguarding incidents are recorded on MyConcern, a web-based reporting system conforming to GDPR requirements. Quarterly reports are published in Safeguarding newsletters to show staff across the organisation the current safeguarding themes and trends. Service area and trend reports are discussed at the Strategic Safeguarding Group.

Oxfordshire's Multi-Agency Safeguarding Arrangements (MASA)

- 9. Since the introduction of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, Oxfordshire County Council, the Integrated Care Board and Thames Valley Police have had statutory responsibility and accountability of safeguarding arrangements in Oxfordshire. The MASA Executive Group consists of the Chief Executive of Oxfordshire County Council, the Chief Constable of Thames Valley Police and the Chief Executive of the Integrated Care Board.
- 10. The development, delivery and quality monitoring of safeguarding service provision is the responsibility of the Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children Board (OSCB) and Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults Board (OSAB). The governance framework can be found in the background papers.
- 11. In November 2022, Oxford City Council passed representation of the Oxfordshire district councils on OSCB and OSAB sub-groups to Cherwell District Council. Oxford City Council continue to attend the OSAB Full Board, OSCB Full Board, and OSCB Child Exploitation and Training sub-groups.
- 12. OSCB's priorities for 2022-2024 are:
 - Leadership and Governance
 - Direction on improving practice
 - Scrutiny and quality assurance
- 13. More details of the work of OSCB can be found here: https://www.oscb.org.uk/
- 14. The OSAB have developed a new strategic plan for 2023-2027 and the agreed priorities are:
 - Working in Partnership
 - Preventing harm occurring
 - Responding swiftly when harm occurs
 - Engaging effectively with people at risk
- 15. More details of the work of OSAB can be found here: https://www.osab.co.uk/

Oxford City Council safeguarding highlights in 2022/2023

Safeguarding Audit 2022

- 16. Section 11, Children Act 2004 requires Oxford City Council to complete an annual self-assessment of its safeguarding children activities. This has been developed into a joint self-assessment audit between the OSCB and OSAB. The full self-assessment is available as a background paper to this report.
- 17. Oxford City Council is required to evidence its standards in the following areas:
 - Service Delivery, Development & Effective Practice
 - Safer Recruitment, Staff Development & Effective Learning

- People's Experiences of Safeguarding
- 18. The evidence for each standard is assessed and given a rating:
 - Green Fully met and evidenced Best Practice
 - Amber the standard/compliance point is not met but work has begun or work is underway but has experienced delays in completion
 - Red the standard/compliance point is not met, work is not underway and there are issues with commencing work
- 19. To inform the self-assessment Oxford City Council staff complete an annual safeguarding questionnaire. In October 2022, 423 responses were received, an increase from previous years of 201 and 198 responses.
- 20. 22 of 23 standards were rated Green with one standard rated Amber:
 Standard: 'How do you know that your organisation's complaints processes are
 effective and that children and adults with care and support needs are empowered
 to challenge services when expected standards/responsibilities are not met?'
- 21. Although services such as Anti-Social Behaviour and Youth Ambition empower their users to challenge services and make complaints, it was recognised that formal processes for complaints reporting were under review and improvements such as reporting on specific safeguarding complaints, are underway.
- 22. The Oxford City Council Safeguarding Audit 2022 can be found in the background papers to this report.

Support for asylum seekers, refugees and migrants

- 23. The Refugee and Resettlement Team was created in 2022 and lead Oxford City Council's strategic and operational response to asylum, refugee and migrant resettlement, and hosts and administers the countywide Homes for Ukraine Rematching Team. The teams work in partnership with community groups to improve access to services for refugee, migrant and asylum seeker groups and the relevant safeguarding teams on a case by case basis.
- 24. Oxford City Council actively supported increasing access to interpreting services to ensure that residents from all nationalities are able to access appropriate services safely and the Council have a designated contract to offer translation services where required.

Child exploitation

- 25. Regular attendance at the OSCB CE Subgroup by the Community Safety Service Manager continues, sharing policy developments and delivering operational activities. ASBIT Officers attend the police Joint Tasking and Coordination meeting that identifies and support young people at risk, and coordinates activities to tackle their exploiters.
- 26. The relaunch of Hotel Watch is in development, working with hospitality providers to train staff, challenge and report incidents of concern regarding child and adult exploitation.
- 27. Oxford City Council staff have engaged with and are supporting the recommendations from the recent 'Jacob' serious case review and participate in all three work streams highlighted within the report in relation to Education, Child exploitation and System approach.

28. Oxford City Council's Youth Ambition team provide activities and groups for young people in high deprivation areas of the city. The Youth Ambition team are highly skilled in safeguarding and work in partnership with organisations across the city.

Adult homeless support in adverse weather

- 29. This winter saw the successful countywide approach to Severe Weather Emergency Provision that provided emergency accommodation to rough sleepers on 32 nights where the temperature was forecast to be below freezing.
- 30. During the long hot spells of summer 2022, the Council coordinated partnership working to ensure people who were rough sleeping were protected from extreme heat.

Adult exploitation

- 31. A New Oxfordshire Adult Exploitation Guidance and Pathways document, developed by Oxford City Council's Anti-Slavery Coordinator, was approved and adopted by partners across Oxfordshire. Since the launch of this new pathway, there has been a significant increase in adult exploitation alerts.
- 32. 60 cases of adult exploitation have been reported in the City since the data was recorded centrally. 43 of these were individual people, 7 were businesses of concern and 10 were premises of concern. 36 people have been removed from their exploitative situations and work continues to support other people in these situations.
- 33. Alerts received were from the Home Office, the Single Competent Authority responsible for the National Referral Mechanism, council departments, Adult Social Care and NGO's. Two of the alerts were identified through reports on the Council's MyConcern safeguarding database.
- 34. In 2022, Oxford City Council led the Violence Against Women and Girls: Safe Journey, Safe Destination partnership project to increase safety in the night-time economy. Core project group organisations included Thames Valley Police, University of Oxford, Brookes University and the City Council.
- 35. The project received £420k from the Home Office to develop local initiatives which centred on the development of the Oxford City NightSafe Network. This is a network of organisations operating in the night-time economy who, through sharing information and resources, have important roles to play in reducing the risk of violence and harassment to women and girls.
- 36. The project funded improvements in CCTV, lighting, and other situational crime reduction activities in Oxford and neighbouring towns. It introduced the Oxford City Angels who support vulnerable people during the evening period, set-up a network of Safe Places as respite locations for people in need and improved the management of Park End Street through a new taxi rank, taxi marshals and improved lighting.

Domestic abuse

- 37. A strategic, planned approach to domestic abuse continues to be taken forward with Oxford City Council's active contribution to the development and delivery of a countywide plan and continued delivery of bespoke services for victims of domestic abuse.
- 38. Oxford City Council's ASBIT Manager is the Council's domestic abuse lead and represented the District Councils in the commissioning process for the Oxfordshire Domestic Abuse Service and the Independent Domestic Violence Advisor Service. They are also heavily involved in the delivery of the Oxfordshire Domestic Abuse Strategy and the Safe Accommodation Strategy action plans.
- 39. Oxford City Council is working towards the Domestic Abuse Housing Alliance (DAHA) Accreditation which will take approximately 18 months to complete. Work continues towards the Domestic Abuse Housing Accreditation which is currently in the 'Health Check Stage', identifying good practice, gaps and learning.
- 40. Two Domestic Abuse Housing Link workers were employed in 2022. The specialist team work closely with domestic abuse victims and survivors with complex needs to ensure that they are housed safely, and their needs are being met. Case examples form an agenda item at the quarterly safeguarding Champion meetings.

Learning and training

- 41. Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Coordinator joined the OSCB trainer pool and attends trainer workshops.
- 42. The safeguarding awareness briefing training evaluation form was moved online in July 2022, in line with the Safeguarding Boards' evaluation process. 113 responses have been received, 111 are marked as 'agree' or 'strongly agree' to each of the following questions:
 - I know who we are safeguarding
 - I know why we have this responsibility
 - I know who to seek support and advice from
 - I know how and when to report a concern
 - I know where to get further information
- 43. Two responses which state 'neither agree/disagree' were followed up by the Safeguarding Coordinator to ensure officers understood all of the above questions.
- 44. Feedback is used to inform future awareness training discussions and scenario discussions. Feedback comments are responded to, where appropriate, by the Safeguarding Coordinator.
- 45. The OSCB Neglect Strategy 2020/23 was developed in response to data that showed neglect was a primary reason for safeguarding referrals in Oxfordshire. Training was delivered to Council staff and in October 2022, the staff survey showed twenty officers had used the self-neglect policy and eight members of staff have used the Children's Neglect Toolkit.
- 46. Between 1st April 2022 and 31st March 2023, 239 MyConcern reports were recorded. Housing Services raised the most concerns followed by Business

Improvement and Regulatory Services and Community Safety. The most frequently reported concerns were:

- Domestic abuse/violence
- Mental ill health
- Suicidal thoughts
- 47. The increasing trend in suicidal threats, attempts and suicidal thoughts highlighted the need for further training and the republishing of Oxford City Council's suicide threat guidance for staff, including a section on staff welfare.
- 48. Twenty-nine safeguarding awareness briefings were held in 2022/23, an increase of 20% on the previous year. Trainers meet quarterly to review and update the training package in line with local and national updates and evaluation forms.
- 49. Safeguarding Adult Reviews (SARs) and Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews (CSPRs), and their national and local recommendations, are included in the safeguarding awareness briefings which are mandatory for all staff.
- 50. Five rapid reviews were returned to the CSPR subgroup in 2022. Rapid reviews inform Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews however, all returns from Oxford City Council were 'nil' returns as the Council had no contact with the child or family members.
- 51. Oxford Direct Services (ODS) training was updated and delivered throughout 2022 in partnership with Oxford City Council. Additional MyConcern training was provided to managers. ODS' MyConcern recording rate has increased by 420% since 2020 as a direct result of Oxford City Council's engagement.
- 52. Newsletters have been released quarterly throughout the year to all staff.

The key areas of focus for 2023/24

- 53. Operational areas of focus for the coming year can be found in the 2023-2024 Safeguarding Action Plan, Appendix 2:
 - Increase communications, ensure trainer understanding of the Service Integration Project, Early Help and Locality Community Support Service tools including Strengths and Needs.
 - Recruit additional safeguarding champions to ensure each service area has at least one representative
 - Increased communications, visual aids
 - Identify appropriate training for individual teams and promote uptake
 - Identify current whistleblowing culture and areas for improvement
 - Identify complaint management systems and data relating to safeguarding concerns
 - Scope Safeguarding Audit 2023
- 54. The Council's 2023-2024 Business Plan includes the following strategic activities:
 - Work with partners to continue to implement the countywide rough sleeping and single homelessness strategy to reduce homelessness and rough sleeping. Work with commissioning partners and the alliance of organisations

- delivering services to evaluate the delivery of a housing-led approach including supporting people through more flexible and responsive services to ensure that the new services are effective.
- With Oxfordshire County Council, which is now investing in youth service provision in Oxford, review our Youth Ambition programme and seek closer partnership working to achieve a more efficient and effective joint approach to support children and young people.
- Embed the new locality-based model for supporting our tenants and residents, shaped by their views and needs, and work with other landlords to improve engagement and service delivery.
- Chair the Oxford Safer Communities Partnership to tackle the city's community safety priorities - modern slavery, serious violence, and disruption of organised crime, violence against women and girls, and anti-social behaviour.
- Continue to work towards Domestic Abuse Housing Alliance accreditation work started in December 2022 and may take up to two years for full accreditation.

Financial implications

- 55. Oxford City Council makes an annual contribution towards the running costs of OSCB £10,000, and OSAB £5,000. The Council has one member of staff who is a member of the OSCB training pool.
- 56. The safeguarding system annual licence fee is budgeted at £4,500.
- 57. The Safeguarding Coordinator post annual salary cost is £37,334.
- 58. Oxford City Council make an annual contribution to Cherwell District Council for their attendance at safeguarding board subgroup meetings, on behalf of all four district councils, including South and Vale, and West Oxfordshire.

Legal issues

- 59. Oxford City Council's legal responsibilities are set out in the Children Act 1989/2004, Care Act 2014, Modern Slavery Act 2015, Homelessness Reduction Act 2018, Mental Capacity Act 2005, Equality Act 2010 and Children & Social Work Act 2017. The Council has specific legal responsibilities under the Children Act 2004 and the Care Act 2014 to make sure the welfare and development needs of children are met and that children are protected from harm.
- 60. Failure to meet these legal responsibilities would increase the risk of harm to children and vulnerable adults, and cause significant reputational damage for the Council.

Level of risk

61. The Risk Register can be found in Appendix 4.

Equalities impact

62. The Council's Safeguarding Policy Equality Impact Assessment was carried out in May 2023, Appendix 5.

- 63. The Safeguarding Policy was developed to have a positive impact on each equality strand.
- 64. The monitoring arrangements for any adverse impact in future includes:
 - Quarterly strategic safeguarding group meeting chaired by Head of Business Improvement
 - Quarterly Safeguarding Champion and Designated Officer meeting
 - Annual review in line with Safeguarding action plan
 - Annual self-assessment

Carbon and Environmental Considerations

65. No carbon or environmental impacts have been identified. It is considered that the proposal does not affect the council's climate emergency commitments of pursuing a zero carbon Oxford.

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Background Papers:

- 1. Safeguarding Self-assessment 2022
- 2. Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children Board (OSCB) Governance Structure



Appendix 1





Document	Oxford City Council Safeguarding Policy
Owner	Regulatory Services and Community Safety
Author	Laura Jones
Date Reviewed	May 2023
Review due	May 2024

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 This policy sets out the Council's approach to fulfilling its safeguarding duties and responsibilities.
- 1.2 The policy includes the Council's duties to its employees, Councillors and volunteers working for or on behalf of the Council in relation, and its role in promoting well-being and preventing, responding and supporting our citizen's in safeguarding matters, in particular safeguarding children, young people and adults with care and support needs.
- 1.3 This policy applies to all City Council employees, which include contractors and agency staff, all elected Councillors and any person volunteering for Oxford City Council.
- 1.4 This policy should be read in conjunction with Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Procedures.
- 1.5 Safeguarding procedures, advice and contact details can be found on the Oxford City Council <u>intranet page</u> or <u>website</u>.

2. Legal Framework

- 2.1 Under the legal framework of the Children Act 1989 and 2004, and the Care Act 2014, the Council has specific duties to safeguard and promote the wellbeing of children and adults with care and support needs.
- 2.2 The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) is designed to protect and empower people who may lack the mental capacity to make their own decisions about their care and treatment. It applies to people aged 16 and over.
- 2.3 Oxford City Council must engage as appropriate in any reviews or information sharing in relation to the death of a child or vulnerable adult, as laid out in Chapter 5: Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 and Section 43 and 44 of the Care Act 2014.
- 2.4 There are fundamental differences between the legislative framework for safeguarding for children and for adults, which recognise an adult's right to self-determination.

3. Oxfordshire's Multi Agency Safeguarding Arrangements

- 3.1 The Children and Social Work Act 2017 established collective responsibility and accountability for safeguarding arrangements lies with Oxfordshire County Council, the Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire and Berkshire Integrated Care Board (BOB ICB) and Thames Valley Police: the three safeguarding partners.
- 3.2 The three safeguarding partners in Oxfordshire work together as an Executive Group and delegate the development, delivery and quality monitoring of safeguarding service provision is the responsibility of the Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children Board (OSCB) and Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults Board (OSAB).
- 3.3 Oxford City Council will be an active member of both OSCB and OSAB, working with partners to develop and adhere to a collective approach to safeguarding in Oxfordshire.

- 3.4 Robust communication and escalation processes are in place that complements the Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children Board (OSCB) and Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults Board (OSAB) strategies.
- 3.5 An annual Performance and Quality Assurance (PAQA) audit will be completed, as required by the OSCB PAQA Subgroup.
- 3.6 The use of pathways and awareness of joint protocols will be promoted, e.g. the Hoarding Protocol and the MARM process, we will develop toolkits and support and promote cooperation with boards, including joint funding and attending full board meetings.
- 3.7 We will ensure safeguarding practice reflects statutory responsibilities, government guidance and complies with best practice and the Oxfordshire Safeguarding Boards requirements.
- 3.8 The OSCB and OSAB joint annual self-assessment will be completed. Standards which are reported on in the self-assessment and measured against in the annual safeguarding action plan are:
 - Leadership, Strategy and Working Together
 - Service Delivery, Development & Effective Practice
 - Commissioning Arrangements
 - Safer Recruitment, Staff Development & Effective Learning

4. Roles and responsibilities

Employees, members and volunteers

4.1 All employees, members and volunteers are responsible for carrying out their duties in a way that safeguards and promotes the welfare of children, young people and adults with care and support needs. They must also act in a way that protects them from wrongful allegations of abuse. They must bring matters of concern about safety and welfare of children, young people and adults with care and support needs to the attention of their line manager or a Safeguarding Champion.

Heads of Service

4.2 All Heads of Service must ensure that their employees and volunteers are subject to appropriate Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) checks and that their employees, members and volunteers comply with this policy and procedures.

Line Managers

- 4.3 All Line Managers are responsible for ensuring that their employees and volunteers have the appropriate training.
- 4.4 All Line Managers are responsible for safer recruitment of employees and volunteers in their service area and being aware of the policy on recruiting people with a criminal record.

4.5 All Line Managers are also responsible for adhering to the appraisal process and for including safeguarding in one to ones and team meetings, where appropriate.

5. Safeguarding governance

Executive Director of Communities and People

- 5.1 The Executive Director, Communities and People has accountability for safeguarding in Oxford City Council.
- 5.2 The Executive Director is the first point of contact for any deaths of children, young people or adults with care and support needs on council premises, in order that the Council ensures there is an effective response.

The Cabinet Board Member

5.3 The Cabinet member for Safer Communities holds political responsibility and accountability for Safeguarding, as set out in the Oxford City Council Constitution.

Head of Service, Regulatory Services and Community Safety

5.4 The Head of Service, Regulatory Services and Community Safety has responsibility for the delivery of the Council's safeguarding duties.

Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSLs)

- 5.5 All DSLs have responsibility for:
 - promoting well-being and preventing, responding and supporting our citizen's in safeguarding matters, in particular safeguarding children, young people and adults with care and support needs.
 - Ensuring that the City Council procedures for dealing with allegations are in accordance with guidance from the Oxfordshire Safeguarding Boards
 - Resolving inter-agency issues.
 - Overseeing and reviewing the implementation of policy and procedures.

Community Safety Service Manager (DSL)

- 5.6 The Oxford City Council representative on the OSCB Full Board and OSAB Full Board meetings and responsible for ensuring relevant safeguarding information is provided to the Corporate Management Team, Councillors and staff
- 5.7 The lead officer for escalations to partner agencies when necessary.
- 5.8 Responsible for the implementation and promotion of effective safeguarding policy and practice within Oxford City Council.
- 5.9 Responsible for implementing safeguarding training to all staff and Councillors.

Head of Business Improvement (DSL)

5.10 Responsible for embedding safeguarding recruitment procedures for posts with direct access to children, young people or adults at risk.

- 5.11 Chair of the Strategic Group.
- 5.12 Responsible for the recommendations and completion of safeguarding actions following a disciplinary hearing.

Head of Housing Services (DSL)

5.13 Responsible for the implementation and promotion of effective safeguarding policy and practice within Housing Services.

Safeguarding Coordinator

- 5.14 Ensures Oxford City Council have best practice in safeguarding children and adults with care and support needs, across all of the City Council services and within the community.
- 5.15 Leads on the development and implementation of Oxford City Council's Safeguarding Children and Adults with care and support needs policy and procedures.
- 5.16 Responsible for the completion of the annual safeguarding self-assessment and other reports and audits to the safeguarding boards.
- 5.17 Responsible for the coordination and dissemination of information across the authority, including that related to assessments, audits and learning from Serious Case Reviews.
- 5.18 Responsible for overseeing the internal safeguarding recording system, MyConcern.
- 5.19 Coordinate the delivery of internal safeguarding awareness briefings.

Strategic Safeguarding Group

5.20 Members include Heads of Services, managers and individuals who have named responsibility to oversee safeguarding activity within their team. The role of the group is to ensure safeguarding is strategically placed across service area business plans and to ensure that strategies and plans that include safeguarding are in line with the Council Strategy 2020-2024.

Safeguarding Champions

- 5.21 Safeguarding Champions are Council employees who have undertaken Specialist Safeguarding training and provide safeguarding advice to employees, members and volunteers on the appropriate safeguarding policies, procedures and referral routes. Their responsibilities also include maintaining safeguarding as a standing agenda item at team meetings and disseminating information.
- 5.22 The Safeguarding Champion structure is promoted through regular communications and training.

6. Safeguarding prevention

- 6.1 Promote wellbeing and early help interventions in line with the OSCB Early Help strategy.
- 6.2 Explore prevention opportunities prior to the requirement of statutory intervention.

- 6.3 Ensure whole-Council approach to safeguarding interventions, ensuring appropriate service areas provide appropriate services at the right time.
- 6.4 Promote use of early help tools available on the OSCB and OSAB websites.

7. Safeguarding practice and reviews

- 7.1 Oxford City Council will contribute to all reviews and associated information sharing into serious safeguarding incidents, including:
 - Safeguarding Rapid Reviews to inform OSCB's Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews (CSPRs).
 - Safeguarding Adult Reviews
 - Homelessness Mortality Reviews
 - Domestic Homicide Reviews
- 7.2 Following a review, lessons learned will be shared and embedded across the organisation.

8. Training

- 8.1 Oxford City Council will provide effective safeguarding training in order that employees, members and volunteers are competent to undertake their roles and responsibilities in relation to safeguarding children and adults with care and support needs.
- 8.2 All employees, members and volunteers are required to complete the internal safeguarding awareness briefing every two years.
- 8.3 Employees, members and volunteers working directly with children are required to complete OSCB and/or OSAB levels two and three, appropriate to their role.
- 8.4 Training information will be kept up-to-date, accessible and underpin the OSCB and OSAB training requirements.
- 8.5 Training delivered by staff will be assessed through an evaluation process to ensure it is current and effective.
- 8.6 The Safeguarding Coordinator will attend OSCB and OSAB Training Subgroups and workshops to develop training programmes and learning events that meet the safeguarding needs of Council staff.

9. Volunteers

- 9.1 Volunteers will complete the internal safeguarding awareness briefing, in addition to further training appropriate to their role.
- 9.2 Volunteers will report safeguarding concerns to volunteer line manager who will record the concern on MyConcern.
- 9.3 Volunteers are required to comply with Safer Recruitment procedures in regard to DBS checks, as appropriate to their role.
- 9.4 Volunteers will adhere to the service Code of Conduct.

10. Reporting concerns

- 10.1 Oxford City Council employees use the Threshold of Need matrixes for adults and children and report safeguarding concerns to the appropriate agencies, including:
 - The police
 - Local Community Support Service (LCSS)
 - Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH)
 - Adult Safeguarding triage team
 - Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)
- 10.2 Where the threshold for safeguarding duties is not met, concerns will be managed internally or signposted to support agencies.
- 10.3 All safeguarding incidents are recorded on an externally provided case management system.
- 10.4 New cases are reviewed and triaged by trained Designated Safeguarding Officers within one working day.
- 10.5 Guidance on reporting and recording concerns is detailed in the Oxford City Council Safeguarding Procedures document.

11. Supervision and pastoral support

- 11.1 Oxford City Council will support its employees by providing access to the Mental Health Fist Aid team.
- 11.2 Oxford City Council will support its employees, volunteers and members by providing access to the Employee Assistance Programme.
- 11.3 Line managers will provide the opportunity to staff to discuss safeguarding concerns at one-to-one meetings or debriefings.
- 11.4 Safeguarding champions' contact details are available for staff to use for advice and support.

12. Commissioned services and contractors

- 12.1 Oxford City Council require all organisations working on behalf of Oxford City Council to have their own safeguarding policies and procedures.
- 12.2 The Council will review the safeguarding policies of commissioned services to check they meet local and national standards. The Safeguarding Coordinator obtains annual Commissioned Services Safeguarding Self Assessments from each service.
- 12.3 Council grant funded voluntary organisations must comply with the standards set by Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children Board and Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults Board.
- 12.4 Safeguarding guidance is included in the Council's procurement and grant funding processes.
- 12.5 Where relevant to the post, all employment agencies that provide the Council with contracted staff must have procedures in place to safeguard young people and adults with care and support needs in accordance with the requirements of Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children Board and Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults Board.

13. Staff recruitment

- 13.1 The Council uses a structured Safer Recruitment process to ensure all necessary checks and vetting are in place to minimise the risk of appointing unsuitable people to work with children or vulnerable adults.
- 13.2 Recruiting managers are required to undertake safeguarding training and will adhere to the Recruitment and Selection policy.
- 13.3 Oxford City Council will adhere to the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (ROA 74) and ensure all necessary checks are undertaken for exempt positions.

14. Whistle-blowing

- 14.1 The Whistle Blowing Policy encourages employees who have serious concerns about any aspects of the Council's work to come forward and voice those concerns.
- 14.2 The Policy applies to illegal, improper, unethical, or wrong conduct, including safeguarding concerns. The policy applies to the behaviour or actions of staff, councillors, co-opted committee members, anyone representing the Council, partner organisations, contractors, consultants or other suppliers.
- 14.3 Whistleblowing procedure and the Council's response can be found in the Whistleblowing Policy.
- 14.4 When a safeguarding allegation is made, the Head of Business Improvement must be informed and, in their absence, another Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) must be informed. The 'Policy and Procedure for Managing Allegations against Employees and Volunteers Working with Children and Vulnerable Adults' must be followed.

15. Other relevant policies and codes of practice

- 15.1 The following documents support the aims of this policy and should be read alongside it:
 - Recruitment and Selection Policy
 - Criminal Records Policy
 - Employee Code of conduct
 - Whistle blowing Policy
 - Policy and Procedure for Managing Allegations against Employees and Volunteers Working with Children and Vulnerable Adults
 - Relevant risk assessments and health and safety codes of practice

16. Information sharing

- 16.1 Oxford City Council encourages employees, members and volunteers to share information appropriately as part of good safeguarding practise and do so confidently, whilst ensuring personal data is always treated fairly, lawfully and appropriately and that the rights of individuals are upheld.
- 16.2 Oxford City Council is fully committed to compliance with the requirements of the General Data Protection Regulations and Data Protection Act 2018.

- 16.3 To meet the statutory requirements of The Care Act 2014 and The Children's Act 1989 and 2004, all employees, members and volunteers must comply with the following policies, guidelines and protocols:
 - Safeguarding Information Sharing Protocol OSCB
 - Oxford City Council Internet Usage Policy and E-mail Policy internal use only
 - Oxford City Council IT Security Policy
 - Oxford City Council Data protection policy
 Oxford City Council recognises that all information regarding the
 safeguarding of children, young people and adults with care and support
 needs should be kept confidential. However, in order that children, young
 people and adults with care and support needs are protected from harm, in
 some circumstances, usual considerations of confidentiality that might
 apply to other situations within Oxford City Council may be overridden.
 - Information sharing Advice for practitioners providing safeguarding services to children, young people, parents and carers

17. Monitoring and Review

- 17.1 The Council will complete an annual safeguarding self-assessment to measure the organisation's performance against standards set by the local safeguarding boards.
- 17.2 The Council's safeguarding action plan contains actions in support of the self-assessment, safeguarding policy development, OSCB and OSAB's requirements and other local and national safeguarding priorities. Progress on the action plan is reviewed every six months and reported to the Strategic Safeguarding Group.
- 17.3 Monthly updates are provided to the Corporate Management Team.
- 17.4 An externally provided case management system is used to identify emerging safeguarding trends and themes and inform the safeguarding action plan.
- 17.5 This policy will be reviewed annually. All changes will be discussed with the Cabinet Member.
- 17.6 This policy is presented to Cabinet for approval every three years and more frequently if required by the Cabinet Member or Scrutiny process.

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Appendix 2: Oxford City Council Safeguarding Action Plan July 2023 – July 2024

Key Influences/inputs

- Corporate Plan
- The Safeguarding Self-Assessment Audit
- Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children's Board (OSCB) Business Plan
- Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults (OSAB) Business Plan
- Oxford City Council's Thriving Communities Strategy

The annual Safeguarding Self- Assessment Audit is a joint audit between the OSCB and OSAB.

The Action Plan Framework is based on the Self-Assessment Standards and it is aimed at maintaining best practice across Oxford City Council

- 1. Leadership, Strategy and Working Together
- 2. Service Delivery, Development & Effective Practice
- 3. Commissioning Arrangements
- 4. Safer Recruitment, Staff Development & Effective Learning
- 5. People's Experiences of Safeguarding

Standard	Objective	Action	Input	Desired outcome	Lead	Timescale	Bi-annual update Jan 24
Service Delivery, Development & Effective Practice	Promote Early Help pathways	Increase communications, ensure trainer understanding of Service Integration Project, Early help, LCSS, tools including Strengths and Needs.	Understanding and awareness of Early Help across organisation.	Preventative measures in place to support children and vulnerable adults before requirement of statutory intervention	Safeguarding Coordinator	May 2024	
Leadership, Strategy and Working Together	Safeguarding champion representative	Recruit additional safeguarding champions to ensure each service area has	Service head delegation	Safeguarding advice and support available and embedded in every service area across organisation	Safeguarding Coordinator	December 2023	



	from each service area	at least one representative				
Leadership, Strategy and Working Together	Increase Safeguarding Champion and DSL awareness	Increased communications, visual aids	Team managers' distribution of communications to staff. Safeguarding Coordinator attendance at team meetings.	Increase in positive responses to the annual staff safeguarding questionnaire question: "Can you name a Safeguarding Champion or Designated Safeguarding Lead at Oxford City Council?"	Safeguarding Coordinator	October 2023
Safer Recruitment, Staff Development & Effective Learning	Promote specialist safeguarding training	Identify appropriate training for individual teams and promote uptake	Team managers identify most appropriate training and encourage participation	Increase in uptake of relevant training in appropriate teams	Safeguarding Coordinator	May 2024
Leadership, Strategy and Working Together	Promote open culture of safeguarding whistleblowing	Identify current whistleblowing culture and areas for improvement	Work with investigations team to understand current whistleblowing data and culture	Embed culture change, staff feel comfortable to challenge behaviour and report safeguarding concerns	Safeguarding Coordinator	May 2024
People's Experiences of Safeguarding	Complaints process reflects safeguarding complaints	Identify complaint management systems and data relating to safeguarding concerns	Collaboration with OCC complaints and performance team	Identify complaints relating to safeguarding concerns ensure safeguarding procedures are followed, alongside complaints procedures.	Safeguarding Coordinator	December 2024
Service Delivery, Development & Effective Practice	Internal audit of safeguarding response across organisation	Scope audit	Engagement from service areas and associated managers to review current systems and practice	Improvement in consistency of practice across service area/organisation Embed safeguarding best practice across organisation	Safeguarding Coordinator	May 2024

2022-2023 completed actions

Objective	Action	Input	Desired outcome	Lead	Timescale
2022-2023 Neglect Strategy Actions monitored	Peer review feedback from quarterly neglect strategy meeting to be an agenda item for safeguarding champions meeting quarterly strategic safeguarding group	Staff to use neglect practitioner tool to support with assessment and decision making.	Identify neglect early and evidence appropriate signposting and referrals though MyConcern. Staff survey shows a more confident understanding of the issue.	Dani Granito/ Laura Jones	Quarterly meetings
Safeguarding policy and procedures remain current	Annual review and update	Cabinet sign off and circulated to all staff. Referred to in safeguarding briefing.	Easily accessible procedural guidance and support for all staff.	Laura Jones	Apr 2023
Raise awareness of Gafeguarding SCR points cascaded throughout organisation.	Produce a Newsletter containing MyConcern data, circulated every three months via intranet news page and email. Let's Talk session. Leadership Conversation session. Case examples	Engagement across organisation offering opportunity for learning and accessing information	Visual representation of the safeguarding work cross City Council Greater understanding. Dissemination of learning from Serious Case Reviews	Laura Jones	All year
Promote the Safeguarding Champion structure	Use internal communications to publish profiles of champions.	Use case management examples to share with staff.	Embed positive safeguarding culture	Laura Jones	All year
Coordinate external communication plan with Districts and County to ensure coordinated response to key dates and themes.	Quarterly district meetings.	Communication Strategy for safeguarding and key messaging throughout the year	Clear communication plan for key messages for maximum impact county wide.	Laura Jones	All year
Support Oxford Direct Services in delivering safeguarding.	Share training materials, information and updates from Safeguarding Boards.	Coordinated safeguarding approach from city and Council and ODS	Increase knowledge and awareness across ODS and increased reporting rates.	Laura Jones	All year

	Update SLA				
Promote and support maintenance of Champions Network at ODS	Champions network to provide support and guidance to ODS colleagues	Improve reporting standards and referral times	Raising standard of referrals	Laura Jones/ Jon Childs	June 2023
Increase the centrally recorded data on modern slavery cases	Where Modern Slavery is suspected on a premises, disclosed or person is at risk of MS details are recorded by Anti-Slavery Coordinator	Identify training need and reporting trends in service areas.	Raise awareness of risks and signs that MS is present	Nicola Bell	All year
Support the implementation of new legislation following the Domestic Abuse Act 2021	Implement and coordinate domestic abuse County strategy in City and Districts. Keep all staff and champions up to date with the changes with regular briefings and at safeguarding officers meeting.	Membership of Domestic Abuse Strategic Group and Domestic Abuse Partnership Group	Improve outcomes for victims, children and families, and perpetrators. Progress Domestic Abuse Housing Accreditation (DAHA) DAHL support for victims fleeing domestic abuse. Scrutiny review implementation.	Liz Jones	July 2023
Continue to work with OSCB Child Exploitation Subgroup and JTAC multiagency process.	Multi-agency information sharing and guidance.	Regular attendance at CSE sub-groups and associated meeting and carry out any agreed actions	Joint response to reduce crime and protect children exploitation and serious harm	Richard Adams	Ongoing
Hotel Watch scheme to continue. Statement of intent for all hotels in City.	All hotels to be contacted by city and council.	Raise awareness of safeguarding and exploitation in all of city's hotels.	Reduce opportunity for safeguarding and exploitation in the city.	Nicola Bell/Richard Adams	Ongoing
Ensure all grant and commissioned services completed annual	Request completed commissioned services audits prior to Oxford City Council submission of S11 audit	Annual audit of commissioned services	All commissioned services have safe practises	Laura Jones	Ongoing

safeguarding audit and any outstanding action from previous year			Written evidence in procurement process, contracts and contract monitoring visits		
Service providers notify City of all safeguarding incidents referred under Section 42 Care Act and Section 47 Children's Act.	Serious safeguarding incidents centrally recorded.	Monitor through contract meetings across service areas.	Improve practise and information sharing	Laura Jones	Ongoing
Support delivery of Countywide Homelessness Strategy	Monitor countywide homelessness service and prioritise safeguarding actions	Participation in formal meetings and work streams	Improved system wide approach to homelessness across county	Paul Wilding	June 2023
Participate in Homelessness Mortality Review Group	Share learning report from HMRG at strategic group and in safeguarding communications	Contribute to review groups	Reduction in premature deaths of people experiencing homelessness	Paul Wilding	June 2023
Measure training outcomes in practice and assess effectiveness of training staff	Review evaluation forms, referrals and staff survey	Accurate picture of effectiveness of safeguarding training.	Ability to capture staff views and improve service.	Laura Jones	All Year
Deliver internal safeguarding awareness briefings throughout the year. Ensure training information is up-to-date and accessible	Deliver minimum of 12 online awareness sessions in 2022 Deliver four (plus additional for any missed) for Councillors Review training package 6 monthly	Quarterly sub training group meeting – plan and support the delivery and development of internal training packages.	All employees able to meet safeguarding training requirements.	Laura Jones	All year
Attend all OSCB and OSAB Training Groups/ workshops to develop training programmes and learning events that meet	Represent on training sub-group and attend meetings regularly.	Provide a collective report to safeguarding training sub group to continually improve our training by listening to staff feedback.	Effective partnership working.	Laura Jones	Ongoing

the needs of our staff arranged for 2022/23					
All identified Young carers are referred to support services. YA to run non-formal sessions of what it means to be a young carer and upskilling staff to refer accordingly.	Details to be recorded on MyConcern	Younger carers are referred to Carers Oxfordshire and young carer's needs assessment completed.	Measurable identification and classification of young carers and use of support service.	Leonard Sackey	All year
Promote use of pathways and awareness of joint protocols e.g. Adults who don't engage, multiagency self-neglect policy and Hoarding Protocol	Offer training and guidance to all safeguarding champions. Support Locality HUBS though connecting champions to each and attending complex case meetings. Escalate wider concerns through board process.	Engage partner agencies to provide outcomes and options for individuals who don't engage or use services	Improve partnership working.	Dani Granito	All year

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	Safeguarding Coordinator		
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Appendix 3

Procedures for reporting, referring and recording safeguarding concerns



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1. Introduction

1.1. These procedures set out the range of work that supports the implementation of the safeguarding policy and should be read in conjunction with the Safeguarding Policy.

2. Training

- 2.1. Guidance for staff on how to access training is available on the Oxford City Council Safeguarding intranet page. Members and volunteers will be invited to attend relevant training.
- 2.2. The following procedures are in place to ensure employees, members and volunteers complete the appropriate safeguarding training. There are different levels of training available to employees, volunteers and members, defined by the Oxfordshire Safeguarding Boards.
- 2.3. All new employees, members and volunteers will be briefed on their responsibilities towards children, young people and adults with care and support needs during their induction.
- 2.4. All employees, members and volunteers are required to complete the internal safeguarding awareness briefing. This must be refreshed every two years.
- 2.5. Volunteers' line managers should contact the <u>Safeguarding Coordinator</u> to arrange to book volunteers on to a briefing.
- 2.6. Employees, members and volunteers working directly with children will be required to complete OSCB levels two and three, appropriate to their role.
- 2.7. Employees, members and volunteers working directly with adults with care and support needs will be required to complete OSAB levels two and three, appropriate to their role.
- 2.8. Recruiting managers should follow the Oxford City Council Recruitment and Selection Procedures and undertake the required Oxford City Council Recruitment and Selection training.
- 2.9. Designated Safeguarding Leads, Designated Safeguarding Officers and Safeguarding Champions will be required to attend the OSCB Designated Lead training and OSAB Leader/Manager training course.
- 2.10. When it is uncertain whether an employee fits into any of these categories, line managers should discuss the issue with the Human Resources team or Safeguarding Coordinator.
- 2.11. Specialist training courses are available on the Board websites and participation is strongly encouraged. All courses are free, non-attendance will incur a £50.00 fee. Courses can be booked via the Board websites:

OSCB training courses
OSAB Training courses

3. Safer Recruitment

3.1. To ensure safeguarding is embedded in our recruitment and selection procedures this procedure operates in conjunction with following Oxford City Council polices and guidelines:



- Recruitment and Selection Policy
- <u>Criminal Records Policy</u>
- Safer Recruitment guidelines internal use only
- 3.2. The Head of Business Improvement is responsible for ensuring that the appropriate recruitment procedures are in place and compliance with the Disclosure and Barring legislation through the Disclosure and Barring Service ['DBS'].1
- 3.3. The following statement is included in all job descriptions:
 - 'Oxford City Council is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare
 of children, young people and adults with care and support needs and
 requires all staff and volunteers to demonstrate this commitment in every
 aspect of their work.'

4. Information Sharing

- 4.1. Oxford City Council understands the importance of ensuring that personal data is always treated fairly, lawfully and appropriately and that the rights of individuals are upheld. Oxford City Council is fully committed to compliance with the requirements of the General Data Protection Regulations.
- 4.2. To meet the statutory requirements of The Care Act 2014 and The Children's Act 1989 and 2004, all employees, members and volunteers must comply with the following policies, guidelines and protocols:
 - <u>Information sharing Advice for practitioners providing safeguarding</u> services to children, young people, parents and carers
 - Safeguarding Information Sharing Protocol OSCB
 - Oxford City Council Internet Usage Policy and E-mail Policy internal use only
 - Oxford City Council IT Security Policy internal use only
 - Oxford City Council Data protection policy
- 4.3. Oxford City Council recognises that all information regarding the safeguarding of children, young people and adults with care and support needs should be kept confidential. However, in order that children, young people and adults with care and support needs are protected from harm, in some circumstances, usual considerations of confidentiality that might apply to other situations within Oxford City Council may be overridden.
- 4.4. It is important that employees, members and volunteers can share information appropriately as part of good safeguarding practise and do so confidently.
- 4.5. The OSCB 7 golden rules for information sharing provide advice on the sharing of information.



5. Emergencies

- 5.1. Call police using 999 if:
- 5.2. There are immediate concerns for the person's safety or urgent welfare checks where there are serious concerns for the individual.
- 5.3. You witness a crime (such as physical abuse) or if you are a victim of crime e.g. public order offences. You don't have to be the intended victim; you can be caused harassment, alarm or distress by someone's actions towards another.
- 5.4. Someone discloses to you that they have just been the victim of crime and the perpetrator is still in the vicinity.
- 5.5. Inform your line manager and a safeguarding lead at the earliest opportunity. Make a written record of the incident.

6. Raising a concern

- 6.1. **Step 1**. Inform your line manager
- 6.2. If you have concerns about a person's welfare you must inform your line manager and keep them updated about subsequent action.
- 6.3. **Step 2.** Consult a safeguarding champion
- 6.4. Safeguarding champions have completed advanced level safeguarding training. They will guide you through the referral process. Safeguarding champions will not take ownership of the concern or make referrals on your behalf; they are a resource for support and guidance. Details of Safeguarding champions can be found on the Safeguarding intranet page.
- 6.5. **Step 3**. If necessary make a referral
- 6.6. In Oxfordshire there are different referral pathways for adults and children. A safeguarding champion will advise on the most appropriate action. See sections 6 and 7 for guidance.
- 6.7. **Step 4**. Record your concern and the action taken
- 6.8. All safeguarding and welfare concerns should be recorded on the externally provided case management system, currently MyConcern.

7. Adult Safeguarding

7.1. Adult Safeguarding Triage Team

- 7.2. If you've encountered an issue and are unsure if it is a safeguarding issue or not you can call and request a consultation with the Safeguarding Triage Team.
 - Tel: 01865 328232

7.3. Adult Safeguarding Enquiry Criteria

- 7.4. The criteria for a Section 42 (S42) safeguarding enquiry under the requirements of the Care Act 2014 are as follows:
 - The adult is reported as having or appears to have needs for care and support.
 - The adult is reported or appears to be experiencing or at risk of abuse or neglect.



 As a result of care and support needs is the adult unable to protect themselves from either the risk of, or the experience of abuse or neglect.

7.5. Safeguarding Referral

- 7.6. Safeguarding referrals go to Adult Social and Health Care. You can report:
 - Online: <u>Safeguarding referral form</u>
- 7.7. When a concern is raised with the Social and Health Care team, they will pass this information to the Adult Safeguarding Team. The wishes of whoever is the subject of the concern will always be listened to and acted upon, and then a decision will be made about what needs to happen next.
- 7.8. Safeguarding Champions and line managers should consult <u>The Adult Safeguarding Threshold of Need Matrix</u> before advising on a referral pathway.

7.9. Consent

- 7.10. Unless there is a risk to the person's safety you should gain the person's consent before making a referral. Always advise the person of your concern and explain the steps you will take. It is important that the person's wishes are known, when making a referral you will be asked if you have the person's consent and what they want to happen.
- 7.11. You can make a referral without the person's knowledge if you have good reason to. The person making this decision must make a written record of their decision. If you are unsure seek advice from the Safeguarding Triage Team.

7.12. Urgent concerns

- 7.13. If you have urgent concerns for the safety or wellbeing of a person (that do not require police) contact Social and Health Care during office hours
 - Tel: 0345 050 7666
 - 8.30am 5pm Monday Thursday
 - 8.30am 4pm Friday
 - In an emergency, out of hours please contact 0800 833408.

7.14. Care needs assessment

7.15. If your concern is not about abuse or neglect but someone not receiving care when you think they should, you should request a Care Needs Assessment using the: <u>Assessment Form for Professionals</u>.

7.16. Concerns for people without care and support needs

- 7.17. If the person does not fit the criteria for safeguarding duties, there will still be help available and staff should always seek advice from a safeguarding champion about the most appropriate referral pathway.
- 7.18. People who may fall within this category include:
 - Adults who may be at risk of harm or exploitation due to their circumstances or other vulnerabilities e.g. age, social isolation



- Adults who are at risk of harm or victimisation due to their lifestyles or specific needs e.g. sex workers, homelessness, drug users, personality disorder
- Adults who repeatedly come to the attention of local services.
- Adults who go repeatedly missing.
- Care leavers who are over 18.
- Adult survivors of child abuse including child sexual exploitation

7.19. Referrals within the City Council

7.20. To keep someone safe, staff should always consider what actions the Council can take and ensure everything that can be done has been. Line managers should advise on who should be alerted about the concern.

7.21. Multi Agency Risk Management framework

7.22. Where an adult's needs do not meet the threshold for safeguarding but there is a high level of risk and a multi-agency response would be beneficial, officers can refer in to the MARM Framework. This can be used for any adult but will particularly helpful for those who hoard, self-neglect or are homeless. All attempts should have been made to reduce or minimise risk prior to referring to MARM.

7.23. Escalation

7.24. Designated Safeguarding Leads are responsible for handling escalation processes and inter-agency disputes. If there is a need for escalation, the line manager must be contacted in the first instance.

8. Extremism/Radicalisation

- 8.1. Protecting those vulnerable to extremism is a safeguarding issue: similar to protecting people with care and support needs from other harms e.g. neglect or exploitation.
- 8.2. If you are concerned about an individual being drawn into extremism you should follow safeguarding procedures.
- 8.3. Inform your line manager
- 8.4. Get advice from a safeguarding champion
- 8.5. Refer Social and Health Care Team Tel: 0345 050 7666
- 8.6. For more information see the PREVENT intranet page.

9. Child Safeguarding

9.1. Early Help

- 9.2. Early help intervention can prevent the requirement for statutory intervention and promote the wellbeing of a child and their family.
- 9.3. When a child or family is identified as benefiting from early help, a whole family, multi-agency Strengths & Needs form should be completed. This can be completed by:



- 9.4. the professional identifying the need of the family
- 9.5. by any professional who knows/has a relationship with the family or is part of a network that supports the child/family
- 9.6. a professional identified by the family as the most appropriate person to support them with the Strengths & Needs conversation
- 9.7. Strengths and Needs forms and other Early Help tools can be found on the OSCB website.

9.8. Local Community Support Service

- 9.9. For emerging concerns that do not require an immediate safeguarding response contact LCSS on Tel: 0345 050 7666 or email LCSS.Central@oxfordshire.gov.uk
- 9.10. Contact the LCSS if you wish to complete a No Names Consultation. This means you can discuss the issue and get help and advice without giving the name of the child or family.

9.11. Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub

- 9.12. For urgent safeguarding concerns contact the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) on Tel: 0345 050 7666
- 9.13. You should call MASH immediately if there is an urgent safeguarding concern, for example:
 - allegations/concerns that the child has been sexually/physically abused
 - concerns that the child is suffering from severe neglect or other severe health risks
 - concern that a child is living in or will be returned to a situation that may place him/her at immediate risk
 - the child is frightened to return home
 - the child has been abandoned or parent is absent
- 9.14. Following a conversation with the MASH team you may be asked to submit a referral form.
- 9.15. <u>The Oxfordshire MASH Referral Form</u> for professionals only to refer children to social services.
- 9.16. Or you can email a report to MASH on the secure email on: <u>mash-childrens@oxfordshire.gcsx.gov.uk</u>

9.17. Consent

- 9.18. When gaining advice or making a referral you should ideally do so with the families knowledge and consent. The MASH and LCSS will ask you if you have parental consent to share the child's details. If you wish to discuss a concern without a family's knowledge or consent you can do so via a No Names Consultation only.
- 9.19. There will be situations where it is not appropriate to ask for consent e.g. if the parent is suspected of abuse and doing so may put the child at increased risk.
- 9.20. For further information sharing guidance please see the document below:



Information sharing for practitioners

9.21. Child sexual exploitation

9.22. If a child has made a disclosure regarding sexual exploitation, or if you think a child may be at risk of being sexually exploited, please contact MASH on 0345 050 7666.

9.23. Radicalisation

- 9.24. If you are concerned that a child or young person is being radicalised;
- 9.25. Make safe, call 999 if you have concerns for the safety of the child, young person or the public.
- 9.26. Follow child safeguarding procedures
- 9.27. For more information see Oxford City Council PREVENT intranet page

9.28. Position of trust

- 9.29. If you have a concern about a professional or person in a position of trust you should speak to a Designated Safeguarding Lead. They will contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) to report an allegation or concern.
 - Tel: 01865 810603
 - Email: LADO.safeguardingchildren@oxfordshire.gov.uk

9.30. Further information

- 9.31. Visit the OSCB Themes page to find out more about topics such as:
 - private fostering
 - child sexual exploitation
 - female genital mutilation
 - disabled children
 - forced marriage
 - children missing education
 - preventing extremism

9.32. Escalation

- 9.33. Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSLs) are responsible for handling escalation processes and inter agency disputes. The Council has signed up to the OSCB Escalation process
- 9.34. .DSL with overall escalation responsibilities is:
 - Community Safety Service Manager

10. Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking

10.1. The Council has additional responsibilities to report incidents of human trafficking and modern slavery.



- 10.2. For procedures on reporting and referring Modern Slavery and Exploitation at Oxford City Council, completing and NRM and Duty to Notify, contact Oxford City Council's Anti-Slavery Coordinator and refer to this document:
 - Oxfordshire's response to Adult Exploitation and Modern Slavery
- 10.3. Under Section 54 of the Modern Slavery Act 2015, Oxford City Council prepares a slavery and human trafficking statement for each financial year. A Section 54 Statement must detail the steps taken during the previous financial year to ensure that no slavery or human trafficking is taking place in any part of its business or in any of its supply chains (or a declaration that no such steps have been taken).
 - Oxford City Council Modern Slavery Statement 2021-22

11. Allegations against a council employee or volunteer

- 11.1. The Council has additional policy for managing allegations involving council employees or volunteers.
 - <u>Policy and Procedure for Managing Allegations against Employees and Volunteers</u>
- 11.2. Allegations of abuse against an employee, member or volunteer will be reported to Oxfordshire County Council Children's Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) by the Head of Business Improvement and the initial consultation will be to determine whether the allegation is so serious that it should immediately be referred to Social Services and/or the Police.
- 11.3. The Council recognises that it may be difficult to inform on colleagues but assures all employees, members and volunteers that it will fully support and protect anyone who, in good faith (without malicious intent), reports his or her concerns about a colleague's practice or the possibility that a child, young person, or adult at risk may be being abused or bullied.
- 11.4. The Council's Whistle Blowing Policy is available on the Council's web pages.

12. Procedure for reporting of child deaths

- 12.1. The Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children's Board is required to review deaths of children where there is at least a suspicion that the death resulted from abuse or neglect. The Board will also review serious cases of abuse or neglect of children.
- 12.2. If you become aware of a child death on Council premises, you should immediately contact:
 - The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety
 - Otherwise you should contact one of the Designated Safeguarding Leads

13. Procedure for reporting deaths or serious abuse of adults with care and support needs

13.1. The Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adults Board is required to review deaths of adults with care and support needs where there is at least a suspicion that the



- death resulted from abuse or neglect. The Board will also review serious cases of abuse or neglect of adults with care and support needs.
- 13.2. If you become aware that an adult with care and support needs has died or been seriously harmed on Council premises, you should immediately contact:
 - The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety
 - Otherwise you should contact one of the Designated Safeguarding Leads
- 13.3. If the death of a young person aged 16-17 or adult with care and support needs has or appears to have, resulted from violence, abuse or neglect by a person they are related to or who they have been in an intimate personal relationship or who is a member of the same household, this will trigger a Domestic Homicide Review (DHR). If appropriate the DHR will be carried out jointly with a Serious Case Review. In such circumstances, you should contact:
 - Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety
 - Domestic Abuse Lead
 - A Designated Safeguarding Lead

14. Recording concerns

14.1. MyConcern



- 14.2. MyConcern is the current central reporting system for safeguarding concerns raised by Oxford City employees and Councillors. The system is monitored by a group of Designated Safeguarding Officers and each new concern is triaged by a member of the group. Where there are outstanding actions they will direct actions to be completed to the case owner and notify the relevant teams to follow up. Once referrals are completed (internally or externally) the report can be closed.
- 14.3. Accurate reporting on MyConcern is essential to correctly interpret the data, complete lessons learnt and identify trends and training issues.

14.4. User information

- 14.5. MyConcern training forms part of the internal Safeguarding Awareness briefing which is mandatory for all staff.
- 14.6. Account set up and further training is available from the <u>Safeguarding</u> Coordinator.

14.7. Recording concerns

- 14.8. Recording and reporting of concerns should be:
 - Factual Who are you concerned about, where do they live, what happened? Why are they at risk?



- Have context what was the purpose of the visit/interaction? Are they a council tenant? Are they known to other departments?
- Remember: If making an external referral, record reference numbers and names of professionals spoken to. You can add more than one person to a concern. If you don't know the name put 'unknown' this can be updated later.

14.9. Referral details

14.10. Always apply referral details to the concern. This can be done through the 'Update Concern' option. Click on the concern you wish to update and go to the referral tab. Enter the date of the referral and choose from the list of agencies. Choose the outcome which is most appropriate.

14.11. No referral required

- 14.12. You may have discussed your concern with a safeguarding champion and decided that no further action needs to be taken. E.g. the situation is already being managed internally or by another agency.
- 14.13. If there are no new concerns or information to give to the primary agency you should not repeat the same information. If there are new or escalating concerns about an on-going situation then you should record your concern on MyConcern and inform the primary agency.

Appendix 4: Safeguarding Policy Risk Assessment

					Date Raised	Owner	er Gross		Current		Re	sidual	Comments	Controls				
Title	Risk description	Opp/ threat	Cause	Consequence			1	Р	1	Р	1	Р		Control description	Due date	Status	Progress %	Action Owner
Safeguarding Policy	Poor staff awareness of safeguarding indicators	Threat	Lack of access to training and support.	Ineffective response to safeguarding incidents.	23/05/2023	Richard Adams	4	4	4	3	4	2	Training programme in place delivered by a staff pool that needs expanding.	Training programme in place delivered by a staff pool that needs expanding.	31/03/2024	On-going		Laura Jones
Safeguarding Policy	Poor staff awareness of reporting procedures	Threat		Ineffective response to safeguarding incidents.	23/05/2023	Richard Adams	4	3	3	3	3	2	Training programme in place delivered by a staff pool that needs expanding.	Training programme in place delivered by a staff pool that needs expanding.	31/03/2024	On-going		Laura Jones
Safeguarding Policy	Poor safeguarding recording levels on MyConcern	Threat	and support.	Lack of insight and response into safeguarding trends.	23/05/2023	Richard Adams	3	3	3	2	2	2	Newsletters and reminders to record on MyConcern. Regular review of data.	Newsletters and reminders to record on MyConcern. Regular review of data.	31/03/2024	On-going		Laura Jones

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Appendix 5



Form to be used for the Full Equalities Impact Assessment

Service Area:	RS& CS	Section: Community Safety	Date of Initial assessment: 10/05/2023	Key Person re assessment: Richard Adam	•	Date assessn	nent commenced: 21/05/2023	
	-Name of Policy to be assessed:		Safeguarding cl	Safeguarding children, young people and adults with care and support needs Policy				
_		are there	Race		Disability		Age	
	concerns that the policy could have a differential impact		Gender reassignment Sex		Religion or Belief Pregnancy and Maternity		Sexual Orientation Marriage & Civil Partnership	
Other strategic/ equalities considerations		Children and	g/ Welfare of d vulnerable ults	Mental Wellbeing/ Community Resilience		Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Strategy 2022		
			Countywide H Stra	lomelessness tegy	Thriving Communit	ies Strategy		
	backgron to the		olicy and 2014, Working Together to Safeguarding Children 2018 and the Children's Act 2004.					

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the policy which are the		
reason for the Impact		
Assessment.		

- 3. The Oxford City Council Safeguarding Policy was developed in conjunction with the Oxfordshire Safeguarding Children's Board and Oxfordshire Safeguarding Adult's Board policies and is supported by the Oxford City Council Safeguarding procedures and action plan.
- 4. The Safeguarding Policy has been benchmarked against other district Council safeguarding policies.

The Safeguarding Policy sets out:

Legal framework

Multi agency safeguarding arrangements

Roles and responsibilities

Safeguarding governance

Safeguarding prevention

Safeguarding practice and reviews

Training

Volunteers

Reporting concerns

Supervision pastoral support

Commissioned services and contractors

Staff recruitment

Whistleblowing

Other relevant policies

Information sharing

Monitoring and review

Service areas involved and impacted include:

Corporate Strategy

Housing Services

Regeneration

Financial Services

Regulatory Services and Community Safety

Corporate Property

Business Improvement

Planning Services

	OX Place ODS Community Services Law and Governance
3. Methodology and Sources of Data: The methods used to collect data and what sources of	To inform and guide the assessment, key variables and determinants have been taken from: National legislation Local safeguarding boards' priorities and requirements Review of district Council policies
data	Data from the externally provided, confidential case management system, currently 'MyConcern' is used to identify themes and trends of safeguarding concerns. HR records identify themes and trends of safeguarding concerns relating to staff.
This section should outline all the consultation that has taken place on the EIA. It should include the following. Why you carried out the consultation. Details about how you went about it. A summary of the replies you received from people you	 Consultation was carried out to ensure the safeguarding policy is comprehensive, relevant to and understood by each service area and to provide opportunity for collective input into the policy development. 1) In May 2023, A meeting was held with eight officers from a range of service areas who are experienced in safeguarding and policy development. 2) During the meeting, additional relevant officers were identified and the draft policy was subsequently shared with sixteen officers form seven service areas, including Heads of Service, for review and comment. 3) Safeguarding procedures were shared with the Safeguarding Champions, a team of 14 officers from a range of service areas, to allow identification of any gaps, ensure procedures are understood in lay terms and enable opportunity for an organisational-wide, joint approach to developing procedures. 4) The safeguarding policy will go through the Cabinet clearing process and therefore reviewed and agreed by: The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety
consulted. • An assessment of your proposed policy (or	The Director of Communities and People Legal representative Head of Financial Services

policy options) in the light of the responses you received.

A statement of what vou plan to do next

Cabinet member for Safer Communities

5) Citywide conversations (strand 1, 2 and 3) for TCS which provides various action for Priority 3, Thriving Communities.

As a result of the meeting which was held with officers from a range of service areas who are experienced in safeguarding and policy development, and subsequent further sharing of the draft policy, feedback was received and the policy amended to align with other relevant policies.

Benchmarking against other local district council safeguarding policies was undertaken.

OSCB and OSAB undertake consultation with vulnerable adults and young people and their families in the creation and adoption of their policies and procedures. These policies and procedures inform the Oxford City Council safeguarding policy and procedures.

Subsequent reporting will use data collated from the Census and BIU (Business Intelligence Unit). Other independent sources of data, such as reporting from local police, will also be used for a more comprehensive consultation exercise.

5. Assessment of Impact:

Provide details of the assessment of the policy on the nine primary equality strands. There may have been other groups or individuals that you considered. Please also consider whether the policy, strategy or spending decisions could have an impact on safeguarding and /

Disability Age Race **Positive** Positive Positive

Gender reassignment	Religion or Belief	Sexual Orientation
Positive	Positive	Positive
Sex	Pregnancy and Maternity	Marriage & Civil Partnership
Positive	Positive	Positive

or the welfare of children and vulnerable adults

The Safeguarding policy was developed and subsequently updated with the aim to have a positive impact on each equality strand.

The internal safeguarding awareness briefing includes legislation relevant to safeguarding, including the Equality Act 2010.

Safeguarding duties and the Council's response to safeguarding applies to all children and adults with care and support needs. The Council's duties and response will be maintained irrespective of any of the above equality strands.

- Race PREVENT training is promoted throughout organisation and available through the safeguarding boards.
 Support for asylum seekers, migrants and refugees is provided by a dedicated team.
 Partnership work is undertaken in line with the anti-racism charter and Race Action Plan.
 The annual self-assessment background paper details consultation with ethnic minority groups.
- Disability disabilities are recognised as a care and support need for which safeguarding duties apply to adults. This legislative framework forms part of the safeguarding policy.
- Age the safeguarding policy sets out the legislation relating to safeguarding duties for children and adults and how these differ. The safeguarding procedures detail different referral pathways depending on the age of the person the organisation intends to safeguard.
- Gender Reassignment Hate crime has increased since the end of pandemic restrictions, this may
 result in increased reports of safeguarding. The policy ensures that the Council will use the
 appropriate referral pathways and work with appropriate organisations to ensure victims get the
 support that they need.
- Religion or belief Honour based abuse training is available through the OSCB. Oxford City Council works in partnership with countywide organisations in line with the anti-racism charter and Race

	Action Plan.
	 Sexual orientation – Hate crime has increased since the end of pandemic restrictions, this may result in increased reports of safeguarding. The policy ensures that the Council will use the appropriate referral pathways and work with appropriate organisations to ensure victims get the support that they need.
	 Sex – Our approach to domestic and sexual abuse ensures our services are flexible to the needs of the sex of the victim.
	 Pregnancy or maternity – Women are at heightened risk of abuse and violence during this period. DASH risk assessments are completed by domestic abuse housing link workers, this includes pregnancy and maternity. The DA lead was consulted in the development of the updated policy and procedures.
1	 Marriage and civil partnership – We can respond and ensure those who need a safeguarding response because they are a victim, will be able to access a suitable response.
	Impacts on each strand are proportionately positive. Any disproportionate impacts will be monitored within safeguarding processes.
6. Consideration of Measures:	There is no alternative approach. Oxford City Council have a statutory duty to comply with local safeguarding boards' requirements and national legislation.
This section should explain in	Mitigation of adverse impact is ensured upon consideration of actions within the safeguarding action plan.
alternative approaches/mitigation of adverse impact of the policy	Training and awareness of safeguarding and associated policies and procedures exceeds annual targets, this mitigates any impacts where the policy and procedures may not be fully understood.
Measures: This section should explain in detail all the consideration of alternative approaches/mitigation of	Impacts on each strand are proportionately positive. Any disproportionate impacts will be monitored with safeguarding processes. There is no alternative approach. Oxford City Council have a statutory duty to comply with local safeguarding boards' requirements and national legislation. Mitigation of adverse impact is ensured upon consideration of actions within the safeguarding action plant Training and awareness of safeguarding and associated policies and procedures exceeds annual targets.

The 23-24 annual safeguarding action plan includes an internal audit of safeguarding practices within the organisation. This will also mitigate any impacts of non-compliance due to lack of awareness or training.

The Safeguarding policy has been developed with reference to the Equality, Diversity and Inclusion and Thriving Communities Strategies, grants reviews and the service integration project. These include mitigation of impact and associated EIAs; using a whole system approach and collaborative, collective working

Other associated strategies and consideration of measures:

Easy read documents mitigate negative impacts emerging from visual impairment or where English is not a first language.

6a. Monitoring Arrangements:

Outline systems which will be put in place to monitor for adverse impact in the future and this should include all relevant timetables. In addition it could include a summary and assessment of your monitoring, making clear whether you found any evidence of discrimination.

The Council will complete an annual safeguarding self-assessment to measure the organisation's performance against standards set by the local safeguarding boards.

The safeguarding risk register identifies areas of risk and associated impacts. Identification of these risks creates an awareness to help mitigation of negative impacts.

The Council's safeguarding action plan contains actions in support of the self-assessment, safeguarding policy development, OSCB and OSAB's requirements and other local and national safeguarding priorities. Progress on the action plan is reviewed every six months and reported to the Strategic Safeguarding Group.

Monthly updates of recorded safeguarding concerns to Corporate Management Team.

Using externally provided case management system to identify emerging safeguarding trends and themes and inform safeguarding action plan.

This policy will be reviewed annually. All changes are discussed with the Cabinet Member.

		This policy is presented to Cabinet for app Cabinet Member or Scrutiny process.	roval every three years	s and more frequently if required by the	
7. Date reported off by Cabinet:	and signed				
8. Conclusions: What are your conclusions drawn from the results in terms of the policy impact		 Keep monitoring the protected characteristics. Prompt service heads when next collecting data for any risks to protected characteristics. Ongoing plans of delivering equalities training which will help. Training and awareness raising through service planning, focussing on frontline services. 			
9. Are there implications for the Service Plans?	YES Training ar awarenes	l upgateg	On-going	11. Date copy sent to Equalities Lead Officer	
13. Date Preported to Scrutiny and Cabinet:		14. Date reported to Cabinet:		12. The date the report on EqIA will be published	

Signed L Jones Signed

Please list the team members and service areas that were involved in this process:

Safeguarding Coordinator, Regulatory Services and Community Safety Community Safety Service Manager, Regulatory Services and Community Safety EDI Lead, Community Services

Agenda Item 14



To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Head of Planning Services

Title of Report: Review of the Street Naming and Numbering Policy

Purpose of report: To seek approval for a revised Street Naming and Numbering Policy

Key decision: No

Cabinet Member: Councillor Louise Upton, Cabinet Member for Planning

and Healthier Communities

Corporate Priority: Support Thriving Communities; Enable an Inclusive

Economy

Policy Framework: Council Strategy 2020-24

Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:

1. **Approve** the draft Street Naming and Numbering Policy (at Appendix 1); and

Delegate authority to the Head of Planning Services to make any amendments to the draft Policy as a result of Cabinet's consideration of it.

	Appendices	
Appendix 1	Draft Street Naming and Numbering Policy	

Introduction and background

- 1. Oxford City Council is the relevant authority to issue new street names and numbers within the Council's administrative area.
- 2. The Council is empowered by the provisions of the Oxfordshire Act 1985 (sections 13 and 14), the Public Health Act 1925 (sections 17 to 19) for the purpose of naming street and by Section 64 of the Towns Improvement Clauses Act 1847 for the purpose of the numbering of properties.
- The operational process of applying for and determining street names and numbering is governed by the Street Naming and Numbering Policy, which is reviewed every three years. The current policy was approved by Cabinet on 11 November 2020.

Revision of the Policy

- 4. The purpose of the Policy is to guide applicants and officers with the process for applying for new street names or numbers, including instances where re-naming or re-numbering is desired.
- 5. It sets out the kind of names appropriate for different street typologies, the types of names that are not appropriate due to, for example, trademark issues, and the community consultation that the Council undertakes for new street names.
- 6. The current Policy, whilst still fit-for-purpose, has had minor updates to reflect best practice. Furthermore, the responsibility for the area has passed from Law and Governance to Planning Services and so elements of the Policy need to be updated to reflect this.
- 7. The Policy is reviewed formally every three years, with the next review point due in November 2023. However in order to make sure that the escalation procedure in particular reflected the recent change of service lead the revised Policy is being brought to Cabinet early.
- 8. The revised draft Policy retains the delegation for minor amends of the Policy to be made by the Head of Planning Services. Policy re-drafts or significant changes will require approval by the Cabinet.
- Cabinet could choose to defer the review of the Policy until November, this is not recommended as the revised Policy better reflects best practice and also how the service is managed.
- 10. It is therefore recommended that Cabinet approve the revised Policy, noting that it will be reviewed in three years' time with any following revisions coming before Cabinet.

Financial implications

11. There are no financial implications to the revised Policy. Charges for the service are reviewed as part of the budget setting process, and cannot exceed the cost of providing the service.

Legal issues

12. There are no legal issues with the revised Policy. The Oxfordshire Act 1985 gives the Council the power it is exercising within the Policy, an extract of which is included within the Policy to aid applicants.

Level of risk

13. There is no risk attached to the policy revision.

Equalities impact

14. The revision of the Policy does not give rise to any new equalities impacts. The Policy retains the provision that "Names that could be construed as discriminatory under the Equality Act 2010 or could be considered as 'not in the spirit of' this act will not be considered." (Para 11 of Appendix 4 and para 3f of Appendix 4 of the Policy)

Report author	David Butler
Job title	Head of Planning Services
Service area or department	Planning Services
Telephone	01865 529067
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Background Papers: None



Appendix 1



Oxford City Council

Street Naming and Numbering Policy

Version	Approved by Cabinet	Next due for review
V2	July 2023	July 2026

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1. Introduction

- a) Oxford City Council ("the Council") has the legal responsibility for the naming and numbering of streets and properties within the Council's administrative area. The Council acts under the provisions of the Oxfordshire Act 1985 (sections 13 and 14), the Public Health Act 1925 (sections 17 to 19) for the purpose of naming streets and Section 64 of the Towns Improvement Clauses Act 1847 for the purpose of the numbering of properties. The Council can charge for the street naming and numbering process under section 93 of the Local Government Act 2003 which allows local authorities to charge where they provide a service.
- b) The objective of the Council's street naming and numbering policy is to enable it to provide a unique and unambiguous address for every property in the city of Oxford. This will ensure that;
 - Emergency Services can find a property quickly;
 - o Reliable delivery of post and other such deliveries;
 - Location of an address is clear; and
 - Consistency of property-based information across local government databases and within the community.
- c) Many legal transactions associated with properties are withheld until they can be identified by street names and/or numbers. For instance, utilities suppliers will not normally connect their services until such time as the premises have been given a formal postal address.
- d) The Council has an obligation to provide address data to the National Land and Property Gazetteer and the Council follows best practice by conforming to:
 - GeoPlace Data entry conventions and best practice for addresses:
 DEC Addresses Version 3.4, September 2016. This guide assists in making address data uniform across the UK; and
 - British Standard 7666 Spatial datasets for geographical referencing. This guidance specifies a national format for holding details on every property and street.
- e) A Street Naming and numbering application can be made to the council. Information on how to apply is provided on the Oxford City Council website.

2. Policy aims

a) The aim of the Street Naming and Numbering Policy ("the

Policy") is to set out the correct process, rules, and fees for the following activities within the administrative area of Oxford City Council:

- Naming of new streets and numbering properties on those streets;
- Naming and numbering new properties on an existing street;
 - (a) Renaming and renumbering properties on an existing street;
 - (b) Addition or changes to a house name for properties with an existing number;
 - (c) Allocation of numbers to properties with names only;
 - (d) Reviewing the names of existing streets;
 - (e) Renaming existing streets;
 - (f) Consultation on naming new streets; and
 - (g) Confirmation of what are considered to be acceptable street names, property names and numbering schemes.
- b) The naming of a street includes any road, court, footpath, alley, or thoroughfare.

3. Policy objectives

- a) To achieve the above aims the Council will:
 - a) Provide names and numbers for streets as necessary;
 - b) Alter the names of properties as requested/necessary;
 - c) Register new names for properties with an existing number only;
 - d) Allocate numbers to properties with names as required; and
 - e) Consult appropriate persons/groups on the naming of new streets;
 - f) Consult appropriate persons/groups when reviewing the names of streets.
- b) The above will be carried out in accordance with:
 - a) The relevant legislation;
 - b) The policy for street naming (See Appendix 2);
 - c) The policy for property numbering (See Appendix 3);
 - d) The policy for property naming (See Appendix 4); and
 - e) The procedure for consultation (See Appendix 5).

4. Powers

a) The Council has the statutory power to name streets and number

properties. It can allocate and rename or renumber roads, new developments, property conversions and existing addresses within its administrative area. This includes residential properties, conversions and subdivisions, commercial and industrial premises.

- b) It acts under the following guidance and legislation when naming and numbering streets:
 - a) Oxford City Council's Constitution;
 - The Oxfordshire Act 1985 (part III, sections 13-14) (see Appendix 1); and
 - b) Best-practice guidance:
 - GeoPlace Data entry conventions and best practice for addresses: DEC-Addresses Version 3.4, September 2016.
 - ii. British Standard 7666 Spatial datasets for geographical referencing.
 - c) The Policy operates in accordance with the following legal powers of the Council, as outlined in the Oxfordshire Act 1985:
 - i. To name any street as necessary;
 - ii. To alter the name of any street as necessary;
 - iii. To allocate numbers to any buildings in a street as necessary; and
 - iv. To alter numbers allocated to any buildings in a street as necessary
 - d) Please see Appendix 1 for an extract of relevant sections from the Oxfordshire Act 1985.

5. Claims for compensation

- a) The Council is not liable for any claims for compensation arising directly or indirectly from the naming of streets, re-naming of streets, numbering or renumbering of properties, naming, or renaming of properties.
- b) Individuals and developers must not give any postal addresses, including the postcode, to potential occupiers, either directly or indirectly (for example via solicitors or estate agents) before the official naming and numbering scheme has been issued for it by the Council. The Council will not be liable for any costs of damages caused by failure to comply with this requirement.
 - Street naming and numbering is a statutory function that applies to all property numbers, names, and roads name allocations, whether properties are new developments or not;
 - ii. No other organisation such as Land Registry, Council Tax,

HMO, Selective Licensing, Planning or Building Regulations has the legislative powers to create or allocate property and street numbers/names.

6. Policy scope

a) This Policy applies to all functions undertaken relating to street naming and numbering and to all employees and council members involved. It also applies to all developers seeking to name/number developments and any consultee on any street naming scheme.

7. Roles and responsibilities

- The Council officers responsible for the day-to-day carrying out of street naming and numbering are;
 - i. Customer Services Applications Officers (Street Naming and Numbering); and
 - ii. The Authority Address Custodian (the ICT Application DevOps Specialist).
- b) Oversight for these functions comes from;
 - i. Customer Services Applications Team Leader and Team Manager; and
 - ii. Head of Planning Services.
- c) Final responsibility rests with the Head of Planning Services in consultation with the relevant portfolio holder.

8. Consultees

- a) The Council consults on the names of new streets. Consultation responses will be considered when naming streets, but the Council has the final decision-making power. During any consultation, consultees must read and adhere to this Policy and associated documents, particularly Appendix 2 (Policy for naming of streets), and Appendix 5 (Consultation remit and process).
- b) The Council has no duty to consult on property names or street numbering schemes. These will be determined solely by the Authority Address Custodian and the Street Naming and Numbering Team.

9. Monitoring and review

- a) This Policy will be reviewed every three years or as necessary to reflect changes in legislation.
- b) Minor amendments to the Policy may be approved by the Head of Planning Services. Policy re-drafts or significant changes, as determined by the Head of Planning Services, after consultation with the relevant portfolio holder will require approval by Cabinet.

10. Naming of new streets

- a) Where a new development creates new street(s), the individual or developer is required to apply to the Council to have these officially named.
- b) The process for street naming is outlined in Appendix 5. The individual or developer are encouraged by the Council to submit proposals for street names but must be aware that the final determination will be made by the Council. Street names not adhering to the guidance in Appendix 2 will not be included in any form of consultation by the Council.
- c) The individual or developer is responsible for the cost of installing the street signage.

11. Renaming of streets

- Streets will only be renamed under exceptional circumstances, a) such as when there are potential problems for the emergency services in identifying and locating an address, or there is substantial evidence (including from residents in the street) that the current name is no longer deemed suitable. Having considered the particular circumstances if, in the opinion of the Head of Planning Services having consulted with the relevant portfolio holder, it is necessary to rename any street in such exceptional circumstances, this will proceed as specified in the Oxfordshire Act 1985, Section 13(2) a-c. In the event of there being a balance of judgments to be made or unresolved objections following consultation about possible names (other than those relating to potential problems for the emergency services) the Cabinet will take the decision, following a written report to it from the relevant portfolio holder."
- b) The Cabinet would consider whether a review should be carried out on receipt, by the Council, of representations from local Councillor's and evidence that a substantial proportion of those

who live in properties in the street or road are calling for a change in the street name. Having considered the particular circumstances if, in the opinion of the Cabinet, it is necessary to rename any street following such a review, this will proceed as specified in the Oxfordshire Act 1985, Section 13 (2) a-c. In the event of there being any unresolved objection(s) following consultation the Cabinet will take the decision on the new name for a street.

12. Addresses for properties

- a) Official addresses will not be issued where the development does not have the necessary permissions. However, the issuing of an address does not serve as confirmation that any building or structure is authorised under Planning, Building Regulations, or any other legislation.
- b) The Council may allocate unofficial addresses as a temporary measure until an official address has been obtained for emergency services purposes and for internal authority purposes e.g., collection of Council Tax. For unofficial temporary addresses, no postcodes will be requested from Royal Mail.
- c) Requests for new or amended addresses will only be accepted from or on behalf of the owner(s)/occupier(s) of the property. Where the request does not come from the owner of the property directly, written consent of the owner must be obtained, or the occupier must have and evidence of a minimum of three years for their lease left to run.
- d) All new properties will be allocated a number, the only exception to this are new properties on existing streets where there is no numbering scheme, in such cases the property will be named. Numbering will accord with nationally accepted best practice to ensure that it is logical and sequential.
- e) Once a property has been given a number it must be used and displayed on the property. Where a name has been given to a property together with its official number, the number must always be included in the address. The name is an optional addition, not an alternative. For example, if the name requested is "New Place" at 13 Banbury Road, the full address will be New Place, 13 Banbury Road.

- f) All new addresses or changes of address will be notified to the relevant council services.
- g) For further detail on how properties are numbered or addressed, please see Appendix 3.

13. Renumbering of properties

a) Properties will only be renumbered in exceptional circumstances, such as when there are potential problems for the emergency services in identifying and locating an address. Having considered the particular circumstances if, in the opinion of the Head of Planning Services it is necessary to renumber a property, this will proceed as specified in the Oxfordshire Act 1985:

14. Allocation of postcodes

The responsibility of postcodes lies with Royal Mail. For any queries regarding this please see their code of practice.

1. Royal Mail can be contacted at:

Address Management Centre
Royal Mail
Admiral House 2
Admiral Way
Doxford International Business Park
SUNDERLAND SR3 3XW

Telephone 03456 011110

Email: addressdevelopment@royalmail.com

- 2. The Council will notify the Royal Mail of new addresses, but it will be the responsibility of the Royal Mail to update their records.
- 3. The Council will send a notification/request regarding unauthorised addresses to ask Royal Mail to add a note to the postcode stating that no new addresses should be added without City Council agreement.

Appendix 1: The Oxfordshire Act 1985 (Extract)

- 13(1) Subject to subsection 13(2) below the council may name any street or any part of a street in their district which is without a name, or which bears two names and may from time to time alter the name of any street or any part of a street in their district.
- 13(2) (a) Where the council propose to alter the name of a street or part of a street they shall:
 - (i) post notice of the proposal in a conspicuous position at each end of the street or part to which it relates; and
 - (ii) serve a copy of the notice on the owner or occupier of every dwellinghouse in that street or part.
 - (b) The notice under paragraph 13(2(a)) above shall state the new name proposed and that objections to the proposal may be made in writing to the council before a day specified in the notice, not earlier than 28 days after the council have complied with paragraph 13(2(a)) above.
 - Before determining any alteration of name in accordance with a proposal to which this subsection applies, the council shall consider all objections made as provided in paragraph 13(b) above and, in the case of an objection by the owner or occupier of any dwellinghouse in the street, give the objector an opportunity of appearing before and being heard by a committee or sub-committee of the council.
- 13(3) The council may from time to time cause the name of any street or any part of a street to be placed or marked on a conspicuous part of any building or other erection in their district in or near the street.
- 13(4) Any person who, without reasonable excuse, removes any such nameplate shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.
- 13(5) The following enactments shall cease to have effect in the county:
 - (a) in the words in the Towns Improvement Clauses Act 1847 introducing sections 64 and 65, the words "naming the streets" and;
 - (b) in the said section 64 the words from "and shall" to "to be known as", and the words "or name" wherever occurring;
 - (c) section 21 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907; and
 - (d) sections 17-19 of the Public Health Act 1925.

- 14(1) The council may allocate numbers to buildings in a street in their district as they think fit.
- 14(2) Where number(s) has/have, been allocated to a building under this section or any other enactment, the council may serve on the owner or occupier of the building a notice requiring them within such period, no less than three weeks, to mark the building with that number(s), in such a way as to make the mark legible from the street.
- 14(3) The owner or occupier of a building shall:
 - (a) maintain the mark in such a way that it remains legible from the street; and
 - (b) keep the view of the mark from the street unobstructed to such extent as is practicable.
- 14(4) The council may alter the number or numbers allocated to a building and where they do so subsections 14(2) and 14(3) above shall apply to the altered number or numbers.
- 14(5) The council may, instead of requiring a building to be marked with a number or numbers under this section, require it to be marked with such other means of identification as they may, at the request of the owner or occupier, allow; and subsections 14(2) and 14(3) above shall have effect accordingly.
- 14(6) The owner or occupier of a building who without reasonable excuse:
 - (a) fails to comply with a notice served on him under subsection 14(2) above; or
 - (b) contravenes subsection 14(3) above;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale:

- 14(7) The following provisions of the Towns Improvement Clauses Act 1847 shall cease to have effect in the county:
 - (a) in the words introducing sections 64 and 65, the words "and numbering the houses":
 - (b) in section 64 the words from "shall from time to time" to "think fit" and the words "number or" wherever occurring; and
 - (c) Section 65.

Appendix 2: Policy on naming of streets

The Council recognises that Oxford has many distinctive street names, which reflect its history and culture. For new street names the following will normally apply:

- Street names will not duplicate existing names in the Authority's area or adjoining Authorities' areas, nor will they be sufficiently similar as to cause confusion. For example, "Bear Lane, Bears Lane, Bear Street" would not be allowed within the same area as it can cause problems in identifying the correct address in an emergency.
- 2) Street names should not be awkward to spell. In general, words of more than three syllables should be avoided as should multiple words.
- 3) Preference will be given to street names that refer to the history and heritage of the local area.
- 4) Proposals relating to a living person's name will not be permitted, with the exception of names relating to the Royal Family. If a developer or individual wishes to suggest a name relating to the Royal family or a Royal title (Queen, King, Princes etc.), then they must seek the appropriate consent from the Lord Chamberlain's Office (Constitutional Branch) prior to suggesting the name to the council. Additional time will not be given during the consultation period for this permission to be sought.
- 5) Proposals relating to the name of a deceased person will only be accepted when proof of death is provided and there is a proven historical connection to the land intended for development or the wider locale of Oxford. Evidence of historical connection such as newspaper articles or written testimonials must accompany such name proposals. Additional time will not be given during the consultation period for this information to be submitted. The part of the policy that avoids the duplication of names will still apply.
- 6) In order for the name of a deceased person to be considered the individual must have been dead for at least 5 years.
- 7) Before the name of a deceased person is proposed, due consideration should be given to possible sensitivities that may arise from naming streets after individuals and should also consider the likelihood that the public perception of a deceased person may change considerably for better or worse in the future.

- 8) Where it is desired to name a street after a deceased individual, the person or organisation suggesting the name is responsible where practicable for obtaining any written permission from the estate of the deceased, as required, before suggesting the name to the Council. Additional time will not be given during the consultation period for this permission to be sought.
- 9) Names of fictional characters will not be allowed due to issues of copyright.
- 10) If the name of another locale is proposed, only the anglicised version of the name would be allowed for consideration. This is to ensure that names comply with GeoPlace data entry conventions in terms of names being easily pronounceable in case of contact with the emergency services: e.g., Köln becomes Cologne.
- 11) Names that could be construed, either in themselves or in association with particular political or historical occurrences, as discriminatory or offensive under the Equality Act 2010; or those which could be considered as 'not in the spirit of' this act, will not be considered.
- 12) Names that could be construed as obscene will not be considered, nor will names which encourage nameplates to be defaced to create an obscenity.
- 13) Any names that would promote or advertise a company, service or product are not permitted. An exception to this may be made for a company that no longer exists, if used solely in a historical context where the claim of advertising cannot be made.
- 14) Names that would, in the opinion of the Head of Planning Services having consulted with the relevant portfolio holder, give rise to spelling difficulties for the majority of residents or would involve punctuation should not be accepted.
- 15) Phonetically similar names within a postal area will be avoided; for example, "Church Hill Road," "Birch Hill Road," "Tyne Road" and "Pine Road," or "Holly Well Road" and "Hollywell Road."
- 16) Street names should not commence with "The."

- 17) Names should not:
 - a) Include a number either in numerical or written form. i.e. 'Two-Foot Lane,' as it can cause confusion.
 - b) Use full stops as part of the official approved SNN Authority Street Name. For example, "St. Stephens Road" must only be recorded as "St." if the full stop is part of the Official Address.
 - c) Ampersands must be replaced with the word "and."
 - d) Abbreviations or punctuation must not be used in the Primary Address, First Floor" rather than "1st Floor" and "Marks House" rather than "Mark's Hse. The only exception is "St" for "Saint."
- 18) All new street names should end with a suffix which reflects the nature, history and / or location of the street.

	,
Avenue	for residential roads (usually lined with trees)
Circus	for a large roundabout
Close	for a cul-de-sac only
Crescent	for a crescent shaped road
Drive	for residential roads
Gardens	for residential roads subject to there being no confusion with any local open space
Grove	for residential roads (usually relating to an area of trees)
Hill	for a hillside road only
Lane	for residential roads
Mews	for residential roads
Place	for a road that has no throughway or leads to a dead end.
Rise	for residential roads (usually relates to upward rising thoroughfare)
Road	for any thoroughfare
Row	a group of attached properties not a thoroughfare
Square	for a square only
Street	for any thoroughfare
Terrace	a group of attached properties not a thoroughfare
Vale	for residential roads (usually relating to low land or near a river/stream)
Way	for any thoroughfare
Wharf	for residential roads which are near water
L	

19) All pedestrian ways should end with one of the following suffixes:

Walk, Path, Way, Alley, or Footpath

Appendix 3: Policy on numbering of properties

- A new street should be numbered with the odd numbers on the left and the even numbers on the right from the most important street from which they lead.
- 2) In the case of a small cul-de-sac, consecutive numbering in a clockwise direction is preferred.
- 3) All numbers should be used in the proper sequence. No numbers will be excluded from a numbering scheme including the number 13.
- 4) Private garages and similar buildings used for housing cars should not be numbered
- 5) Where an existing street is to be extended and it would be appropriate to continue to use the same street name, the numbering will be a continuation of the existing scheme.
- 6) If a property is to be subdivided or a new property is to be built on the grounds of an existing property new property numbers will be required. Planning permission or any other relevant-consent should be obtained first. Infill developments on existing numbered streets will be numbered into the existing sequence by the use of suffixes (e.g., 15A, 15B etc.).
- 7) Buildings (including those on corner plots) will be numbered according to the street which provides direct access to the property, generally the street that the front door of the property faces. Any manipulation of numbering to obtain a different address, to secure a "prestige" address or to avoid an address, is not acceptable.
- 8) Where flats and units have individual doors to a street, they shall be given individual numbers to the street where possible; the sequence of the numbering depends on access to the front doors of individual premises.
- 9) If a multiple occupancy building has entrances in more than one street, then each entrance can be numbered in the appropriate road.
- 10) Where a property is sub-divided, individual properties should always be numbered rather than suffixed with a letter or described (e.g., Flat 1, 36 High Street rather than 36A, Flat A or First Floor Flat).
- 11) Where two or more properties on a numbered street are merged, the numbers of the original properties should normally be retained. For

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- example, 4 and 6 High Street being combined would become 4-6 High Street.
- 12) Abbreviations or punctuation must not be used in the Primary Address, First Floor" rather than "1st Floor" and "Marks House" rather than "Mark's Hse. The only exception is "St" for "Saint."

Appendix 4: Policy on naming of properties

- All new properties will be allocated a number, the only exception to this is new properties on an existing street where there is no numbering scheme.
 In such cases property names will be considered.
- 2) Numbered properties may, in addition, be given a name. In these cases, the number must always be included in the address and displayed on the property.
 - a. Where a property has both a number and a name, Royal Mail will regard the number as the main identifier and will only hold the name as an "alias" and may not pass this name on to other organisations that use their database to identify addresses.
- 3) Whilst the Council cannot impose a name on a property, it will not register as official any name which has not been agreed in line with the following guidelines:
 - a. The principal property name should be unique and not duplicated within the locality or postcode. For example, 'Rose House' and 'Rose Cottage.'
 - b. Property names should not replicate street names.
 - c. Names of fictional characters, places, commercial brands will not be allowed due to issues of copyright.
 - d. The word "Flat" should not be used in the principal property name as this can cause confusion.
 - e. Properties should not be named with a business name; this will be added to the address separately by Royal Mail
 - f. Names that could be construed as discriminatory under the Equality Act 2010 or could be considered as 'not in the spirit of' this act will not be considered.
 - g. Names that could be construed as obscene or offensive will not be considered.
 - h. No abbreviations or punctuation should be used; (Marks House and not Mark's Hse).
 - i. Property names should not include a number either in numerical or written format
 - j. All named blocks should end with a suffix which reflects the layout

Court	For flats or residential buildings
Mansion	For flats or residential buildings
House	Residential buildings or offices

Point	High residential buildings or offices over five floors
Tower	High residential buildings or offices over five floors
Lodge	For flats or residential buildings
Apartment	For flats or residential buildings

k. In cases of amendments to buildings of public interest or in prominent locations the Council will reserve the right to follow the same consultation process as the naming of the street.

Appendix 5: Consultation remit and process for street naming

1. Street naming

1.1. The Council consults on new street names when these are required for new developments, or when a street must be re-named. Consultation is intended to make sure that street names chosen are appropriate and acceptable to the interested parties local to the area in which the street is to be named. The Oxfordshire Act 1985 gives the Council final determination on any street name within its area of authority. A decision will be taken by the Cabinet in the event of any unresolved objection(s) following consultation after presentation of the issues and any evidence by the relevant portfolio holder to the Cabinet.

1.2. Consultation will always include:

- · Ward Councillors for the area concerned.
- Parish Councillors for the area concerned.
- Those individuals and organisations that were formally consulted as part of the planning application process.

The consultation process may also include societies or groups with a knowledge of relevant local history.

2. Street naming consultation process

- 2.1. Below is the process to be followed when consulting on street naming cases:
 - Developments that include road names will go through a consultation process this is split into 3 Phases.
 - Phase 1 14-day consultation to notify local parties of development and gather suggestions for road names.
 - Phase 2 14-day consultation for voting on Phase 1 supplied names
 - Phase 3 Confirmation of agreed names and 7 days allowance for further substantial objections.

3. Guidelines for consultees

- 3.1. Consultees are selected based on council wards and parishes, and will include ward and Parish Councillors. The individuals and organisations who have been consulted on planning development proposals will be consulted if and when those proposals require street names to be allocated.
- 3.2. At the initial stage consultees will be given the opportunity to make their own suggestions. Consultees should read the street naming and numbering policy carefully, along with all associated documents before submitting names for consultation. Where suggested names do not comply with the relevant policy

- there will be no extension of the consultation period to allow for consultees to suggest additional names.
- 3.3. Consultees will be sent the initial consultation documents and should return them to the Street Naming and Numbering ("SNN") Team within the timescale set out in the letter (14 days): incomplete consultation responses or those received by the SNN Team after the stated deadline will not be considered.
- 3.4. In the case of a naming proposal concerning a deceased person the consultee is responsible for submitting proof of death and the required proof of historical connection.
- 3.5. In the case of a naming proposal requiring the permission of an estate executor or family, the consultee submitting this name is responsible for submitting simultaneously, or before the close of the consultation period, the confirmation of consent in writing from the executor or family.
- 3.6. Incomplete consultation responses or those received by the SNN Team after the stated deadline will not be considered;
- 3.7. Where consultees act on the behalf of a group (such as a local interest group), the chairperson or appointed individual must collate any group response on one consultation form and return to the SNN Team: individual responses from members of such organisations will not be considered.
- 3.8. There may be more than one consultation stage but the opportunity for suggesting alternative names is closed after the initial stage and the opportunity for objections is closed after the final consultation stage. The end date of the final consultation stage will be notified to all consultees (14 days).
- 3.9. Consultees are reminded that whilst the Council will take all comments on street naming proposals into consideration, the final decision for naming streets rests with the Council.
- 3.10. All consultees will be notified of the Council's final naming decision.

4. Grounds for objection to a name proposal

4.1. When the Council consults on a proposed name for a street it will take all relevant considerations into account, but certain categories of objection will be given more weight when deciding not to use a proposed name for a given street;

- The suggested name(s) does not comply with the Oxford City Council guidance for street naming.
- The suggested name(s) does not comply with BS 7666 or GeoPlace Data entry conventions and best practice for addresses: DEC- Addresses Version 3.4, September 2016.
- It is foreseen that the suggested name could cause problems for the emergency or other services, and supporting evidence of this is supplied.
- 4.2. Objections to proposed street names will also be considered if they;
 - Are provided within the required time period and before the final consultation period ends.
 - Provide strong reasons why an individual name may be unacceptable or preference for an alternative.

Appendix 6: Charges for the naming of streets and numbering of properties

1. Charges for naming and numbering

- 1.1. The Council charges for the administrative activities associated with the street naming and numbering process. Under Section 93 of the Local Government Act 2003, Local Authorities have the power to charge where they provide a service if they are authorised, but not required, to provide the service. The charge must not exceed the cost of providing the service.
- 1.2. The charges for the street naming and numbering service are displayed on the Oxford City Council website. These charges will be reviewed by the Council on an annual basis.

2. Street naming and numbering in the absence of payment of charges

- 2.1. The Council will remind individuals and/or developers of new properties of the need for an official address and the process to follow. Preparation of new addresses will not commence until the appropriate fee has been paid to the Council.
- 2.2. If payment of fees is not received within 3 months of the development completion date, the Local Authority may allocate official addresses for emergency services purposes with no further consultation. If the developer, individual or owner requests amendment to the allocated naming or numbering at a later date, the standard street naming and numbering processes and the current fees and charges will apply.
- 3. In this case internal notifications will be made for Authority business purposes only but no requests for postcodes will be made to Royal Mail.
- **4.** If payment of fees is not received in relation to adding, amending, or removing an existing property name, the official name will remain unchanged.

Appendix 7: Renaming of streets process

- 1. Once a street is thought to need renaming, the Council will:
 - a) Post notice of the proposal in a conspicuous position at each end of the street or part to which it relates; and
 - b) Serve a copy of the notice to the owner or occupier or every dwelling-house in that street or part.
- 2. The notice under paragraph 1(a) above shall state the new name proposed and that objections may be made in writing to the Council by the deadline specified in the notice, not earlier than 28 days after the posting of the notice.
- 3. Before determining any alteration of name, the Council shall consider all objections made as provided in paragraph 2. The Cabinet will make the final decision if there are any unresolved objections at the end of the final consultation period.
- 4. The Cabinet will give considerable weight to the views of those residents living in the street and would expect the proposed name to have the active support of a substantial proportion of those residents living in the street at the time of the consultation

Appendix 8: Notification of street naming and numbering changes

- 1) As part of the street naming and numbering process the SNN Team will inform the following internal council departments of any street naming and numbering changes;
 - a. Council Tax
 - b. Electoral Services
 - c. Local Land and Property Gazetteer
 - d. Development Management
 - e. National Non-Domestic Rate
 - f. Waste Team
 - g. Selective Licensing
 - h. Building Control
- 2) Occupiers should always check that the Council has the correct address for their property when dealing with the Council.
- 3) Individuals and developers must not give any postal addresses, including the postcode, to potential occupiers, either directly or indirectly (for example via solicitors or estate agents) before the official naming and numbering scheme has been issued for it by the Council. The Council will not be liable for any costs of damages caused by failure to comply with this requirement.
- 4) Street naming and numbering is a statutory function that applies to all property numbers, names, and roads name allocations, whether properties are new developments or not.
- 5) Street Naming and Numbering is a chargeable service, and the process is only carried out when the relevant Planning Permission has been granted for a development and the Street Naming and Numbering fees have been paid.
- 6) No other organisation such as Land Registry, Council Tax, HMO, Selective Licensing, Planning or Building Regulations has the legislative powers to create or allocate property and street numbers/names.





To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Executive Director (Development)

Title of Report: Bus shelter infrastructure and advertising concession

contract

Summary and recommendations

Purpose of report: To (i) seek approval for the tender of a contract to

manage the bus shelter infrastructure; and (ii) to seek delegated authority for the Head of Corporate Property to enter into a long-term contract with a selected supplier to maintain city bus shelters and manage advertising on the

shelters

Key decision: Yes

Cabinet Member: Councillor Ed Turner, Deputy Leader (Statutory) - Finance

and Asset Management

Corporate Priority: Enable and Inclusive Economy

Pursue a Zero Carbon Oxford

Policy Framework: Council Strategy 2020-24

Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:

- Grant project approval to tender a contract to manage bus shelter infrastructure maintenance and advertising via a concession contract;
- 2. **Delegate authority** the Executive Director (Development) to finalise the tender documents; and
- 3. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Corporate Property in consultation with the Head of Law and Governance, the Head of Financial Services and the Deputy Leader (Statutory) Finance and Asset Management to agree the final terms and enter into a contract with the preferred supplier.

Appendices					
Appendix 1	Risk Register				

Introduction and background

- 1. The council has a long-standing contract in place with Clear Channel UK (CCUK) to provide cleaning and maintenance services to Oxford city bus shelters in exchange for the exclusive right to place advertising on the shelters and retain, for its own account, all advertising income generated.
- 2. The current contract expired on the 30 November 2022 and the Head of Corporate Property approved a procurement exemption to extend the existing contract for a maximum period of 12 months whilst a specification is developed to seek a supplier who can offer terms that are better aligned to the council's corporate objectives and secure revenue income from the advertising on the shelters for the council.
- 3. The following sets out the options considered in preparation to go to market.

Bus shelter estate and the current contract

- 4. There are 190 bus shelters in Oxford. 157 are owned by Clear Channel UK (CCUK), 33 are owned by the City Council. There are an additional 16 shelters in the city which are owned by Oxfordshire County Council. It is intended that the County Council Shelters will be included in the new contract arrangements.
- 5. 94 of the Clear Channel shelters include advertisements, 29 of these shelters include digital displays. 87 shelters include Real Time Passenger Information displays, which are managed by Oxfordshire County Council.
- 6. The shelters are maintained via the existing contracting arrangement with CCUK, which has been in place since 1987 when the council entered a Principal Agreement with CCUK. The terms of which were extended via a Supplemental Agreement for a period of 15 years in 2007.
- 7. The current arrangement is that CCUK clean, maintain and, where necessary, replace the bus shelters, at no cost to the council, in return they manage advertising on the shelters and retain all revenue generated through this. Whilst this contract has no direct cost to the council it is understood that the level of income generated by advertisements on the bus shelters is high and therefore the council should adopt an approach like other local authorities and secure a contract with a supplier whereby the council also takes a proportion of the advertising profit.
- 8. The shelters in Oxford have either digital advertising on them, or paper or a mixture of paper and digital. Most revenue is generated via digital panels which either feature two digital images or six, which rotate to share several different adverts. These are in the city centre and on main roads.
- 9. The actual amount of advertising income generated via the existing contract is not currently shared with the Council.

Market considerations

10. As well as CCUK there are other large providers operating in this market who manage the maintenance of the shelters as well as the advertising. To better understand the potential for a new contract, market engagement was completed. A Prior Information Notice (PIN) was launched on the 15th of March 2023 inviting suppliers to a market engagement session on the 13th of April 2023. This resulted

in eight organisations making enquires and six attending the market engagement session. A series of follow-up questions were asked to all the providers who attended the session. These were returned in writing on the 5th of May.

- 11. Key insights offered are as follows
 - a. Suppliers prefer a minimum 15-year contract, this is because bus shelters have a 20-year lifetime
 - b. There is appetite to increase the digital advertising capability, subject to planning approval
 - c. Providers are committed to the Zero Carbon agenda the potential increase in the number of green roofs, the use of sustainable energy and materials for the new shelters
 - Transition period (to install new bus shelters) likely to be between 12-18 months

Options considered

- 12. In February 2023 Development Board reviewed the options and agreed the recommended procurement route to retender the contract on the existing basis, and seek an external operator to manage the repair, maintenance, cleaning, and advertising whilst in addition, providing a share of the profit from advertising revenue to the Council. The mechanism for this will be Fixed Fee and Profit Share payment per advertising bus shelter on which advertising consent is granted.
- 13. Purchase of the existing CCUK owned shelters- most of the city shelters are in CCUK ownership. The existing contract includes an option for the council to purchase from CCUK all bus shelters provided and installed under the terms of the existing agreement at their 'net book' value. This was not considered a feasible option given the capital investment required for this, though the tender will test whether it is feasible for the new providers to acquire existing shelters, where these are in good condition, from the current provider.
- 14. **Extending the current contract term** given the total duration of the existing contract term it is necessary to test the market to seek more favourable terms and therefore this is option is not recommended.
- 15. **Take back management of the shelters** early consideration was given to this option which would see the council take back the management of the shelters and for ODS, under an SLA, to undertake this role. This option was rejected as the council and ODS do not have the skills and experience to be able to manage the advertising and therefore generate the revenue needed to offset the cost to supply and maintain the shelters. This was discussed with the Director of Operations at ODS and was not considered a viable option for the council or ODS.
- 16. A competitive dialogue tendering approach was considered though given the result is fixed in terms of the provision of bus shelters, it is believed an open FTS tender is most suited.
- 17. It is recommended that a concessionaire contract will be offered for 15 years initially with the option to extend for a further period of five years.

Proposed procurement timeline

- 18. Indicative timeline for the process:
 - Development Board approval of procurement route- 13th Feb 2023
 - PIN Notice launched 15th March
 - Market engagement 13th April
 - Cabinet approval 12th July
 - Tender launched 21st July
 - Evaluation and recommendation for contract award September
 - Contract implementation period October
 - Contract start November

Policy implications

- 19. Through the proposed contract the council is seeking high quality, safe and secure waiting and interchange facilities that are kept clean and well maintained throughout the contract term, to encourage passenger growth and meet Zero Carbon Oxford objectives. The contract will also support the achievement of the Oxfordshire Bus Service Improvement Plan, which has been produced by Oxfordshire County Council in part-fulfilment of the requirements of the National Bus Strategy and the Oxfordshire Enhanced Partnership Plan and Scheme.
- 20. In return, the council is offering the supplier the exclusive advertising rights on these assets in accordance with Office of Fair-Trading guidance on Street Furniture Advertising issued in May 2012. The contract will also include provision to ensure the council receives a proportion of free advertising space on the shelters throughout the duration of the contract.
- 21. The council has set the Zero Carbon Oxford goal to achieve zero emissions across the city by 2040, which is ten years ahead of the legal deadline set by government. It is predicted that by 2040 action taken through this approach will have reduced Oxford's emissions by 88% from 2018 levels. This means reduced emissions across 5 key areas (domestic, commercial, industry, institutional and transport) with transport related emissions being reduced by 88%. Encouraging more people to choose to use to travel by bus, rather than car, will play a large part in contributing to this. Improving street furniture, like bus shelters, and the facilities available at those shelters will make this mode of travel more attractive.
- 22. We will work with Oxfordshire County Council to explore the use of their Climate Emergency Fund to secure new green roof shelters in the city. If funding is made available to purchase additional shelters through this route these shelters will form part of the new contract.
- 23. Oxfordshire County Council manage the Real Time Passenger Information (RTPI) available at bus shelters in the city. The new contract will ensure bus shelters have the capability of being fitted with the current RTPI displays and that the new contract provider works with the County Council's RTPI suppliers to enable the supply and maintenance of the RTIP. We will continue to work with the County Council to enhance this offer where possible and will use the tender process to explore the cost to expand this offer via the contract.

Other implications

- 24. The Council intends to include in the new contract, an ongoing obligation on the operator to identify new or potential improvements to the bus shelter estate. For example, the emergence of new and evolving relevant technologies which could improve the service, improvements to the integration of services provided by third parties or the Council which might result in efficiency or productivity gains or changes in ways of working which would deliver greater benefits to the council.
- 25. Given Oxfordshire County Council are the lead transport authority and own several shelters, as well as manage the RTPI, they have been involved in the development of this contract. They have provided advice and guidance and will be part of the tender evaluation panel. They will continue to be a partner in the delivery of the contract.
- 26. The new contract also gives the council the opportunity to specify the standard of bus shelter/stop and consider carbon reduction initiatives where appropriate and potentially increase the proportion of green roofs across the city. In line with wider plans to introduce a new electric bus fleet across the city's SmartZone in early 2024 there will be opportunities to work with the Enhanced Partnership to brand bus stop infrastructure.
- 27. The main bus companies operating in Oxford; Oxford Bus Company and Stagecoach have been informed for the plans to tender for this new contract. The Oxford Bus Company, along with Oxfordshire County Council, supported the market engagement event and have supplied passenger data. They will be consulted on the proposed shelter design and provision included in the tenders.
- 28. There is potential to include contract 'add-on's which could see smaller areas, such as neighbouring district or Parish councils, utilise this contract to secure shelters in their areas. This could result in further income to the council either via an agreement to utilise our terms and conditions, or through securing additional advertising revenue.
- 29. Advertisements used on the shelters must adhere to Adhere to the Advertising Standards Authority (ASA) Code of Practice. The contract will also make clear that the advertising for certain products of, or companies dealing in, the tobacco industries; gambling, pay day loans, junk food and petrol/diesel vehicles for example will not be accepted.
- 30. Information panels will be included in the shelters for timetables and information about the Smartzone. We will also seek to include a proportion of free advertising space for the council and partners to promote campaigns and services.
- 31. The following factors have been considered and are relevant:
 - Crime and disorder durable materials, improved lighting and connectivity will be used for the new shelters. Regular checks (at varying times of the day) will be conducted, and a simple reporting system will be put in place to ensure the public can report any faults.
 - Sustainability sustainable materials will be used for the new shelters and there is potential to introduce additional green roofs such as the one the council have installed in East Oxford. These improve biodiversity and support the council's Zero Carbon agenda.

- Environmental increased bus patronage is a key aim of the proposed contract, encouraging more people to make an active choice to use a bus rather than a car to make a journey.
- **Social Value** the tender requires the bidders to include proposals for how they will provide social value through this contract such as paying staff the Oxford Living Wage and providing job/apprenticeship opportunities to residents.

Plans for moving between the old and new contract

- 32. The existing shelters will be removed by CCUK and the new provider will supply and install new shelters, at their own cost. Officers are working with the existing provider to develop a comprehensive exit plan for their contract. Once a new provider is appointed, the council will coordinate meetings between the two parties to ensure a smooth transition between the two contacts. Tenders will be asked to supply their implementation plan as part of the tender process. These plans will ensure the removal and replacement of the shelters over the initial contract implementation period keeps the impact on bus shelter users to a minimum, though it is possible there will be periods of time when some stops are without shelters.
- 33. Although it is industry standard for new providers to replace the existing shelters, though the tender process we will ask how the providers will work with the existing provider to adhere to sustainability standards/zero carbon agenda to come to an arrangement that limits unnecessary shelter replacement.
- 34. The new contract will include key performance indicators to track the installation plan for the new shelters and monitor response times in terms of cleaning and maintenance. Regular meetings will take place to ensure a partnership approach to the delivery of the contract is achieved.

Financial implications

- 35. This contract approach is financially sustainable as it means it covers damage, cleaning, and maintenance of the shelters from the advertising income. There may be surplus generated through the advertising to be shared with the council, resulting in an income stream.
- 36. A capital budget (feasibility) of £31, 500 has been approved by Development Board for staff time (project management and Legal advice) to develop the procurement process and tender documentation. This is thought to be sufficient to enable the council to enter the new contract. No other costs are envisaged as the capital cost of the shelters will be covered by the new supplier.

Legal issues

- 37. Current staff may be eligible to TUPE over to the new provider. Details of eligible staff will be made available via the tender process so costs can be considered. It is thought only one member of staff would be eligible to transfer.
- 38. Legal assistance is required for the final contract agreement. We will also need to liaise with legal officers at Oxfordshire County Council to finalise the terms of the agreement, as the County Council will be a party to this. It is expected that each authority will be responsible for their own legal costs associated with the negotiation of the agreement.

Level of risk

39. Please see attached Risk Register at Appendix 1.

Equalities impact

40. Through the tender process the suppliers will be asked to demonstrate how they have considered equalities in their proposals for bus shelter improvements. Accessibility, signage, and lighting will be key issues for consideration. Social value provides options for suppliers to demonstrate how they could offer opportunities for greater inclusion to be achieved through this contract.

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Background Papers: None	
Baokground rapers. None	



Appendix 1 - Risk Register

Bus shelter infrastructure contract

As at: 23/06/23

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Ref	Title	Risk Description	Opp / Threat	Cause	Consequence	Risk Treatment	Date Raised	Owner	Р		Р		Score	Р		Comments	Control / Mitigation Description	Date Due	Action Status	% Progress	Action Owne
		Lack of interest from		Not interested in bidding for the contract; doesn't fit with existing portfolio, lack of			01/03/23									The council don't have the resources/expertise to run the contract directly and ODS don't wish to	PIN notice and market engagement event demonstrated market interest and 5 suppliers are engaged in the process. This is a relatively high	30/11/23			
	Lack of interest from the market	suppliers in bidding for the tender	Threat	resources, unsuitable contract terms	Unable to appoint new supplier to manage contract	Reduce		ES	5	2	3	2	6	2	2	take this on. New contract could be offered with existing provider.	number for the size of the market.		Ongoing	70%	ES
	No tenders	No infrastructure operator bids for the new contract	Threat	Lack of interested suppliers	Further contract extension on current terms and seek	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	3	4	2	2	4	1		The current supplier has delivered the contract terms for 15 years (and the original terms since 1987). They have the experience to deliver the contract and have provided a good service. There is no evidence to suggest they couldn't build on their offer to bring the provision more in line with our new requirements	We have done some soft market testing and we have evidence that suggests the current supplier will bid again so as minimum we will have 1 tender but also have had interest from other suppliers through that process		Ongoing	70%	ES
	No income share secured in new contract	Income share suggested during market engagement not achieved		Cost to deliver the contract higher than anticipated	No additional income is secured for the council but no additional cost.	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	3	2	2	2	4	2	2	Once all costs are accounted for, the profit share suppliers are able to provide may be lower	We did soft market testing. Market is experienced and understands the cost implications involved and the value of the advertising generated and have indicated there is an opportunity.	30/11/23	Ongoing	30%	ES
155	Planning permission requirements	Planning permission/conservation requirements mean it is not possible to increase digital advertising offer	Threat	Permissions	Suppliers have expressed interest in increasing digital advertising offering as this this means increased revenue and therefore profit share so this could affect the income levels the council receives.	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	3	2	3	2	6	2	2	Planning are engaged and will guide what is included in the tender. It will be made clear that suppliers are responsible for seeking any necessary permissions prior to installing any new advertising etc. I this was made clear during marke engagement.	minimise risk.	30/11/23	Ongoing	30%	ES
	Delays in tendering/contracting	Delays in the process mean the new contract is not in place by 30th November 2023	Threat	Delays in launching the tender, delays in contracting as a result of concern over contract clauses	Further extension of existing contract, potential loss of revenue	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	3	2	3	2	6	2		Minimum tendering period is 6 weeks. Tender will be launched following Cabinet approval. Draft contract will be included in the tender pack.	Tender documents drafted ahead of Cabinet and Procurement engaged so we can launch tender following July Cabinet. Contract published with tender pack.	12/07/23	Ongoing	50%	ES
	Disruption to service users	Delay in transition from old to new provider results in periods of time where bus stops are without a shelter/disruption to footpath caused by shelter replacement	Threat	Inadequate transition plan in place between old and new provider	Stops are without shelters/seating for a period of time	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	3	3	3	2	6	2	2	Council will be conduit between old and new supplier and ensure that no shelter is removed without an agreed plan in place for its replacement within a short time period. Though the tender process we will ask how the providers will work with the existing provider to adhere to sustainability standards/zero carbon agenda to come to an arrangement that limits unnecessary shelter replacement	Thorough transition plan in place and agreed by all relevant parties. We are / also seeking evidence of experience in managing a change of supplier in the tender documents.	30/11/23	Ongoing	40%	ES
	Shelters not supplied on time	New provider fails to provide shelters in timely manner	Threat	Contracting delays, supply issues, transition arrangements not in place between old and new supplier	Stops are without shelters/seating for a period of time	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	3	3	3	2	6	1	2	The provision of bus shelters will be included as a KPI and Service level and a service failure credit will be applied should they fall to deliver on time.	Thorough transition plan in place and agreed by all relevant parties. We are also seeking evidence of experience in managing a change of supplier in the tender documents.	30/11/23	Ongoing	70%	ES
	No new innovation	Lack of innovation demonstrated in tender	Threat	Supplier fails to deliver any innovation	Bus shelter offer doesn't align to environmental needs and technological developments over time	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	3	3	2	2	4	1	1		Test innovation at tender stage	01/09/23	Ongoing	70%	ES
	Public perception	Public confusion about the need to replace bus shelters	Threat	Ineffective Comms explaining the contract situation	Increased calls to the council/complaints	Reduce	30/04/23	ES	4	3	3	2	6	2	2	Other local authorities who have gone through this type of contract change have experienced some negative press	Public to be made aware of changes in advance. Aim is to limit uncessary shelter replacement.	01/09/23	Ongoing	30%	ES

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To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Head of Business Improvement

Title of Report: Citizen Experience Strategy 2023-25

Summary and recommendations

Purpose of report: To seek approval for a new Citizen Experience Strategy

2023-25

Key decision: No

Cabinet Member: Councillor Nigel Chapman, Cabinet Member for Citizen

Focused Services and Council Companies

Corporate Priority: All

Policy Framework: Council Strategy 2020-24

Recommendation: That Cabinet resolves to:

1. **Approve** the Citizen Experience Strategy 2023-25 (at Appendix 1).

Appendices					
Appendix 1	Citizen Experience Strategy				
Appendix 2	Consultation Findings				
Appendix 3	Risk Register				
Appendix 4	Equalities Impact Assessment				

Introduction and background

- 1. This Citizen Experience Strategy ("the Strategy") outlines the approach the Council will be taking to provide a positive experience for all of Oxford's citizens in accessing its services and engaging with it as a provider of them.
- 2. This Citizen Experience Strategy is more wide ranging than our previous customer contact strategy which were more transactional in nature and more focused on the first point of contact. This strategy will ensure that all of the City Council Services are in tune with the approach, and also embraces other organisations and

- community groups so that together, we provide the right support for anyone living, working or visiting Oxford.
- 3. Since its last Customer Contact Strategy which covered the period 2019 to 2022, the impact of digital technology in day-to-day life has grown significantly, and driven further improvements in the way we deliver services. In addition, the Council's response to the Covid Pandemic has taught it much about the ways it can interact with its citizens, and that citizens rightly expect to be able to engage in a range of ways including using more digital channels.
- The Council has taken this learning to review its approach and consulted with all of its stakeholders to present the Citizen Experience Strategy, which can be found at Appendix 1.

Current Context

- 5. It is important to understand the key demographics of the citizens the Council is serving, to ensure that any strategy we develop is relevant in addressing the city's needs.
- 6. Oxford is a changing city that is becoming more diverse. According to the ONS Census 2021 data the population of Oxford is 162,040. The population is made up of 15.4% (24,991) Asian, 4.7% (7,535) Black, 5.6% (9,005) Multiple Ethnic groups, 70.7% (114,561) White and 3.7% (5,948) 'other' Ethnic groups.
- 7. The census also shows the profound health inequality that continues to exist in our city. Those aged 65+ years make up for 12% of the population in the city. 3.3% (5,415) of the population are living with either 'Bad or very bad health'. 14.5% (23,491) of the population identify as being disabled under the Equality Act.
- 8. Inequality also exists in significant parts of the city experiencing extreme poverty. The English Indices of Deprivation 2019 results show Oxford has one Lower Layer Super Output Area within the 10% most deprived areas nationally (Northfield Brook) and there are 9 areas in total among the 20% most deprived nationally, which are located in The Leys, Barton, Littlemore, Rose Hill and Carfax.
- 9. Digital disadvantage is also widespread. The Oxford Internet Institute recently conducted a survey of local residents to explore the impact of the digital divide in the city. The results revealed that almost a quarter of Oxford residents lack access to the internet, and this lack of access disproportionately affects those from lower-income households and minority ethnic backgrounds.
- 10. There are 4,580 registered businesses within the Oxford boundaries that provide approximately 113,900 jobs, each of whom will have a high expectation about how they engage with the city to be successful employers.
- 11. Visitors to the city also want a positive experience, and Oxford remains a key destination attracting approximately 7-million-day time and staying visitors per year.

Current Service

12. The scale of our current front line business activity is significant. In 2022/23, the Council's customer contact centre handled just under 140,000 telephone calls (with over 96% of these calls resolved without recourse to the back office), the Customer

- Service Officers handled over 4,000 face to face enquiries, and there were over 30,000 online form submissions on its website. For 2022/23 customer satisfaction with the Council's face to face service was over 97%, for its contact centre was over 80% and for the website was 41%.
- 13. The City Council has been accredited with the Customer Service Excellence quality mark since 2013. This standard recognises organisations that deliver efficient and effective services that place customers at the heart of service provision. The Council's most recent assessment was in March 2023, where it passed with flying colours with only one partial compliance across the 57 criteria. Additionally, this year the assessors awarded 11 Compliance Plus ratings where the Council were judged to have gone "above and beyond" what was expected.
- 14. The Council's face to face service relocated to the Westgate Library in January 2022, operating for 3 days each week alongside Citizens Advice Oxford. The benefits of this way of working are so much more than co-location. Working together has delivered speedier advice for citizens, joining up access to all Council services (particularly Council Tax, Benefits and Housing). The City Council has been able to signpost more directly to Citizens Advice for specialist debt advice.
- 15. The City Council's Covid response introduced locality hubs to ensure communities received the support and advice they needed during the pandemic. The City Council has built on that approach, creating locality networks in its communities, joining up service delivery across the Council and working with the County Council, other organisations and community groups to ensure it is supporting citizens to get access to the best support and advice.
- 16. The development of these locality networks will specifically help to tackle the health and poverty inequalities communities are experiencing. These networks will also help to bridge the digital divide which is a key enabler to improving quality of life.
- 17. Understanding the changing demographics as highlighted above, the organisation has access to a comprehensive range of language support services including telephone interpreting, face to face interpreting (Including British Sign Language Interpreters), video calls and document translation services. The current supplier for these is Word360, but we are currently re-tendering for this service, looking for a like-for-like offer which will be in place by the end of August.
- 18. Insight shows that Google Translate is widely used by non-English speaking citizens when accessing the internet and so site-specific translation services are not always required.

Consultation process

- 19. The draft Citizen Experience Strategy was taken to the Leader's meeting on 25/01/23 and approved as a draft for consultation.
- 20. Citizens have been consulted in a number of ways. These opportunities were used to test objectives and language, and also to understand what barriers are faced in getting access to services. Officers visited existing Community Larders in Rose Hill and Barton and attended a Community Champions Forum at the Museum of Oxford and an online Diversity Forum. In addition, citizens using the contact centre and visiting the front-line service at the Westgate were surveyed on their views.

- 21. The Council commissioned a special session for advice providers to understand how the strategy and its objectives would affect their services.
- 22. A session was also held with the Director for Customer Experience and Cultural Services at Oxfordshire County Council, to ensure that the partnership approach suggested aligns with their direction of travel.
- 23. Individual discussions were held with every Service Head and representatives of their teams, to seek their feedback on the proposed strategy, its objectives and language. This feedback has been used to develop the Citizen Experience action plan and for services to consider their own more specific actions.
- 24. Staff were given the opportunity to share their views again on the objectives and language of the strategy, and also on what they would need to help them embrace and deliver against the proposed principles of the strategy. This was achieved using a series of online and in person sessions.
- 25. Different dimensions of the strategy were further tested with the Policy Officer Group and Equalities Steering Groups, in addition to their feedback on objectives and language. The Policy Officer Group were asked to consider alignment with other existing City Council policies, whilst the Equalities Steering Group has supported the development of the Equalities Impact Assessment.

Data and Insight Summary

- 26. The insights gathered has been used to enrich the action plan, ensuring priorities already underway are still relevant. They have significantly shaped the language used. It has also been a valuable exercise to ensure that all Council services are fully aligned to the strategy principles. The full consultation findings can be found in Appendix 2.
- 27. There will be a greater emphasis on supporting those in digital poverty or with lower literacy skills. The action plan includes a review of the Community Involvement Policy, a commitment to explore how the new Resident's panel can be better used and how young people can be more formally engaged.
- 28. The Council also found a clear opportunity to work closely with its commissioned advice providers to ensure they are able to champion the benefits of digital access and are included in the locality network approach.
- 29. Improving the website was unsurprisingly a big priority in the feedback. There was a widespread demand for it to be more user-friendly, with better quality information that is updated regularly. A new approach to the content management of our website is being developed, and citizens will be engaged as part of this process.
- 30. The digital divide reported by the Oxford Internet Institute is concerning and persistent. Work has already begun with Activate Learning at the Blackbird Leys Technology Campus. We will be working together using their resources to provide digital skills and employability support for citizens. They will also be helping the City Council to be seen as a viable employer in the community and supporting citizens to apply for roles with us, in particular for the forthcoming apprenticeship scheme.
- 31. Better use of data and insight was another key theme. This is reflected in our priority to ensure a co-ordinated approach to the customer feedback and insight we

- gather from a range of sources including member enquiries, comments and complaints and freedom of information requests. Internally, we also need to ensure that the organisation understands and uses that insight to support decision making and policy formulation.
- 32. Through the consultation process, services have also committed to undertake a range of actions to improve their offerings in line with the Strategy principles. These include policy reviews, improving web content, reviewing processes and service standards.
- 33. In terms of the language of the Citizen Experience Strategy itself, there was some debate regarding the use of "citizen" or "customer". Comments included "customer" having a transactional or consumer meaning but may be a friendlier term. Some feedback said "citizen" may be a word that may exclude some of our communities; visitors for example may not feel they are citizens. There was no clear preference overall, or other more suitable suggestions but a strong feeling that whatever word is chosen, a definition is included in the strategy. A strap line to the Citizen Experience Strategy has been added to provide further clarity.
- 34. A definition has been included to say "citizens" are those who live, work in and visit the City Council.
- 35. A strap line to the strategy has been added to say "For everyone that lives in, works in or visits the City of Oxford".
- 36. There was feedback over the vision which used the term "putting at the heart of everything we do", which was said to be overused. In addition, the citizen feedback said that what was really important to them was knowing they had been listened to and understanding what the Council had done with any feedback given. The vision has therefore been amended to say "Put communities and citizens at the heart of how we work, ensuring they actively shape our services and that the right support is available for anyone living, working or visiting Oxford."
- 37. Staff feedback also had clear themes. They were clear they need a better staff directory as well as development in customer service and equalities skills to support citizens and fulfil the ambitions of the Strategy. Staff also wanted to set clearer expectations for citizens of the service standards that the Council is working to. This feedback is reflected in the action plan to develop the citizen experience "culture" in the organisation.

Strategy Summary

- 38. The shaping of and the emerging priorities of this new "Citizen Experience Strategy" differs from previous customer contact strategies. Wherever and however our citizens touch the Council's business and services, it aims to ensure its promises and aspirations are always met. Work has been done to ensure alignment to the Thriving Communities, Equalities, Inclusive Economy and People Strategies.
- 39. The Citizen Experience Strategy sets a vision for modern, inclusive and accessible services. Embracing the benefits of digital technology and automation to make the experience quicker and easier whilst also meeting the needs of Oxford's diverse communities, with access to the appropriate specialisms for more complex interactions.

- 40. The Council is equally committed to ensure that no-one gets left behind, utilising a range of access channels including face to face options to make that possible.
- 41. The Council will make the most of its data and insight, whether that is using customer feedback to improve processes, involving citizens in service design, or utilising data to spot trends and support business policy and decisions.
- 42. Strengthening support within communities and working collaboratively with partners, agencies and community groups will give holistic, right first-time solutions and advice. This is not just about solving short term day to day issues but ensuring early intervention, improving resident outcomes overall and reducing the call on council services, so it can focus on the most complex needs. The locality model is intrinsic to stimulating this approach.
- 43. The Citizen Experience Strategy has 4 pillars that accord with the Customer Service Excellence Standard. They are:
 - Citizen focused
 - Positive Citizen Experience
 - Inclusive Access
 - · Get it right first time

Delivery

- 44. The action plan for delivery of the Strategy, showing how each of the 4 pillars are addressed can be found within the Strategy.
- 45. Delivery of the Citizen Experience Strategy action plan is overseen by the Fit for the Future Board. An Annual update on progress will be drawn up for the Cabinet Portfolio Holder to share more widely.
- 46. We will be improving digital access to services for citizens and improving back-office automation that will mean less manual intervention by staff. We will be measuring how successfully citizens use these new digital processes. We will also continue to measure satisfaction with our web, contact centre and face to face services. These will be stretching targets that sit alongside clear plans for improvement.

Financial implications

47. Implementing this strategy will contribute to savings already included in the medium term financial plan (MTFP) and currently requires no additional funding beyond that already identified in the MTFP, such as for the website redevelopment. Should any additional requirements or savings surface over time, they will be included in the budget process in the usual manner.

Legal issues

48. There are no legal implications arising directly from this report. In delivering services the Council must be mindful of the public sector equality duty to consider how its policies or decisions affect people who are protected under the Equality Act 2010. The duty requires organisations to consider how they could positively contribute to the advancement of equality and good relations. It requires equality considerations to be reflected into the design of policies and the delivery of services, including internal policies, and for these issues to be kept under review.

Level of risk

49. This can be found at Appendix 3.

Equalities impact

50. This can be found at Appendix 4.

Carbon and Environmental Considerations

51. One of the central themes of the Citizen Experience Strategy encourages citizens that can to access services to use digital channels. It also promotes early intervention by using our locality networks. This all helps to minimise travel which reduces the impact on the environment.

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Background Papers: None	
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Appendix 1





CITIZEN EXPERIENCE STRATEGY 2023 – 2025

For everyone that lives in, works in or visits the City of Oxford









Foreword

Everyday hundreds of the city's citizens engage with Oxford City Council, whether as individuals or as part of organisations and businesses. In addition, Oxford welcomes thousands of students and visitors a year who use our services. All those contacts help create Oxford City Council's reputation and done well, encourage investment in the city as well as making it a great place to live, work and visit.

That is why Citizen Engagement matters, and why we need a robust and forward-looking strategy which will help shape the right priorities for our city. This strategy outlines a vision which is richer and more relevant than the narrower transactional nature of our current Customer Services strategy. It commits us to a more systematic engagement with all our citizens to ensure your feedback makes all we do of the highest possible quality.

We are facing a profound digital revolution with Councils like ours expected to meet higher standards than ever in terms of ease of use and access to services. For many citizens, interacting with the Council digitally and on the move is now the default expectation.

But we also must continue meet the needs of citizens who are digitally disadvantaged. There are stark differences in the city in terms of access to technology and broadband. We will continue to invest in telephony and face to face services so that no one is left behind, and in widening digital access.

We will continue to listen and work collaboratively with you to understand and make the changes we need to continually improve our services.

Change in an area like Citizen Engagement is a given; we must be at our best to meet and stay ahead of your changing demands.

And we will measure our performance, with clear targets which stretch to meet our collective ambition. We will celebrate our meeting them and explain and improve where we fall short, as we work hard to deliver this exciting vision.



Councillor Nigel Chapman

Cabinet member for Citizen Focused Services and Council

Companies

Introduction

This Citizen Experience Strategy outlines the approach we will be taking to provide a positive experience for all of our citizens in accessing our services and engaging with us as a provider of them.

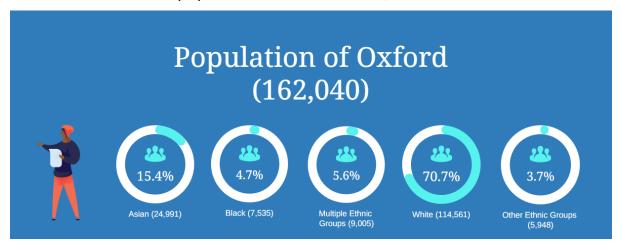
This Citizen Experience Strategy is more wide ranging than our previous customer contact strategies which were more transactional in nature and more focused on the first point of contact. This strategy will ensure that all of the City Council Services are in tune with the approach, and also embraces other organisations and community groups so that together, we provide the right support for anyone living, working or visiting Oxford.

Since our last Customer Contact Strategy which covered the period 2019 to 2022, the impact of digital technology in day-to-day life has grown significantly, and driven further improvements in the way we deliver services. Alongside this, our response to the Covid Pandemic has taught us much about the ways we can interact with our citizens, and quite rightly the expectation is to be able to engage in a range of ways including using more digital channels.

Current Context

It is important to understand the key demographics of the citizens the Council is serving, in order to ensure that any strategy we develop is relevant in addressing the city's needs.

Oxford is a changing city that is becoming more diverse. According to the ONS Census 2021 data the population of Oxford is 162,040.



The census also shows an ageing population and the profound health inequality that continues to exist in our city.







23,491 people in Oxford identify as being disabled under the Equality Act



(5,415 of Oxford's population living with bad or very bad health)

Inequality also exists in significant parts of the city experiencing extreme poverty. The English Indices of Deprivation 2019 results show Oxford has one Lower Layer Super Output Area within the 10% most deprived areas nationally (Northfield Brook) and there are 9 areas in total among the 20% most deprived nationally which are in The Leys, Barton, Littlemore, Rose Hill and Carfax.

Digital disadvantage is also widespread. The Oxford Internet Institute recently conducted a survey of residents to explore the impact of the digital divide in the city. The results revealed that almost a quarter of Oxford residents lack access to the internet, and this lack of access disproportionately affects those from lower-income households and minority ethnic backgrounds.

There are 4,580 registered businesses within the Oxford boundaries that provide approximately 113,900 jobs, each of whom will have a high expectation about how they engage with the city to be successful employers.

Visitors to the city also want a positive experience, and Oxford remains a key destination attracting approximately 7-million-day time and staying visitors per year.

Current Service

The scale of our current front line business activity is significant.



Customer Satisfaction



The City Council has been accredited with the Customer Service Excellence quality mark since 2013. This standard recognises organisations that deliver efficient and effective services that place customers at the heart of service provision. The Council's most recent assessment was in March 2023, where it passed with flying colours with only one partial compliance across the 57 criteria. Additionally, this year the assessors awarded 11 Compliance Plus ratings where the Council were judged to have gone "above and beyond" what was expected.

The Council's face to face service relocated to the Westgate Library in January 2022, operating for 3 days each week alongside Citizens Advice Oxford. The benefits of this way of working are so much more than co-location. Working together has delivered speedier advice for citizens, joining up access to all Council services (particularly Council Tax, Benefits and Housing). The City Council has been able to signpost more directly to Citizens Advice for specialist debt advice.

The City Council's Covid response introduced locality hubs to ensure communities received the support and advice they needed during the pandemic. The City Council has built on that approach, creating locality networks in its communities, joining up service delivery across the Council and working with the County Council, other organisations and community groups to ensure it is supporting citizens to get access to the best support and advice.

The development of these locality networks will specifically help to tackle the health and poverty inequalities communities are experiencing. These networks will also help to bridge the digital divide which is a key enabler to improving quality of life.

Understanding the changing demographics as highlighted above, the organisation has access to a comprehensive range of language support services including telephone interpreting, face to face interpreting (Including British Sign Language Interpreters), video calls and document translation services. The current supplier for these is Word360, but we are currently re-tendering for this service, looking for a like-for-like offer which will be in place by the end of August.

Insight shows that Google Translate is widely used by non-English speaking citizens when accessing the internet and so site-specific translation services are not always required.

How we consulted

Citizens have been consulted in a number of ways. These opportunities were used to test objectives and language, and also to understand what barriers are faced in getting access to services. Officers visited existing Community Larders in Rose Hill and Barton and attended a Community Champions Forum at the Museum of Oxford and an online Diversity Forum. In addition, citizens using the contact centre and visiting the front-line service at the Westgate were surveyed on their views.

The Council commissioned a special session for advice providers to understand how the strategy and its objectives would affect their services.

A session was also held with the Director for Customer Experience and Cultural Services at Oxfordshire County Council, to ensure that the partnership approach suggested aligns with their direction of travel.

Individual discussions were held with every Service Head and representatives of their teams, to seek their feedback on the proposed strategy, its objectives and language. This feedback has been used to develop the Citizen Experience action plan and for services to consider their own more specific actions.

Staff were given the opportunity to share their views again on the objectives and language of the strategy, and also on what they would need to help them embrace and deliver against the draft principles of the strategy. This was achieved using a series of online and in person sessions.

Different dimensions of the strategy were further tested with the Policy Officer Group and Equalities Steering Groups, in addition to their feedback on objectives and language. The Policy Officer Group were asked to consider alignment with other existing City Council policies, whilst the Equalities Steering Group has supported the development of the Equalities Impact Assessment.

How we have used our findings

The insights gathered have been used to enrich the action plan, ensuring priorities already underway are still relevant. They have significantly shaped the language used. It has also been a valuable exercise to ensure that all Council services are fully aligned to the strategy principles.

There will be a greater emphasis on supporting those in digital poverty or with lower literacy skills. The action plan includes a review of the Community Involvement Policy, a commitment to explore how the new Resident's Panel can be better used and how young people can be more formally engaged.

The Council also found a clear opportunity to work closely with its commissioned advice providers to ensure they are able to champion the benefits of digital access and are included in the locality network approach.

Improving the website was unsurprisingly a big priority in the feedback. There was a widespread demand for it to be more user-friendly, with better quality information that is updated regularly. A new approach to the content management of our website is being developed, and citizens will be engaged as part of this process.

The digital divide reported by the Oxford Internet Institute is concerning and persistent. Work has already begun with Activate Learning at the Blackbird

Leys Technology Campus. We will be working together using their resources to provide digital skills and employability support for citizens. They will also be helping the City Council to be seen as a viable employer in the community and supporting citizens to apply for roles with us, in particular for the forthcoming apprenticeship scheme.

Better use of data and insight was another key theme. This is reflected in our priority to ensure a co-ordinated approach to the customer feedback and insight we gather from a range of sources including member enquiries, comments and complaints and freedom of information requests. Internally, we also need to ensure that the organisation understands and uses that insight to support decision making and policy formulation.

Through the consultation process, services have also committed to undertake a range of actions to improve their offerings in line with the strategy principles. These include policy reviews, improving web content, reviewing processes and service standards.

In terms of the Citizen Experience Strategy itself there was some debate regarding the use of "citizen" or "customer". Comments included "customer" having a transactional or consumer meaning but may be a friendlier term. Some feedback said "citizen" may be a word that excludes some of our communities; visitors for example may not feel they are citizens. There was no clear preference overall, or other more suitable suggestions but a strong feeling that whatever word is chosen a definition is included in the strategy. A strap line to the Citizen Experience Strategy has been added to provide further clarity.

A definition has been duly included to say "citizens" are those who live, work in and visit the City Council.

A strap line to the strategy has been added to say, "For everyone that lives in, works in or visits the City of Oxford".

There was feedback over the vision which used the term "putting you at the heart of everything we do", which was said to be overused. In addition, the citizen feedback said that what was really important to them was knowing they had been listened to and understanding what the Council had done with any feedback given. The vision has therefore been amended to say, "Put communities and citizens at the heart of how we work, ensuring they actively shape our services and that the right support is available for anyone living, working or visiting Oxford".

Staff feedback also had clear themes. They were clear they need a better staff directory as well as development in customer service and equalities skills to

support citizens and fulfil the ambitions of the strategy. Staff also wanted to set clearer expectations for citizens of the service standards that the Council is working to. This feedback is reflected in the action plan to develop the citizen experience "culture" in the organisation.

Our vision is simple:

Put communities and citizens at the heart of how we work, ensuring they actively shape our services and that the right support is available for anyone living, working or visiting Oxford.

In this strategy, "Citizens" are those who live, work in and visit the City Council. The outcomes and actions in this strategy also cover our relationships with businesses, communities and partners.

We will deliver modern, inclusive and accessible services that embrace the benefits of technology to make the experience quicker and easier for everyone.

Ensuring no-one gets left behind, we will provide a range of ways to contact us with access to specialists for more complex enquiries.

We will make the most of our data and insight, whether that is using citizen feedback to improve our processes, involving citizens in our service design, or utilising our data to spot trends and support business policy and decisions to ensure our services meet the needs of our citizens.

We will strengthen support within communities and work together with partners, agencies and community groups to give holistic, right first time solutions and advice to ensure the early prevention of issues.

We pledge to deliver these simple and ambitious outcomes:

Citizen Focused

- We will put you at the heart of how we work, and develop a learning culture to continually improve our offer to you
- We will listen, use insight and feedback to make sure our services are based on what is needed, and measure success in a way that is accountable to you
- We will use insight to spot trends where we are failing to meet the service standard and improve performance
- We will work collaboratively with our communities, and design services to meet your needs through a variety of contact channels
- We will develop a diverse and engaged workforce that is representative and in tune with

Positive Citizen Experience

- We will make sure the citizen experience as a whole is quicker, easier and better
- We will ensure our staff are supported to give a professional and helpful experience with access to the right tools and technologies
- We will take ownership for delivery and get the basics right
- We will set clear expectations, do what we say we will do and keep you informed of progress

Inclusive Access

- We will deliver modern, accessible services that meet the needs of our diverse communities and promote our equalities objectives. This includes:
 - An easy to use website for information and guidance, accessible through a range of devices including lap tops and smart phones
 - Self-service to access personal information and request services
 - Keeping updated with messages and alerts
 - Interactive social media
- We will deliver face to face and other assisted support, and help the most vulnerable people to ensure their complex needs are met and no one gets left behind
- We will make our services and information clear, concise and accessible to all using language that reinforces our values
- We will do all we can to reduce digital exclusion by improving our citizens skills and access to technology

Get it Right First Time

- We will resolve your needs at the first point of contact where possible
- We will act swiftly to remedy individual service failures and communicate these actions to you
- We will work collaboratively with partners, agencies and community groups to ensure early intervention
- We will ensure our systems and processes reduce unnecessary contact for you, so your needs are resolved at the first time you contact us

Action Plan

The data and insight received during the consultation have helped shaped this strategy and its emerging priorities, and are now embedded in a clear action plan which is laid out below. The delivery of this action plan will be overseen by the Council's senior management team and progress reported to the relevant Cabinet portfolio holders.

Outcome	Workstream	Start Date	Finish Date
Citizen Focused	Maintaining Customer Service Excellence accreditation		Next annual assessment date is November 2023
	Reviewing our corporate standards, key performance indicators and service offer	June 2023	November 2023
	Reviewing the improvement of services from data insight	April 2023	April 2024
	Review and refresh of the Community Involvement Policy	September 2023	December 2023
	Re-launch and ongoing engagement through the Residents Panel	July 2023	Continuous
Outcome	Workstream	Start Date	Finish Date
Positive Citizen	Website redesign and content refresh	May 2023	TBC
Experience	Development of new online forms	May 2023	Continuous
	Implementation of the revenues and benefits new online forms automation	April 2023	October 2023
	Communications Plan to support and encourage digital access	June 2023	October 2023

	Service based process improvement programme	May 2022	May 2023			
Outcome	Workstream	Start Date	Finish Date			
Inclusive Access	Development of face to face assisted support model for vulnerable and more complex queries	Contir	nuous			
	Development of collaborative approaches with community groups, partner and agencies offering (Thriving Community Strategy)	Continuous				
	Supporting our communities to have access to digital technology and better digital skills	May 2023	Continuous			
Outcome	Workstream	Start Date	Finish Date			
Get it Right First Time	Service integration optimised across organisation	Contir	nuous			
	Developing and aligning commissioned advice offer	May 2023	May 2024			
	Behavioural insight	January 2023	March 2024			
	Developing citizen experience culture for staff including digital and technology skills	April 2023	March 2024			

Success Measures

The Council will be improving digital access to services for citizens and improving back-office automation that will mean less manual intervention by staff. The Council will be measuring the extent and success of how citizens use these new digital processes. It will also continue to measure customer satisfaction with its web, contact centre and face to face services. These will include stretching targets that sit alongside clear plans for improvement.



Citizen Experience Strategy and Operating Model

Conversations Feedback April 2023

Citizen Experience Strategy and Operating Model



Contents:

- General Feedback
 - Language
 - Citizen / Customer/ Comments
 - Anything Missing?
- Accessing our services
 - Barriers
 - ے Solutions
- ∞ Emerging Actions for the Organisation
 - Overview
 - Detail by theme
- Emerging Actions by Service Area
- Staff Feedback
 - What more Teams can do
 - What help do staff need

General Feedback



Language

Suggestions to remove:

- Citizen first approach
- Doing **to** you
- 'Front Door'

_Other comments:

- Too many words Use visuals
- Needs to be plain English
- Use accessible colours
- Define the word 'you' in many places
- Digital; by design or choice? needs consistency
- Needs to be within constraints of legislation
- 'Right first time' must be a positive comment and make clear it is referring to us getting right first time not the citizen
- The strapline is well used already try something new
- Customer / citizens / residents be consistent
- Grammar and punctuation needs looking at
- Tenants may not recognise themselves in "Citizens" and from Regulator perspective it's not a common term

Suggestions to add:

- 'Putting you first'
- Making your experience inclusive, seamless, accessible, easy and automated where appropriate for speed and simplicity
- Doing with you
- Something about listening to and hearing our citizen's voice rather than putting citizens at the heart of what we do
- Tenants satisfaction could be a measure for success

General Feedback

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE PROGRAMM

Citizen?, Customer? Or something else?

- No clear preference
- Other suggestion- Residents, Community

Comments:

Customer – Suggests transactional, consumerMore friendly

Citizen – Suggests the need to have citizenship; legal aspects
 The communities don't use this word, so wont identify
 Old and outdated
 Does not cover visitors to the City

- Some of our customers (Planning) are neither our citizens or residents
- Have our customers asked to be called something else?
- Whichever is chosen, include a definition

General Feedback – Is anything missing?

- An elevator pitch / summary
- Why this is necessary
- Where do the Members fit in?
- Where do Support Services (Enablers) fit in?
- Ensure this reflects our businesses too
- How ODS and OXPlace fit in?
- Make sure we acknowledge we won't be able to give everyone everything they want
- Needs to reflect different levels of contact for different teams
- How this is going to work
- How we will communicate and engage
- mphasis on retaining a face-to-face offering
- What we are moving from, and to and why it is important
- Examples how this will work
- Profiles
- Videos
- Data
- Our corporate values and standards
- Examples of the high-level work streams from the programme
- Our reporting mechanisms
- How we will know we have succeeded What does good look like
- List of interaction points who is their first point of contact
- In order to deliver, lack of ICT resource (even with prioritisation) is major issue



Accessing our Services

Citizens & Advice Agencies Feedback



Barriers

- Website not user friendly too distracting, too many fonts, too clunky.
- Having to use Google to find the right webpage on the website as can't find it from the homepage!
- Hidden disabilities can be ignored/not recognised/not fully catered for (on website for ⊗example)
- Digital Poverty
- Literacy levels
- Blackbird Leys BLITZ IT hub is no more.
- Library staff no longer support with computer skills.
- Advice Centre has limited resources to help with online services.
- Unclear signage at library
- So many services and not knowing how to navigate it, find it difficult to do it over the phone or online

Accessing our Services

Citizens & Advice Agencies Feedback



Suggestions:

- How to videos on the website
- Offices in local areas saves transport
- Keyboard shortcuts
- ⊞In person 'how to' sessions
- Different languages on the website
- Clear options on the phone line, so citizens know they are going in the right direction
- Communicate back to citizens what we have done against our promises however big or small – that's what they want to hear about

Emerging Actions for the Organisation – Themes Overview (details in next slides)



	Webiste	Translation	IT	FOI	Links	Intranet	Data	Reporting	Face to Face	Training	Comms	Online offering	Cuture	EDI
Law Gov														
Planning														
Comm Services														
Corp Strat														
Reg Sens					5									
Reg Serva CO Corp Pathy														
Regen. Ec														
Finance														
Citizens														
EDI														
Policy Officers														
Housing														
OX Place														
B.I														

Emerging Actions for the Organisation (1/4)



Website

- 1. Improvements and better quality information on website; updated regularly, and resources to do this
- 2. How to use videos on website to carry out tasks
- 3. Better links between OCC and OXPlace websites.

Translation

1 Better internal awareness and use of translation services available

8 CICT

- CivicaPay
- 2. Improved phone signal for WFH
- Wider roll out of Power BI

FOI

1. Strategic support for FOIs - communicating the importance and expectations for all staff to support, and learning from them

Emerging Actions for the Organisation (2/4)

Links

- 1. Link to:
 - Digital Inclusion Strategy for County
 - Leisure Options
 - Census data
 - Transformation work in Housing Needs and Homeless Prevention strategy
 - Integrated Care strategy
- 2. Converse with other bodies and hold them to account to listen to our citizens
- 3. Explore widening role of Residents Panel to allow for testing of strategies etc.
- 4x Use our new developments to join up and integrate our work
- Residents Panel

Intranet

1. Better Staff Directory

Data

- 1. Plan for better use of and sharing of data & insight internally and externally
- 2. Feed in and use data from Oxford Residents Survey
- 3. Better use of data and improved data sharing internally
- 4. Build a library of best practice, case studies etc
- 5. Volumetrics for managing demand



Emerging Actions for the Organisation (3/4)

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE PROGRAMME

Reporting

- 1. Review of corporate standards (CSE feedback)
- 2. Review of operational reporting metrics
- 3. Review of quality and number of Corporate and Service KPIs
- 4. Increased Power BI resource

Face to Face

- 1. Space in the community (Comm Centre) for sensitive conversations and 'drop in' conversations
- Explore opportunities for working from Community Centres and promoting how people can book these spaces
- 3. In person 'How to' sessions
- 4. Ask citizens what they want and how they want to be engaged with

Training

- 1. Training around how to have conversations to understand needs of the citizen
- 2. A proper shadowing offer for staff
- 3. Ensure Advice Centres understand our service delivery
- 4. Make citizens feel like a person
- 5. EDI Training for staff
- 6. Comms training

Emerging Actions for the Organisation (4/4)

Comms

- 1. Open, honest, timely communication about decision making and any changes in these
- Better promotion of 'AccessAble'
- 3. Training in comms
- 4. More awareness and better use of the new Residents Panel when in place
- 5. Support and encourage use of videos within comms
- 6. More opportunities to show we listen and we do
- 7. Comms Plan to support the channel shift towards digital

Online offering

Ask citizens what they want and how they want to be engaged with

- 2. More online forms
- 3. Online platform for reporting defects

Cuture

- 1. Structured engagement
- Platform for best practice
- 3. An INTERNAL customer-focused culture
- 4. Continue to develop ways to provide recognition to staff for their hard work

EDI

- 1. Making it easier for everyone to apply for our jobs show case our diverse workforce
- 2. More targeted support to our diverse communities
- 3. Youth Voice



Law and Governance - Emerging Actions



Service Area:

- Policy Review (changing he/she to they)
- Roll out of new database for Information & Governance
- Re-tendering of Case Management for Legal Services
- Lesson learning from Staff Survey (Law & Governance)
- Improving webpage content with rollout of refreshed website
- Publish FOIs on website via new system

Ш	Improvements to website
	Services learn from their FOIs
	Strategic support for FOIs - communicating the importance and expectations for all staff to support with these
	Staff directory and intranet
	Open, honest, timely communication about decision making and any changes in these

Planning - Emerging Actions

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE PROGRAMME

Service Area

- GIS in place
- Local Land Charges digitisation project
- Improve webpages
- Review service standards
- Review of storage of applications scanning an option?
- Replacement of Uniform

- ☐ Re-fresh of website
- Review of corporate standards (CSE feedback)

Community Services - Emerging Actions



Service Area

- Better use of data
- Demonstrating impact
- Digital inclusion
- Online booking systems

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Link to Digital Inclusion Strategy for County
Plan for better use of and sharing of data & insight internally and externally
Training around how to have conversations to understand needs of the citizen
A proper shadowing offer for staff
Better promotion of 'AccessAble'
Comms. training

Corporate Strategy - Emerging Actions

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE PROGRAMME

Service Area

- Website re-design/refresh project
- More digital newsletters in particular Housing/Tenants
- Residents Panel refreshed
- Review of quality and number of Corporate and Service KPIs
- Roll out of Oxford Residents Survey
- Review of operational reporting metrics

Organisation

7.6

Better quality information on website and updated regularly
Raise awareness internally of translation services available
Feed in and use data from Oxford Residents Survey
Review of operational reporting metrics
Review of quality and number of Corporate and Service KPIs
More awareness and better use of the new Residents Panel when in place

Regulatory Services - Emerging Actions



Service Area

- Helping citizen know structure of the team and therefore understand where to go for help (website and upskill Contact Centre)
- Online forms for HMO
- Better info on webpages
- Better use of Power BI for case management

Bette	er info on website to reduce contact/queries from citizens
Bette	er use of and awareness of translation services
Bette	er intranet - in particular staff directory
■ Bette	er use of data and improved data sharing internally (particularly demographic data to ensure representative)
☐ Incre	ased Power BI resource
☐ Space	e in the community (Comm Centre) for sensitive conversations and 'drop in' conversations
■ Explo	ore opportunities for working from Community Centres and promoting how people can book these spaces
🗖 Ensur	re Advice Centres understand our service delivery
■ More	e on-line forms

Corporate Property - Emerging Actions

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE PROGRAMME FIT FOR THE FUTURE

Service Area

- Right To Buy improving process making slicker explore automation
- More prominent automated affordability calculator on line (RTB)

Organisation

upport to provide good content for new website (capacity an issue in services)

Regeneration & Economy Emerging Actions

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE PROGRAMME FIT FOR THE FUTURE

Service Area

- Structured engagement
- Use of videos in comms.
- Explore Govdelivery
- Sharing positive comms.
- SIP Phase2 and embed with Locality Managers
- _Regular briefs with CSO
- lacksquare Online form for general questions

Converse with other bodies and hold them to account to listen to our citizens (enabling role)
Explore widening role of Residents Panel to allow for testing of strategies etc.
Utilisation of our Community Solutions database to support B2B and tactical conversations
Support and encourage use of videos within comms
Structured engagement
Wider offer around Youth Voice

Finance - Emerging Actions



Service Area

- Increase presence in the community (to build trust with citizens and support channel shift)
- Civica Collect
- RPA
- Revs & Bens portal
- QL portal
- __Text messaging

	l Improved	intranet
--	------------	----------

- ☐ Improved phone signal for WFH
- ☐ CivicaPay
- ☐ Staff directory
- ☐ Platform for best practice

Housing - Emerging Actions



Service Area

- CBL needs to go live ongoing probs with QL etc
- Deliver Online form
- Deliver Enhanced Housing Options
- Secondment from Housing to IT to help with Power BI
- Training from housing to upskill to Contact Centre on key housing issues to improve "end to end Journey"
- Review housing needs triage process to improve citizen journey
- Mobile working solutions devices to be rolled out along with versa forms
- Through LS transformation, understanding what the tenancy management offer will be in locality, face to face (sits alongside a significantly enhanced digital offer)
- End to end process map from assessment to allocations to drive out efficiency/new ways of working

Power BI needed across organisation
Volumetrics to manage demand
Refreshed focus on corporate homelessness prevention

OxPlace - Emerging Actions



Service Area

- Review social media channels
- Automate handover
- Consultation events and feeding back to citizens
- Collect more feedback and use it to inform what we can deliver design, installations, fittings, access to information
- Follow through the process of service user feedback into future design/build

Better link between OCC and OX Place websites - not duplicating information and making sure webpage on OCC
looks like OX Place webpage
Ruild a library of host practice, case studies etc

- ☐ Build a library of best practice, case studies etc.
- Online platform for reporting defects

Business Improvement - Emerging Actions



Service Area

- Update website with better and more informative information for citizens to help themselves
- Analyse what difference automation would; make to our front line (Face to face and Calls)
- Look at where we can do more user-led (engaging citizens/users hearing their voice) design of our service improvements, process changes, new systems and comms.
- _Provide ways for staff to go out into and work from the communities we serve. (This will also be part of our evolving \$\text{9}\text{-2F offer}\)

<u>Organisation</u>

- q Ensure there is a Comms Plan in place to support the launch of the new website and the rollout of other new online services
- q Continue to develop ways to provide recognition to staff for their hard work

Citizen focused



What more could teams do?

- Ask citizens about barriers they encounter
- Act on user needs
- Sentiment analysis
- Escalation process (R&B)
- Remove internal barriers so we are seen as one entity

- More resources
- Time to read about what the Council is doing
- A strategic steer on addressing ICT needs
- Customer Services training

Positive Citizen experience

USTOMER EXPERIENCE PROGRAMME

What more could teams do?

- Co-design our services work collaboratively
- More automation on accuracy of claims (R&B)
- Ensure processes are in place and clarify timescales (Property)
- Online bookings for schools/ museum (Comm Services)
- Corporate templates
- Adopt a conversational approach rather than transactional (C.Centre)
- Building blocks (capabilities) in place to provide good online transactions e.g. releasely integration with payments, booking system, etc (ICT)
- Bester way to gather feedback online. Not getting useful feedback from GovMetric currently. Not getting any feedback from online form transactions (ICT)
- Reusable integrations with third party systems (e.g. Uniform, QL etc.) rather than just sending emails to service areas when someone submits an online form (ICT)
- Think long-term about online services. Currently contracts end, new systems procured, and all work on integration on old system is lost and has to be redone (ICT)
- Let citizen/customer know how long each transaction they make online will take to process and what to do if it takes longer (ICT)
- Update citizens on progress of their online transaction to stop repeat contact about the same issue (ICT)
- Focus on delivering good online service for high volume services that currently can't do online e.g. Housing repairs, Bulky Waste Collection, Rent queries, P&R permits (ICT)

- Specific and updated training and information to all (eg questions around energy
- A Website giving more transparency on timeframes of service (R&B)
- Staff directory up to date with current staff, clear descriptions of roles and responsibilities so a search is effective and finds the right person (community services)
- Better internal comms (Community Services)
- Enhanced staff engagement (C.centre)
- Clearer guidelines and timeframes so that citizens are not kept wondering what is going on. (PROPERTY & RB Team)
- Clear strategic direction and technical capability/skills/resource to integrate various systems (ICT)
- Less third -party applications to deliver online services which all work slightly differently (ICT)
- A better understanding of what is available to citizens, so we know how to signpost (L&G team)

Inclusive access



What more could teams do?

- Equality impact assessments and Surgeries (L&G team)
- Still offering PDF and Word-based forms on our website as the only digital channel for completing a transaction.
 Should be replaced with integrated online forms (ICT)
 More inclusive communications
- Need to ensure that all PDF/Word docs on our website comply with legal accessibility standards WCAG 2.1. Currently quite far away from compliance on this (ICT)
- Have a F2F presence maybe teams call with public/in person rota R&B team

- Time needed to absorb all the info that is already available – (L&G team
- Time, Testing of forms efficiencies that are mapped need to be applied (R&B team)
- Corporate-led initiatives to train staff in accessibility best practice (Community Services)
- Staff engagement are staff in a position to improve on their levels of engagement? What's creating barriers?
- Resource needed to comply with legal accessibility standards for online documents. Also requires whole organisation change in mindset/skills (ICT)

Get it right first time



What more could teams do?

- It's not so much the TEAM getting it right. This needs to come from the top down, getting it right for their staff, the emphasis has been on the teams to improve far too much
- Corporate standard processes would help everyone internally and externally (L&G team)
- Automation removes the opportunity for human error speed will stop 2nd chasing calls R&B team

- The staff directory up to date
- One single system that gives a single view of a resident/property, so anyone can see history/notes/contact etc (Community Services)
- Ensuring that we get things right, needs major spend on either staffing or technology, to ensure that we have the resources to get it right.(PROPERTY)
- Corporate understanding of objectives pressure points, government drivers (R&B)
- Time (L&G)

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Ref Title	Risk Description	Opp / Threat	Cause	Consequence	Risk Treatment	Date Raised	Owner	Gross P I	Р	Curre	nt Score	Tar P	get Comments	Control / Mitigation Description	Date Due	Action Status	% Action Owner
CEX001 Project Scope	Detailed scope of roles/activities cannot be agreed with services	Threat	Competing priorities. Limited capacity. Service pressures.	Unable to progress with project.	Reduce	09/06/22	lan Wright	4 3	3	2	6	2	2	Robust RACI in place within Project Scoping ToR. This will need to be agreed with each Project Lead and their HoS at scoping stage along with the scope of the project.	31/05/24	Ongoing	50% Vícki Galvin
CEX004 Delay of efficiencies	The level and rate of efficiencies realised /savings is reduced by descoping or delay	Threat	Change in priorities. Delay in implementation of ICT internally or via extranal provider. Capacity within services to implement. Data to demonstrate efficiencies lacking.	Increased pressure on services as agreed savings	Reduce	09/06/22	lan Wright	4 4	4	3	12	0	3	Ensure digital technology roadmap is prioritised to enable savings for customer. Where benefits have an ICT element this is now going to be highlighted on the Benefits Tracker to activate conversations at OCB around resource for this ICT work. Put in place robust front door of change process to ensure CMT can prioritise project and make decisions relating to prioritisation and potential impact on savings. Engaging HoS via commissioning conversations whereby we set out a clear RACI and project scope at the very start. Inter-dependencies understood and picked up in the conversations to shape the Corporate Business Plan. Robust governance in place via weekly Delivery Boards attented the Project Leads.		Ongoing	10% Vicki Galvin
CEX005 Delay of web/digital	Delays in deployment of web/digital offer due to deployment of ICT on other projects	Threat	Competing and changing priorities within ICT. Staff changes. Team capacity.	Delayed rollout of online forms/applications and RPA Delay to process improvements and efficiencies/savings being made. Delay to channel shift of customers. Customer experience remains unimproved.	Reduce	09/06/22	lan Wright	4 4	4	4	16	4	3	Online forms and website refresh reported on under CEX Programme tracker to help prioritise and align objectives. ICT a standing item at the CEX Delivery Board weekly meeting to discuss interdependencies and timelines (Attended by Rocco and/or Harry). Where benefits have an ICT element this is now going to be highlighted on the Benefits Tracker to activate conversations at OCB around resource for this ICT work which is engaged on other project activities.	31/05/24	Ongoing	10% Vicki Galvin
CEX006 Channel Shift	Channel shift outcomes delayed	Threat	See CEX005	Delay to process improvements and efficiencies/savings being made. Customer experience remains unimproved.	Reduce	09/06/22	lan Wright	4 4	4	4	16	4	3	Develop and identify key customer team members to be upskilled to develop simple forms without interfaces to other systems with minimal reliance or ICT digital team support. There will be a specific project once the Operating Model is agreed to support, encourage and upskill customers to channel shift which will include use of Behavioural Insight.	31/05/24		10% (Vicki Galvin
CEX007 Digitally Excluded	Digitally excluded are not impacted by these changes	Threat	Impact not understood through an EIA. Insight and feedback from customers/citizens not actively sought or considered ongoing.	Digital gap is increased in the city. Increase in inequalities. Some customers/citizens not able to access services. Increase in calls and face to face visits places greater pressure on services. Savings not delivered.	Reduce	09/06/22	lan Wright	4 4	3	4	12	3	3	Equality Impact Assessments in place and regularly reviewed. Ensure a fit for purpose offe is still in place within the community. Ongoing consultation with the EDI Steering Group.	31/05/24	Ongoing	20% Helen Bisho

Campaign CEX009 Management	Campaign management with customers is fragmented and causes avoidable demand during implementation	Threat	support. Reactive comms.	Some customers/citizens not able to access services. Increase in calls and face to face visits places greater pressure on services. Savings not delivered.	Reduce	09/06/22	lan Wright	4	4	3	3	9	2	2	Put in place a governance (including a RACI and scope) to manage campaigns with our customers. Monthly Demand Management with Tom Jennings.	31/05/24	Ongoing	10%	Vicki Galvin
CEX010 Website	Benefit impact and stakeholder management impact due to delay in procurement or deployment process for web/digital offer	Threat	Capacity in business to write new content.	Some customers/citizens not able to access services. Increase in calls and face to face visits places greater pressure on services. Savings not delivered.	Reduce	09/06/22	Helen Bishop	4	4	3	3	O)	2	2	Clear governance to monitor and review progress, training for content authors and engagement with business. Stakeholder mapping and plan in place	30/09/23	Ongoing		
CEX011 Service Capacity	Capacity and commitment in services to lead and deliver on projects.	Threat	re: Fit for the Future	Delays to delivery of projects and therefore efficiencies, savings and process improvements for the customer/citizen.	Avoid	01/0922	Vicki Galvin	4	4	4	4	16	2	2	Robust Terms of Reference to be agreed in scoping meeting complete with RACI to ensure roles, responsibilities and caccuntabilities are clear from the start of each project. Service Leads to attend Customer Experience Delivery Board to provide update and raise any issues/blockers each week.	Ongoing	Ongoing	10%	Vicki Galvin
Strategy & Operating CEX012 Model sign off	Delay in agreement of Strategy & Operating Model due to challenges back from internal and/or external stakeholders	Threat	Poor comms/engagament with stakeholders. Competing priorities.	Delay to implementation and therefore realisation of benefits.	Reduce	15/12/22	lan Wright	3	3	2	2	4	2	2	Engagement Plan in place to ensure user-led design.	31/05/23		100%	Helen Bishop

Appendix 4





Form to be used for the initial assessment (Equality Impact Assessment)

Service Area: Business Improvement	Date of Assessment: May 2023						
Is this assessment in the Corporate	Equality Impact assessment	t Timetable?	Yes	No			
Name of the Policy to be assessed: Citizen Experience Strategy			Is this a new or existing policy	New			

1. Briefly describe the aims, objectives and purpose of the policy

The Citizen Experience Strategy and Operating Model have been developed from user-led conversations with citizens, staff, Unions and Members between August 2022 and February 2023.

The external facing strategy sets out our vision for the future, our principles and our objectives. It is a promise to our customers about the consistent high quality experience they can expect from the Council across all of our communication and access channels.

The vision states we want to be: 'Working with our communities to ensure our citizens are at the heart of service delivery, getting everything they need to enjoy living and working in the city of Oxford.'

The four main principles of the strategy are:

- Citizen focused
- Positive Citizen experience
- Inclusive Access
- Get it right first time

The strategy also lays out that in delivering on our strategy the organisation will apply principles to how we operate, will live up to our promises and standards, will empower our staff, will work as one, will introduce new, innovative technology and will provide a choice of contact channels to our citizens.

The internal facing operating model provides the framework for implementation of our Citizen Experience strategy over the next 3 years. It outlines the building blocks we have and will put in place to deliver on our promise. These include early intervention, our contact channels, enablers such as insight, marketing and culture and a mixed service delivery method.

The model outlines how we will achieve the outcomes defined in the strategy, the different measures of success, how we will use these to improve the citizen experience and where we will source evidence of performance against these.

In developing the outline of a strategy and operating model a representative team of key staff from across the organisation were involved in six workshops that looked at demand management, data and insight, process improvement, digital by design, culture and the key building blocks for a successful strategy and operating model. From this data emerging priorities were developed under the headings of data, design, delivery, measurement, culture, leadership, process and technology as well as the requirements of our core functions. Conversations then took place with

the wider organisation, citizens, Members and partners so that the strategy is developed based on the needs and experiences of users and the operating model incorporate all services.

Both the strategy and operating model align with our corporate objectives and design principles as well as other key Council strategies including the Thriving Communities Strategy, Equalities Strategy and Economic Strategy.

It is important that the Citizen Experience strategy is reviewed on an annual basis and refreshed every 3 years.

2. Who is intended to benefit from the policy and in what way

- All citizens of Oxford which includes residents and businesses*
- Our staff
- Our Members
- Partners
- Visitors**

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Strengthening support within communities and enhancing the role of prevention, this strategy will improve resident outcomes overall and reduce the call on council services, which can then focus on the most complex needs. The locality model is intrinsic to stimulating this approach.

Streamlined channels of contact and consistent ways of working. Technology, systems and processes will be integrated between the customer operations and operational services, to ensure the needs of our customers are met in a seamless way, whilst staff can focus their efforts where they are most needed.

*According to the ONS Census 2021 data the population of Oxford is 162,040 which is made up of 15.4% (24,991) Asian, 4.7% (7,535) Black, 5.6% (9,005) Multiple Ethnic groups, 70.7% (114,561) White and 3.7% (5,948) Other Ethnic group. Those aged 65+ years make up for 12% of the population in the city. The English Indices of Deprivation 2019 results show Oxford has one LSOA (Lower Layer Super Output Area) within the 10% most deprived areas nationally (Northfield Brook) and there are 9 areas in total among the 20% most deprived nationally which are located in The Leys, Barton, Littlemore, Rose Hill and Carfax.

There are 4,580 registered businesses within the Oxford boundaries that provide approximately 113,900 jobs.

The Oxford Internet Institute (OII) recently conducted a survey of local residents to explore the impact of the digital divide in the city. The results revealed that almost a quarter of Oxford residents lack access to the internet, and this lack of access disproportionately affects those from lower-income households and minority ethnic backgrounds.

**Oxford attracts approximately 7 million day time and staying visitors per year

3. What outcomes are wanted from this policy?

Outcomes have been defined under each of the four main principles of the strategy. The current known workstreams to deliver these outcomes and the potential EDI implications for each of these have been set out below.

Citizen focused

- Putting our Citizens at the heart of everything we do
- Using insight and feedback, developing a learning culture to continually improve our offer to citizens

The following current/future high level workstreams will help deliver these outcomes:

- Customer Service Excellence accreditation
- Corporate standards, KPIs, service offer and standards
- User centred design methodology and approach
 - Continuous improvement of services from data insight (3Cs, FOI, Member enquiries, etc)
 - Data protection considerations and awareness
 - Business Intelligence Unit making sure the organisation understands the insight available
 - Review and fresh of the Community Involvement Policy
 - Relaunch of the Residents Panel

The EDI implications here are

- Ensuring we continue to actively seek citizen feedback from a representative range of people so our insight is up to date, inclusive and in line with our citizen's changing needs.
- Ensuring opportunities to engage in user-centred design and a user-led approach are fully inclusive
- Ensuring our Residents Panel is representative and inclusive.

Positive Citizen experience

• Making sure the experience is quicker, easier and better

• Working collaboratively with our communities, designing services to meet our citizen's needs through a variety of contact channels

The following current/future high level workstreams will help deliver these outcomes:

- New digital and technology platforms e.g. Digital Platform and Customer Contact Platform
- Redevelopment and exploitation of new online forms
- Website redesign and content refresh
- Roll out of Revs & Bens Portal

The EDI implications here are

• Ensuring 'no one gets left behind' as new digital and technology platforms are introduced, particularly people with no/limited access to internet/devices, people with no/low digital skills and confidence, people with learning disabilities, people with visual impairments, people with English as a second language.

Inclusive Access

- Delivering modern, accessible services that meet the needs of our diverse communities & promote our equalities objectives
- Delivering face-to-face and other assisted support, helping the most vulnerable and complex cases and ensuring no one gets left behind

The following current/future high level workstreams will help deliver these outcomes:

- Assisted support model for vulnerable and more complex queries
 - Maximisation of community group, partner and agency offering (Thriving Community Strategy)
 - Digital skills and technology for communities
 - Explore introducing a form of Youth Parliament/reviewing our Youth Voice offer

The EDI implications here are

- Ensuring our most vulnerable citizens are aware and can access our assisted support model when needed via the contact channel that suits them
- Ensuring the digital skills for communities offer reaches those who need it most and is accessible
- Ensuring our Youth Parliament/Youth Voice offer is representative and inclusive

Get it right first time

- Resolving our citizen's needs holistically at the first point of contact where possible
- Ensuring our systems and processes reduce unnecessary contact for our citizens

The following current/future high level workstreams will help deliver these outcomes:

- Service integration optimised across organisation
- Optimisation of advice sector
- Behavioural insight

- Citizen Experience mindset and culture established
- Digital and technology skills for staff

The EDI implications here are

- Ensuring our Citizen Experience culture develops in line with our Equalities Strategy values and behaviours
- Ensuring the digital skills for staff offer reaches those who need it most and is accessible

Where appropriate these individual high level workstreams will develop their own Equality Impact Assessments so the specific impacts can be thought through, assessed and mitigated as far as possible.

and miligated as far a	s possible.								
4. What	Staff engagement, buy-in and commitment to implementing the strategy and operating model								
factors/forces could	Perceived capacity for implementing and embedding the operating model								
contribute/detract	Level of cultural change achieved in some areas								
from the	Leaders consistently leading by example								
outcomes?	Timely implementation of the Digital Strategy								
Show the main to the policy	 All Oxford citizens Our staff – including ODS and OX Place Our Members Unions 	7. Who implements the policy and who is responsible for the policy?	Oxford City Council – all services						
6. Are there concerns that the policy <i>could</i> have a differential impact on racial groups.	Unclear at this time. This will be determined as we implement. We will complete more detailed EIAs for the individual workstreams as appropriate								

What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Oxford City Council does not discriminate or restrict access to their services on the grounds of; Age, Disability, Gender, Reassignment, Marriage or Civil Partnership, Pregnancy and Maternity, Race/ethnicity, Religion or Belief, Sex (gender) and Sexual Orientation (Equality Act 2010). The council are committed to equality and diversity and to ensure that services are reflective and responsive to local need.						
7. Are there concerns that the policy <u>could</u> have a differential impact due to gender	Unclear at this time. This will be determined as we implement. We will complete more detailed EIAs for the individual workstreams as appropriate	N					
8. What existing exidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Civil Partnership, Pregnancy and Maternity, Ra	ace/et	access to their services on the grounds of; Age, Disability, Gender, Reassignment, Marriage or hnicity, Religion or Belief, Sex (gender) and Sexual Orientation (Equality Act 2010). and to ensure that services are reflective and responsive to local need.				
9. Are there concerns that the policy could have a differential impact due to disability?	Unclear at this time. This will be determined as we implement. We will complete more detailed EIAs for the individual workstreams as appropriate	N					

10. What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Oxford City Council does not discriminate or restrict access to their services on the grounds of; Age, Disability, Gender, Reassignment, Marriage or Civil Partnership, Pregnancy and Maternity, Race/ethnicity, Religion or Belief, Sex (gender) and Sexual Orientation (Equality Act 2010) and is committed to delivering accessible services that meet the needs of our diverse communities & promote our equalities objectives and ensure that services are reflective and responsive to local need. Delivering face-to-face and other assisted support, helping the most vulnerable and complex cases. We will use insight and customer feedback as a way to continually develop our services while incorporating digital by design to our services. We will always offer alternative contact channels to suit our citizens requirements at the time they need to contact us. Our insight already tells us that many citizens would do and/or would like to use online services.						
11. Are there concerns that the policy could have a differential impact on people due to exual orientation?	Unclear at this time. This will be determined as we implement. We will complete more detailed EIAs for the individual workstreams as appropriate						
段. What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Oxford City Council does not discriminate or restrict access to their services on the grounds of; Age, Disability, Gender, Reassignment, Marriage or Civil Partnership, Pregnancy and Maternity, Race/ethnicity, Religion or Belief, Sex (gender) and Sexual Orientation (Equality Act 2010). and is committed to delivering accessible services that meet the needs of our diverse communities & promote our equalities objectives and to ensure that services are reflective and responsive to local need. Delivering face-to-face and other assisted support, helping the most vulnerable and complex cases. We will use insight and customer feedback as a way to continually develop our services while incorporating digital by design to our services. We will always offer alternative contact channels to						
	suit our citizens requirements at the time they need to contact us. Our insight already tells us that many citizens would do and/or would like to use online services.						
13. Are there concerns that the policy could have a differential impact on people due to	Unclear at this time. This will be determined as we implement. We will complete more detailed EIAs for the individual workstreams as appropriate						

their age						
14. What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Civil Partnership	, Pregnance livering acc	ninate or restrict access to their services on the grounds of; Age, Disability, Gender, Reassignment, Marriage aternity, Race/ethnicity, Religion or Belief, Sex (gender) and Sexual Orientation (Equality Act 2010). and ervices that meet the needs of our diverse communities & promote our equalities objectives and to ensure the to local need.			
	Delivering face-to-face and other assisted support, helping the most vulnerable and complex cases. We will use insight and customer feedback as a way to continually develop our services while incorporating digital by design to our services. We will always offer alternative contact channels to suit our citizens requirements at the time they need to contact us.					
	Our insight already tells us that many citizens would do and/or would like to use online services.					
15. Are there concerns that the conlicy could have a differential impact on people due to their religious belief 16. What existing	Unclear at this time. This will be determined as we implement. We will complete more detailed EIAs for the individual workstreams as appropriate Oxford City Council does not discriminate or restrict access to their services on the grounds of; Age, Disability, Gender, Reassignment, Marriage or					
evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Civil Partnership, Pregnancy and Maternity, Race/ethnicity, Religion or Belief, Sex (gender) and Sexual Orientation (Equality Act 2010). The council are committed to equality and diversity and to ensure that services are reflective and responsive to local need.					
17. Could the differential impact identified in 8-13 amount to there being the potential for adverse impact in this policy		Y	N	Unclear at this time. This will be determined as we implement. We will complete more detailed EIA individual workstreams as appropriate.		

18. Can this adverse impact be justified on the grounds of promoting equality of opportunity for one group? Or any other reason		Υ	N	TBC – see	above.			
19. Should the policy proceed to a partial impact assessment		Y N		If Yes, is there enough evidence to proceed to a full EIA		N		
			N	Date on which Partial or Full impact assessment to be completed by				
20. Are there implications for the Service Plans?	YES		NO	21. Date the Service Plan will be updated	All Service Areas will be expected to include references to this strategy in their emerging Service Plans from 2023 onwards	22. Date copy sent to Equalities Officer in Policy, Performance and Communication		
23. Date reported to Equalities Board:					24. Date to Scrutiny and Cabinet		25. Date published	

Signed (completing officer): S	Signed (Lead Officer)
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Agenda Item 17



To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Head of Law & Governance

Title of Report: Updates to the Memorandum of Understanding and the

Terms of Reference of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership

	Summary and recommendations		
Purpose of the Report:	Recent changes to the programmes within the Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal require some adjustments to the working of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership, and this report proposes corresponding amendments to the Terms of Reference and Memorandum of Understanding.		
	The proposed changes to the governance documents will result in the Oxfordshire Strategic Vision being explicitly mentioned in the Terms of Reference for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership. Future work programmes will be expected to contribute to the delivery of the outcomes in the Strategic Vision.		
Key decision:	No		
Cabinet Member:	Councillor Susan Brown, Leader – Inclusive Economy and Partnerships		
Corporate Priority:	All		
Policy Framework:	Council Strategy 2020-24		

Recommendation: That Cabinet resolves to:

1. **Approve** the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's revised Terms of Reference and Memorandum of Understanding. These will take effect following approval by each of the six Oxfordshire councils.

Appendices			
Appendix 1	Revised FOP Terms of Reference		
Appendix 2	Revised FOP Memorandum of Understanding		

Introduction and background

- 1. The Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal is entering its final phases, and the governance documents for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership (FOP) now need to be updated to reflect the current position.
- 2. The **Terms of Reference** were originally drafted in 2014 at the formation of what was then known as the Oxfordshire Growth Board, and were last subject to substantive change in 2020 following a review. Since then there have been minor drafting changes reflecting the change of name to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.
- 3. The **Memorandum of Understanding** was introduced in 2018 as a requirement of the Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal, and sets out operational aspects of decision making and responsibilities in relation to the deal. As with the Terms of Reference, the last substantive change was made in 2020 and subsequent updates have replaced references to the Growth Board with the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.
- 4. Three particular areas of change have arisen which are described in the following paragraphs.

Cessation of Oxfordshire Plan 2050

5. Following the decision in August 2022 to cease work on the Oxfordshire Plan 2050, it is proposed to remove references to that work programme from the Terms of Reference.

Homes from Infrastructure Programme

- 6. The final tranche of funding for the Homes from Infrastructure Programme, the last remaining major element of the Housing and Growth Deal, is subject to a number of governance and reporting requirements which were set out in a letter dated 5 December 2022 from the then Housing Minister.
- 7. These requirements and their implications were described in detail in a report presented to the 20 March 2023 meeting of the FOP by the Director of Finance, Oxfordshire County Council, and are not repeated here. Oxfordshire County Council has subsequently written to DLUHC and Homes England confirming acceptance of the final funding and agreement to the associated governance and reporting requirements.
- 8. The changes which are proposed to the Terms of Reference are intended to reflect the new requirements from government which have now been agreed.
- 9. Corresponding changes are proposed to the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) which sets out responsibility for decision making on matters of funding and work programmes. Although it is now a requirement that Oxfordshire County Council should be held accountable for delivery of the remaining programme, the MoU sets out some commitments to positive partnership behaviour and in particular to consultation with partners over any proposed changes to the programme of infrastructure delivery.
- 10. It should be noted also that the district councils are expected to provide quarterly updates to the county council regarding housing delivery on sites which benefit

from this investment in infrastructure. In turn the county council will provide the data to DLUHC as part of its quarterly reporting regime.

Adoption of the Strategic Vision

- 11. Finally, an overhaul of the Terms of Reference provides an opportunity to include reference to *Oxfordshire's Strategic Vision for Long-Term Sustainable Development* which was endorsed by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership at its meeting of 22 March 2021, and subsequently in April 2021 by each individual council.
- 12. It was agreed that the Strategic Vision should be a basis for informing partners' future work planning and strategy. It is therefore appropriate to make reference to this document in the Terms of Reference for the partnership, without seeking to repeat details which are contained in the vision document itself.

Financial Implications

13. There are no financial implications arising directly from the proposed amendments to the Terms of Reference.

Legal Implications

14. There are no legal implications arising directly from the proposed amendments to the Terms of Reference. At its March 2023 meeting the members of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership agreed to accept the final instalment of Housing and Growth Deal funding, and these amendments are required to capture the new governance and reporting obligations.

Other Implications

- 15. The Future Oxfordshire Partnership's Terms of Reference and Memorandum of Understanding are matters reserved for decision by each local authority's Cabinet / Executive.
- 16. If endorsed by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership at its meeting on 13 June 2023, indicative dates for these governance updates to be considered by individual partners' cabinets are as follows:

Authority	Cabinet date
Cherwell District Council	3 July 2023
Oxford City Council	12 July 2023
Oxfordshire County Council	18 July 2023
South Oxfordshire District Council	22 June 2023
Vale of White Horse District Council	23 June 2023
West Oxfordshire District Council	12 July 2023

Conclusion

- 17. The revised governance documents are required to set out how the councils will meet the requirements set out in DLUHC's letter dated 5 December 2022, securing the final £30 million of funding for infrastructure to support the accelerated delivery of new homes.
- 18. Cabinet is asked to approve the proposed changes.

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Background Papers: None

The Future Oxfordshire Partnership Joint Committee Terms of Reference xxx 2023

1.0 Purpose

- **1.1** The Future Oxfordshire Partnership is a joint committee of the six councils of Oxfordshire together with key strategic partners working together to deliver the bold and ambitious outcomes of the Oxfordshire Strategic Vision for Long Term Sustainable Development.
- 1.2 Oxfordshire's growing economy is set to create challenges and opportunities for the County related to housing, infrastructure, public services and the environment. These issues will best be addressed through joined up planning between local councils which prioritises sustainable development and quality of life. Collective planning, where it makes sense to do so, will be the most effective means of minimising the unwanted impacts of a growing economy, whilst leveraging the maximum benefit from the opportunities it brings for our existing and future communities.
- **1.3** The Future Oxfordshire Partnership ("Joint Committee") will:
- **1.4** Coordinate local efforts to manage economic, housing and infrastructure development in a way that is inclusive and maximises local social and environmental benefits;
- **1.5** Support the development of local planning policy that meets the UK Government's stated aim of net zero carbon by 2050, and contributes towards biodiversity gain whilst embracing the changes needed for a low carbon world; and,
- 1.6 Seek to secure funding in the pursuit of these aims and oversee the delivery of related work programmes delegated to it by the Joint Committee's constituent local authority members.

2.0 Membership

- 2.1 The Joint Committee's core membership includes the local authorities within Oxfordshire comprising, Cherwell District Council, Oxford City Council, South Oxfordshire District Council, Vale of White Horse District Council, West Oxfordshire District Council and Oxfordshire County Council. Voting rights are reserved to local authority members only.
- **2.2** It also includes co-opted associate members from those organisations listed below:
 - Chair of OxLEP
 - Chair of the Oxfordshire Skills Board
 - Universities Representative
 - OXLEP Business Representative-Bicester
 - OXLEP Business Representative-Oxford City
 - OXLEP Business Representative-Science Vale
 - Homes England Representative
 - DEFRA Agencies Representative
 - Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, and Berkshire West Integrated Care Board Representative
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- 2.3 When considering transport infrastructure matters, Network Rail and National Highways will have the right to attend as associate members. As the Joint Committee is constituted to be able to discharge executive functions if delegated to it by the constituent authorities, then the appointed person must be from the Executive of the constituent authorities. There should be one member from each constituent authority.
- 2.4 Each constituent authority shall appoint a substitute (also being an Executive member). The substitute member shall have the same rights of speaking and voting at the meetings as the member for whom the substitution is made.
- 2.5 The Joint Committee, with the agreement of the local authority members, may co–opt other associate members to its membership where it is considered conducive to the effective consideration of any matter.
- **2.6** The Joint Committee may appoint representatives to the other outside bodies for which the Committee has membership.

3.0 Governance

- 3.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership is a Joint Committee under s101 (5), 102 Local Government Act 1972 (LGA 1972) and s9EB Local Government Act 2000 (LGA 2000) and pursuant to the Local Authorities (Arrangement for the Discharge of Functions) (England) Regulations 2012.
- **3.2** Notwithstanding the above each constituent authority will retain all non-executive and executive functions generally and specifically in relation to economic development, housing provision, strategic spatial planning and strategic transport planning.
- 3.3 The Joint Committee will meet in public subject to the provisions of s100 LGA 1972 as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985. The Joint Committee will be hosted under local government arrangements and chairing will be rotated between the local authorities on an annual basis in line with the arrangements at 9.1.
- 3.4 The policy advice and support will be provided by the Joint Committee's Executive Officer Group (Chaired by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership Director), Section 151 Officer and Monitoring Officer, reporting to the Local Authority Chief Executive Group.
- 3.5 The resources and capacity required to deliver the Joint Committee's work programmes, and the work of any associated advisory groups, will be agreed by the Chief Executive Group.

4.0 General functions

4.1 To facilitate and enable collaboration between local authorities and key partners to manage economic, housing and infrastructure development in a way that is inclusive and maximises local social and environmental benefits.

- **4.2** To facilitate strategic alignment of spatial, economic and infrastructure plans in a way that is environmentally, economically and socially sustainable in order to safeguard Oxfordshire's unique historical, cultural and environmental character.
- 4.3 To facilitate collective engagement of Joint Committee Partners with other national, regional and sub-regional bodies on matters concerning the environment, infrastructure and strategic planning and where relevant, comment on wider proposals and decisions from national agencies, where these have a strategic impact on Oxfordshire.
- **4.4** To act as the voice of Oxfordshire to Government and other national and Sub National bodies to ensure Oxfordshire's infrastructure and housing needs are recognised in future investment priorities and funding.
- **4.5** To provide a strategic partnership forum for the identification and development of sustainable strategies and plans for Oxfordshire related to the environment, spatial planning, economic development, housing and transport.
- 4.6 To coordinate the prioritisation of funding from devolved funding sources for infrastructure schemes, where this funding is not already within the remit of the Local Transport Authority, to ensure that decisions are made in one place and supported by all relevant partners and stakeholders.
- **4.7** To oversee the delivery of detailed work programmes as delegated to the Joint Committee by the constituent authorities, as set out under specific functions at 5.0.
- **4.8** To bid for the allocation of resources and investment to support the above purposes.

5.0 Specific Functions

Strategic Planning

- 5.1 To oversee joint work on cross border issues to ensure partners meet the requirements of the Duty to Cooperate under S33A of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 and wider national planning policy.
- **5.2** To assess whether strategic spatial planning, infrastructure and public services are integrated and delivered in a sustainable way, and to make recommendations to encourage this, while recognising the sovereignty of individual Local Plan processes.
- 5.3 To appoint representatives on behalf of the Joint Committee to other partnerships as required, including the Oxford to Cambridge Pan-Regional Partnership and England's Economic Heartland.

The Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal

- **5.4** To oversee and facilitate delivery of remaining elements of the Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal("the Deal"), noting that:
 - Oxfordshire County Council as accountable body shall, acting reasonably at all times and in consultation with the Joint Committee, take any decisions regarding the inclusion, timetabling and delivery of schemes in the Homes from Infrastructure programme
 - the City and District councils shall provide information on housing numbers relating to this programme to Oxfordshire County Council in a timely manner in order to enable the accountable body to fulfil its reporting obligations to central government.
- **5.5** To approve and monitor the implementation of work programmes for the delivery of the Deal (including infrastructure and capacity funding).
- **5.6** To oversee the delivery of a productivity stream work programme to be delivered by OxLEP.
- **5.7** To support an Advisory Group to oversee delivery of work programmes to meet the agreed milestones and targets set out in the Deal relating to Infrastructure.
- **5.8** To receive and publish quarterly performance and finance monitoring reports as set out in the Deal Delivery Plan.

6.0 Voting

- 6.1 Only local authority Members (or their substitutes) shall be designated as voting members and shall be entitled to one vote on items of business considered by the Joint Committee, although members intend to agree matters on a unanimous basis where possible.
- **6.2** A majority vote shall be required. In the event of there being an equal number of votes for and against a particular proposition, a casting vote by the Chair may be exercised.

7.0 Quorum and Safeguard

- **7.1** The quorum for a meeting shall be four voting members.
- 7.2 Where the effect of a particular proposition, if adopted by the Joint Committee on a majority basis, would give rise to policy, contractual or financial implications for a constituent authority that it does not support, that authority may opt out of participation in that proposition in so far as it affects their authority before any vote is taken but this will not prevent the other parties proceeding with the proposition. In respect of other matters, all other voting will be on a normal majority basis.
- **7.3** Normal rules as to declarations of interest to be applied to local authority members in accordance with the respective Council's Code of Conduct.

8.0 Accountable Body

8.1 The Accountable Body for the Joint Committee is Oxfordshire County Council. It will provide Section 151 and Monitoring Officer poles to the Committee in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding between Oxfordshire County Council and the Joint Committee.

- **8.2** The County Council's Director of Finance (Section 151 Officer) will provide the Joint Committee with quarterly financial reports for funding that has been allocated directly to Oxfordshire County Council as the Accountable Body. These reports will provide the Joint Committee with an overview of the funds spent and funds committed against funds allocated.
- **8.3** For those programmes and funding streams where another local authority is the Accountable Body, the relevant Section 151 Officer will provide the financial and performance information to the County Council's Section 151 Officer, for integration into the quarterly reporting process.

9.0 Meetings

- **9.1** The Chair and Vice-Chair of the Joint Committee will be elected at the first meeting in each Future Oxfordshire Partnership year, which runs from 1 June to 31 May.
- **9.2** The Future Oxfordshire Partnership Director shall be responsible for convening meetings in consultation with the Chief Executive of the authority which holds chairing responsibilities.
- 9.3 Meetings shall usually be held six times each year. However, meetings may be called by the Chair, Monitoring Officer, Chief Executive Group, or any three voting members of the Joint Committee, in circumstances where business cannot be reasonably deferred to the next scheduled meeting.
- **9.4** Agendas and minutes will be published, and meetings held in public, in accordance with the requirements set out in the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985. A Forward Plan of items to be considered will be published online each month, and included with each agenda.
- **9.5** Public speaking procedures will be established in line with a separate protocol as agreed by the Joint Committee.

10. Advisory Groups

- 10.1 The Joint Committee will establish Advisory Groups to oversee specific work programmes or broader thematic areas as required. Advisory groups, reporting into the Joint Committee, will be managed in accordance with separately published terms of reference as agreed by the Joint Committee.
- 10.2 The role, remit and membership of Advisory Groups will be reviewed regularly to ensure they remain flexible to the demands of ongoing and new programmes of work.

11. Scrutiny Arrangements

- 11.1 A non-statutory Scrutiny Panel with a cross party membership of councillors from each constituent local authority reviews decisions and actions taken by the Joint Committee. The Scrutiny Panel is managed in accordance with separately published terms of reference.
- 11.2 The Scrutiny Panel is non-statutory **225** not strictly constituted in accordance with the statutory provisions of the Local Government Act 2000. The Panel's function therefore

complements, rather than replaces, the statutory overview and scrutiny duties of the constituent authorities, as set out under the Local Government Act 2000.

12. Funding Contributions

- 12.1 The budget for the Joint Committee's administration will be endorsed no later than 1 December of the preceding financial year by the local authority membership of the Joint Committee. The cost of meeting the expenditure planned in the budget shall, to the extent not met from other sources, be divided among all members of the Joint Committee, with discretion to vary fees between associate and local authority membership.
- 12.2 The budget endorsed by the Joint Committee will subsequently be recommended to each Local Authority member for approval during the February budget setting process.

13. Withdrawal

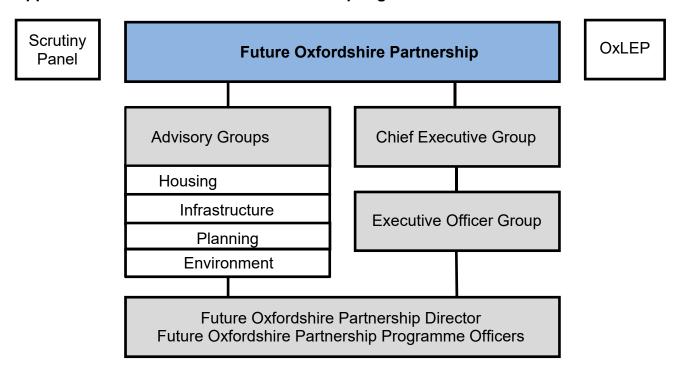
13.1 If any member determines that they no longer require membership to the Joint Committee, they may give written notice to the Joint Committee's Chair and Director no later than 1st January preceding the financial year to which the budget will apply. Unless they withdraw that notice in writing, they shall cease to be a member from 1st April of that year. Any member which has not given due notice shall be obliged to pay its subscription for the next year.

14. General principles

- 14.1 These Terms of Reference will be reviewed at regular intervals to ensure they remain fit for purpose and flexible to meet the requirements of ongoing and future work. Any changes to the Joint Committee's powers or functions will be a matter for each constituent authority to agree.
- 14.2 In adopting these terms of reference, members of the Joint Committee agree to support the purposes of the Joint Committee by ensuring that in their decision making, they:
 - Collaborate and cooperate with each other
 - Are open and accountable to each other

- Adhere to all relevant statutory requirements
- Deploy appropriate resources
- Act in good faith
- 14.3 These principles are not intended to be legally binding, and no legal obligations or rights shall arise from this.

Appendix 1 – Future Oxfordshire Partnership High Level Governance





Future Oxfordshire Partnership Memorandum of Understanding xxx 2023

This memorandum of understanding is made by and between the Parties:

- i) Oxfordshire County Council of County Hall, New Road, Oxfordshire OX1 1ND
- ii) Future Oxfordshire Partnership; a joint committee formed by Cherwell District Council, Oxford City Council, Oxfordshire County Council, South Oxfordshire District Council, Vale of White Horse District Council and West Oxfordshire District Council.

The local authorities listed above comprising of the county, city and district councils are together referred to as "the Parties" and each a "Party." Individual constituent members of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership are as each a "Council."

1. Introduction and Background

- 1.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership, (formerly known as the Oxfordshire Growth Board), was established in 2014 and has the purpose of facilitating and enabling collaboration between Oxfordshire local authorities and other bodies operating in Oxfordshire in relation to economic, housing and infrastructure development.
- 1.2 Oxfordshire County Council is the designated accountable body for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership providing Section 151 and Monitoring Officer related services to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership. References in this MoU to "Oxfordshire County Council" are in its capacity as accountable body unless stated otherwise.
- 1.3 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership and Oxfordshire County Council may change these arrangements by mutual agreement, and the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) shall be reviewed annually by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and Oxfordshire County Council to ensure it is accurate and complete.
- 1.4 The purpose of this MoU is to set out the respective roles and responsibilities of Oxfordshire County Council acting as accountable body for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and that of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership itself and therefore the Parties hereby agree the Scheme of Roles and Responsibilities set out in Section 6 hereto. This MoU also sets out commitments made in respect of existing joint programmes of work overseen by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership, and incorporates material elements of the formerly established Memorandum of Information Disclosure, which will cease in effect from the date of the signing of this document.
- 1.5 This MoU shall commence upon the date hereof and shall continue in effect until terminated by either Party.

2. Termination and Variation

- 2.1 Termination can be enacted by either Party upon giving six months' notice in writing to the other. In terminating this MoU the Parties shall comply with the requirements, if any, of Central Government and any other funding agencies.
- 2.2 If Oxfordshire County Council cease to be the accountable body, it shall:
 - i) Continue to co-operate with the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and any successor accountable body and with all grantors to ensure a smooth transition; and

- ii) Provide to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership or the new accountable body (where requested to do so by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership) all such invoices, receipts and other relevant records which are in its possession and which it holds in connection with its role of accountable body. For the avoidance of doubt, documents will be retained in accordance with Oxfordshire County Council's Corporate Retention Schedule Policy.
- 2.3 This MoU shall terminate automatically upon the disbanding of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership. In such case, Oxfordshire County Council and the Future Oxfordshire Partnership shall complete all of their obligations concerning:
 - i) Monies granted to or by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership;
 - ii) Other assets held by Oxfordshire County Council on behalf of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership; and
 - iii) Any accounts required to be submitted to Central Government or to any other relevant funding organisation.
- 2.4 This MoU shall be varied in writing only by the mutual agreement of Oxfordshire County Council and the Future Oxfordshire Partnership save that this shall not prevent the Future Oxfordshire Partnership from making amendments to its Governance and Working Arrangements. Where a variation of this MoU requires a change to be made to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's governance and working arrangements, that change shall not come into effect until the governance and working arrangements have been duly amended in accordance with its requirements.

3. Responsibilities

- 3.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership is responsible for defining its strategic vision and overseeing delivery of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership priorities in accordance with any relevant funding arrangements.
- 3.2 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership will operate in accordance with:
 - i) Its Terms of Reference;
 - ii) This MoU;
 - iii) The guidelines provided by Central Government or any other body whose regulation controls the use of funds provided to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership; and
 - iv) Statutory requirements.
- 3.3 In addition, Future Oxfordshire Partnership members will
 - i) where possible, work together to procure services to ensure best value is achieved;
 - ii) give assurance and commit to do everything reasonably possible to ensure the objectives and targets of jointly funded programmes (such as the Housing and Growth Deal) are met.
 - iii) once the Future Oxfordshire Partnership has determined funding allocations, take steps required to reflect those allocations within their budgets.
 - iv) accept that in certain circumstance spend relating to individual workstreams may be greater than the funding allocations. In these circumstances the source of additional funding will be clearly identified.

- 3.4 Oxfordshire County Council will operate in accordance with:
 - i) Its Constitution;
 - ii) This MoU;
 - iii) Individual project collaboration agreements;
 - iv) The guidelines provided by Central Government or any other body whose regulation controls the use of funds provided to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership: and
 - v) Statutory requirements.

4 Financial Management Arrangements

- 4.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership is currently allocated public funding under a Housing and Growth Deal. Use of this funding, and any other future funding deals, must be undertaken in accordance with statute and the principles of democratic and financial accountability.
- 4.2 This requires there to be a public-sector body identified as the accountable body for audit and transparency purposes. Oxfordshire County Council is the accountable body for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.
- 4.3 As the accountable body, Oxfordshire County Council is held accountable for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's funds in the same way that it is for its own funds. All funding received and expenditure incurred on behalf of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership will be subject to the same scrutiny. This means that Oxfordshire County Council will administer any funds held on behalf of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership under its own accounting policies, financial procedure rules and contract procedure rules as set out in the Council's constitution to ensure that funds are applied and accounted for appropriately. This will be carried out under the direction of the Section 151 Officer.
- 4.4 Oxfordshire County Council, as recipient of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's grant allocations from Central Government in relation to the Housing and Growth Deal is responsible for compliance with the grant conditions (including those set out in the letter from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities dated 5 December 2022) which may include the obligation to repay, in whole or in part, grants in the event of non-compliance with grant conditions.
- 4.5 Oxfordshire County Council will, subject to the terms hereof, hold any funding it receives and all interest or income earned for and on behalf of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and ensure that the money is not moved or converted to cash without specific instruction from the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.
- 4.6 Oxfordshire County Council will consolidate the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's cash balances with its own cash balances and deposit the co-mingled funds in accordance with Oxfordshire County Council 's Treasury Management Strategy. Oxfordshire County Council will pay interest on the Future Oxfordshire Partnership daily cash balances based on the 'Average 7 Day Rate'.
- 4.7 Any infrastructure constructed or acquired by Oxfordshire County Council acting on the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's behalf, will be accounted for as part of the Council's asset register in line with Oxfordshire County Council's normal accounting procedures.

5 Provision of Services by Oxfordshire County Council

- 5.1 Oxfordshire County Council provides a range of services to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership. Those that are only incurred because of the requirement to have an accountable body are provided free of charge. These include Section 151 Officer time to provide advice and support to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and relevant sub committees/groups with regard to the use of any public funds that are allocated to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership. This also includes Monitoring Officer time to provide advice in relation to legal matters.
- 5.2 In addition, Oxfordshire County Council also provides the following chargeable services to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership:
 - i) Finance functions relating to the monitoring and reporting of total funding received and available to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership; the monitoring and reporting of programmes and schemes; the payment of funds to Future Oxfordshire Partnership delivery partners; the calculation of interest earned on funds received; the provision of financial information for internal and external audit requirements and the completion of relevant government financial returns
 - ii) Internal Audit functions in regard to the governance arrangements between the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and the accountable body as well as use of public funds allocated to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership
 - iii) legal functions including preparation of funding agreements with regard to the use of any public funds that are allocated to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and advice on state aid / subsidy issues.
- 5.3 Chargeable and non-chargeable arrangements will be reviewed annually and if/ when the scale of accountable body responsibilities, managed resources or project portfolio resource requirements increase significantly. Where specific, additional work is required then these may be charged where mutually agreed.

6 Scheme of Roles and Responsibilities

- 6.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership shall:
 - make all decisions on the allocation of grant funding agreed by Government with the exception that from the date of agreement of this revised MoU Oxfordshire County Council shall make decisions regarding the remainder of the Homes from Infrastructure programme arising from the Housing and Growth Deal, following consultation with the Future Oxfordshire Partnership;
 - ii) prioritise and allocate funding and be accountable for the delivery of projects funded by funding streams awarded to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and for which Oxfordshire County Council is to act as accountable body, with the exception of the remainder of the Homes from Infrastructure programme arising from the Housing and Growth Deal;
 - iii) monitor all activities financed by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and ensure that all decisions are fully documented and recorded in writing;
 - iv) for future programmes other than the Homes from Infrastructure programme arising from the Housing and Growth Deal, agree robust and transparent assessment criteria against which funding will be allocated;
 - v) for future programmes other than the Homes from Infrastructure programme arising from the Housing and Growth Deal, ensure that projects are approved only after an appraisal has been carried out and that the separation of duties between project appraisal and project approval;

- vi) for future programmes other than the Homes from Infrastructure programme arising from the Housing and Growth Deal, through agreed project plans, ensure appropriate timescales and operating practices are in place to support effective implementation of decisions made;
- vii) following approval, request Oxfordshire County Council to effect the payment of funding to the relevant organisations;
- viii) fulfil the client role vis a vis Oxfordshire County Council as the accountable body and, in particular, give Oxfordshire County Council clear and comprehensive instructions in relation to the performance by Oxfordshire County Council of its roles and responsibilities as set out in paragraph 6.2 below;
- ix) Co-operate with and assist Oxfordshire County Council acting in its role as accountable body in undertaking the day to day responsibility for financial matters.

6.2 Oxfordshire County Council shall:

- provide support and assistance to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership to ensure both legal and financial probity in relation to the receipt and use of specific funding for which it acts as accountable body;
- ii) ensure decisions and activities of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership conform with legal requirements with regard to transparency, equalities, social value, environment, State Aid / subsidies and procurement;
- iii) ensure that funds are used appropriately and advise the Future Oxfordshire Partnership on the procedures necessary to ensure formal compliance with any terms and conditions of funding or grant;
- iv) provide advice on proper and effective governance for overseeing the allocation and spend of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership funding;
- v) enter into funding agreements on behalf of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership for agreed funding streams;
- vi) enter into appropriate legal agreements or contracts with the relevant Future Oxfordshire Partnership member on behalf of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership once the project is approved by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership following a successful due diligence process;
- vii) ensure that the funding is passed on to the relevant Future Oxfordshire Partnership member without delay and in line with the conditions of the funding; where this is to be passed onto a third party it will be for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership member to action:
- viii) submit the claims to the funding body and prepare and submit relevant documents for inspection by Central Government or external auditors as required;
- ix) where the funding stream is working on a claim basis, ensure that the claimed funding is passed on to the relevant Future Oxfordshire Partnership member delivery partner without delay and in line with the conditions of the funding or loan agreements;
- x) ensure that the Future Oxfordshire Partnership performance and financial systems are robust;
- xi) provide details of all monies expended in accordance with the terms and conditions of funding;
- xii) monitor approved projects during and after implementation in line with the agreed monitoring framework or as required by the funding body;
- xiii) inform and keep the Future Oxfordshire Partnership informed of any grant funding allocations received and the procedures and recommended criteria for distributing the funding based on the funding body's requirements;
- xiv) assist the Future Oxfordshire Partnership in identifying other sources of funding or to apply for these where commissioned by the Future Oxfordshire Partnership;

- xv) ensure that the Future Oxfordshire Partnership adheres to its assurance framework in respect of maintaining the official record of Future Oxfordshire Partnership proceedings and holding copies of all relevant documents relating to funding; and
- xvi) report and take appropriate action where it has reason to believe that the Future Oxfordshire Partnership, or anybody acting as its agent, is failing to
 - a) adhere to the terms and conditions of funding requirements or the funding or loan agreements;
 - b) comply with its governance and working arrangements or any statutory requirement;
 - c) provide a suitable standard of probity.
- 6.3 Specifically in relation to the Homes from Infrastructure programme, being the remainder of the Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal, Oxfordshire County Council shall from the date of the agreement of this revised MoU:
 - i) make all decisions on the allocation of the remaining grant funding agreed by Government
 - ii) prioritise and allocate funding and be accountable for the delivery of projects funded by this funding stream
 - iii) act reasonably and in good faith, modelling positive partnership behaviour specifically by making no changes to the programme without careful consultation with affected district partners, and by not seeking to remove schemes from the programme or to reduce their scope as long as they remain on track for delivery on time and within budget.

7 Audit

- 7.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership shall
 - co-operate with and assist Oxfordshire County Council in audit examinations relating to governance arrangements, use of public funds and all operating systems;
 - ii) act upon all agreed management actions contained within Oxfordshire County Council's internal audit report;
 - iii) report to Oxfordshire County Council any financial irregularity or suspected irregularity in the use of any funding.

7.2 Oxfordshire County Council shall

- maintain proper records, in accordance with its Constitution, of all monies received and disbursed for the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and make such records available for inspection by both internal and external regulators;
- ii) arrange regular audit examination of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's activities with regards to use of public resources and, following each audit, present a report to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership with recommendations to strengthen their governance and management practices;
- iii) allow funding bodies to have access to all files and records of projects for which it acts as accountable body; and
- iv) supply, as necessary, completed statements of income, expenditure and disbursements to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership, funding organisations, Central Government and external auditor.

8 Recovery of funds

8.1 The conditions where funds will be recovered will be laid out in the initial funding or grant agreement. Where recovery of funds is at risk, the general stage of fund recovery

will be as follows:

- Stage 1: Oxfordshire County Council will send notice containing the reason for concern, outlining the potential fund recovery situation and giving time where appropriate for corrective action;
- ii) Stage 2: If corrective action is not taken or is deemed insufficient to avoid fund recovery a further notice will be sent by Oxfordshire County Council asking for the return of funds with a deadline for the return of the funds. In cases of particular difficulty Oxfordshire County Council may accommodate a fund return payment plan of instalments over an agreed period of time. However, this must be agreed in writing and cannot be assumed:
- iii) Stage 3: If funds are not returned within the set deadline then Oxfordshire County Council may then instigate debt recovery procedures which may result in legal action being taken.
- 8.2 Oxfordshire County Council will only take the step to recover funds from those Future Oxfordshire Partnership members it has a direct agreement with. In the case of a third party such as a subcontractor it would be up to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership member Oxfordshire County Council is seeking funds from to determine and take any action they require to recover their losses from any third parties.
- 8.3 Oxfordshire County Council does not wish to undertake stage 3 if at all avoidable but will do so in order to protect the public purse and ensure that public funding is being used appropriately.

9 Data Protection

9.1 The Parties hereto shall comply with their obligations under the EU General Data Protection Regulation EU 2016/679(GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018 and any subordinate legislation made under such Act together with any guidance and codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant government department in relation to such legislation in the performance of their obligations under this agreement.

10 Publicity and Disclosure in Relation to Meetings

10.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership will operate in accordance with the publicity requirements applicable to a joint committee under Part VA of the Local Government Act 1972. Papers relevant to meetings of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership will be placed into the public domain in the normal way by the Party with administrative control of that joint committee in compliance with s100A to 100K (and Schedule 12A) of the Local Government Act 1972. In accordance with those provisions confidential information as defined in that Act will not be disclosed. Exempt information as defined in that Act may or may not be disclosed. It is acknowledged that under these provisions' information is exempt if the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information.

11 Requests under Freedom of Information and Environmental Information

11.1 The Future Oxfordshire Partnership and the Monitoring Officers of the relevant Councils have developed a Protocol for Handling Freedom of Information and Environmental Information requests. This is based on the principle that the Future Oxfordshire Partnership itself and each member authority is a 'freedom of information authority' in its own right. The agreed Protocol (Annex 1 to the MoU) shall guide how

the Board and the member authorities will handle requests relating to the work of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.

12 Confidentiality

- 12.1 Each Party agrees not to unilaterally disclose any information identified by any Council as confidential information or exempt material (under the Local Government Act 1972) information unless required by law without giving notice of at least 14 calendar days to the Council or Councils who provided the confidential/exempt information. No confidential/exempt information will be disclosed without full consideration having been given to any objection made to its disclosure, unless disclosure is otherwise required by law.
- 12.2 Neither Party will use or disclose any confidential material provided by the other pursuant to this agreement otherwise than for the performance of their obligations under this agreement, save as may be otherwise agreed or required by law.
- 12.3 For the avoidance of doubt, confidential information shall not include (a) any information obtained from a third party who is free to divulge such information; (b) any information which is already in the public domain otherwise than as a breach of this agreement; or (c) any information which was rightfully in the possession of a Party prior to the disclosure by the other Party and lawfully acquired from sources other than the other Party.

13 Dispute resolution

- 13.1 If either Party has any issues, concerns or complaints about any matter in this MoU, they shall notify the other Party and the Parties shall then seek to resolve the issue by a process of consultation. If the issue cannot be resolved within a reasonable period of time, the matter shall be escalated to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's Chairman (or if the Chairman is an Oxfordshire County Council appointee, the Vice-chairman) and Oxfordshire County Council's Section 151 Officer (or if the dispute is between the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and Oxfordshire County Council, one of the district/city council's Section 151 Officer) who shall decide on the appropriate course of action to take.
- 13.2 If either Party receives any formal inquiry, complaint, claim or threat of action from a third party they shall notify the other Party and co-operate with each other to respond, or take such action, as is appropriate and/or necessary

14 The Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999

14.1 The Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 shall not apply to this MoU but this does not affect any rights which are available apart from this Act.

15 Status

15.1 This MoU is not intended to be legally binding, and no legal obligations or legal rights shall arise between the Parties from this MoU. The Parties enter into the MoU intending to honour all their obligations.

16 Governing Law and Jurisdiction

16.1 This MoU shall be governed by and construed in accordance with English law.

This Memorandum of Understanding is agreed and signed by:
Signed for and on behalf of Oxfordshire County Council in its capacity as accountable body
FUTURE OXFORDSHIRE PARTNERSHIP MEMBERS
Signed for and on behalf of Oxfordshire County Council
Signed for and on behalf of Oxford City Council
Signed for and on behalf of Cherwell District Council
Signed for and on behalf of South Oxfordshire District Council
Signed for and on behalf of Vale of White Horse District Council
Signed for and on behalf of West Oxfordshire District Council

Annex 1

FOI/EIR PROTOCOL – INFORMATION REQUESTS RELATING TO THE FUTURE OXFORDSHIRE PARTNERSHIP

This process has been agreed by Oxfordshire's Monitoring Officers and the Future Oxfordshire Partnership managers. It provides a means of handling Freedom of Information and Environmental Information requests regarding the work of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership. Each member authority of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership and the Future Oxfordshire Partnership's officers themselves may be recipients of information requests.

This outline provides a legally compliant means of dealing with such requests while providing a degree of mutual consultation whilst also ensuring the identity of requesters is not disclosed to other members of the Future Oxfordshire Partnership. Each authority will be responsible for responding to requests submitted to it. Authorities should not simply redirect requesters 'to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership' but should answer the request on the basis of any information held by the receiving authority in relation to it.

Freedom of Information Teams should adopt the following principles and process:

- Each of the county's principal councils, and the Future Oxfordshire Partnership, are separate FOI authorities in their own right. Requesters may therefore submit requests from time to time to any or all of the bodies, about the Future Oxfordshire Partnership partnership's work.
- Should there be such an FOI or EIR request in relation to the Future
 Oxfordshire Partnership's work received by any of the authorities, then the
 receiving body's FOI Team will notify each of the other bodies' FOI
 Teams: for the purpose of consulting them about how the receiving authority
 intends to respond.
- The original receiving body will consider all representations (which shall also be made at the earliest opportunity) received in discharging its statutory obligations. The requester's name will not be disclosed to the other authorities.

- 4. In the event of a disclosure of information in response to a request under the Environmental Information Regulations or the Freedom of Information Act, the disclosing body shall notify all other Councils immediately and shall provide an explanation of its decision-making process on request.
- 5. A similar process will then be followed if an Internal Review request is received; or an Information Commissioner referral.
- 6. This process is on the basis that, while each authority is an FOI authority in its own right, **consultation between authorities** on a proposed response does not breach that principle.
- 7. If all authorities receive the same request, then each must respond to it at its own relevant level of management. **Achieving a 'consistent' response can not be the primary aim**. While approaches can be discussed, it will be for each authority to 'sign off' its own responses. This will also be important if a request is referred to the Commissioner, who would be likely to ask how each authority addressed the response.
- 8. It should be borne in mind that a requester can also ask for the 'metadata' to any request, which would bring into frame any information shared between authorities in the consideration of a response.
 - NB The County Council will be acting as FOI advisers to the Future Oxfordshire Partnership.





To: Cabinet

Date: 12 July 2023

Report of: Head of Law and Governance

Title of Report: Appointments to Outside Bodies 2023/24

Summary and recommendations

Purpose of report: To agree appointments to Outside Bodies for the 2023/24

Council Year

Key decision: No

Cabinet Member: Councillor Susan Brown, Leader - Inclusive Economy and

Partnerships

Corporate Priority: Support Thriving Communities

Policy Framework: Council Strategy 2020-24

Recommendations: That Cabinet resolves to:

 Approve appointments to charities, trusts, community associations and other organisations as shown in Appendices 1A – 1D and note the appointments to partnerships as detailed in Appendix 1E;

- 2. Note the guidance for appointees as detailed in Appendix 2; and
- 3. **Delegate authority** to the Head of Law and Governance, in consultation with the Leader of the Council, and where appropriate with other group leaders, to make any changes to appointments to Outside Bodies as may be required during the course of the Council year 2023/24.

Appendices				
Appendix 1A - E	List of nominations to charities, trusts, community associations, other organisations and strategic partnerships for 2023/24 (with 2022/23 appointments listed for reference)			
Appendix 2	Guidance Note for Members appointed to charities, trusts, community associations and other organisations.			

Introduction

The Council currently has representatives on a total of 55 outside bodies (17 community associations, 20 other organisations, 8 trusts and 10 charities). These are detailed in Appendices 1A – 1D. Many Council representatives sit on the

committee of the organisation to which they have been appointed, with many acting in a non-voting advisory role or simply being invited to attend meetings as an observer. Councillors who have been appointed to charities and trusts generally serve as Trustees on those bodies.

- 2. The Council also has representatives on several strategic partnerships (see Appendix 1E for details) these appointments are either made by the individual partnership or determined by virtue of a councillor's position as a portfolio holder on the City Council's Cabinet.
- 3. Guidance to assist Council representatives on these organisations is provided upon appointment. This ensures that all appointees understand their role and responsibilities in representing the Council on the organisation. A copy of the guidance is attached at Appendix 2.
- 4. The list of Outside Bodies and the appointment of representatives to those organisations is a decision for the Leader of the Council, who chooses to seek Cabinet agreement to the nominations. This is done annually in June or July.
- 5. Proposed changes to individual nominations or to the list of outside bodies will be reported to the Cabinet as required during the year. Since 2017 the authority to approve any change to the representation on an individual organisation has been delegated to the Head of Law and Governance in consultation with the Leader of the Council, and where appropriate with other group leaders. This delegation is restated annually to provide for good governance and clear decision making.
- 6. In 2019 Cabinet endorsed the Leader's preferred approach, based on custom and practice, that nominations for Council representatives to Outside Bodies should be drawn from the cohort of serving councillors; and that existing representatives who were no longer serving councillors should be permitted to serve out their terms of office should they wish to do so.

Categories for appointments to outside bodies

- 7. The list of organisations to which the Council makes appointments has evolved over time. The justification for the inclusion of many of the organisations on the list is self-evident but in some cases the reasons for the Council to continue to appoint to an organisation is less obvious.
- 8. To address this the following categories are used to provide some rigour to the decision making underpinning the Council appointments to Outside Bodies:
 - A. Appointments to organisations that have a significant impact on the achievement of any of the Council's corporate policy objectives and service priorities and/or organisations who receive funding from the Council
 B. Appointments to organisations with established historical links to the local community, the city of Oxford or the City Council on which representation is desirable and should be maintained as a matter of local goodwill and for as long as nominations are forthcoming from members
 C. Appointments which will allow the Council to influence policy at a national or regional level
 D. Appointments which are a statutory requirement and/or to a partnership

Proposed appointments and changes to representation in 2023/24

- 9. Appendices 1A 1D set out the proposed nominations to charities, trusts, community associations and other organisations for 2023/24.
- 10. The Leader of the Council has proposed the following specific changes to the list of organisations for 2023/24:

Outside Body	Decision
Regal Area Community Centre Association	No reappointment; remove from list of Outside Bodies.
Rose Hill Community Association	No reappointment; remove from list of Outside Bodies.
NABAEMC (National Association of Black Asian and Ethnic Minority Councillors (UK)	No reappointment; remove from list of Outside Bodies.
Association Public Service Excellence (APSE)	No reappointment; remove from list of Outside Bodies.

Legal and Financial issues

- 11. Representation on outside organisations presents legal implications for the Council if the roles and responsibilities of those involved are not fully defined. Council representatives are provided with detailed written guidance on their roles and responsibilities (Appendix 2).
- 12. The appointments proposed in this report have no direct financial implications for the Council.

Level of risk

13. Representation on outside organisations should result in benefit to both the Council and the organisation concerned. There is a risk that such benefit may be lost to either or both parties if representation is withdrawn or inadequately resourced or briefed.

Equalities impact

14. An Equalities Impact Assessment is not required. The Council seeks to appoint nominees that represent as far as possible the diverse nature of the Outside Bodies and the communities that they serve.

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Appendix 1A: Community Association Nominations 2023-24 These appointments are annual. The local ward councillors are usually appointed to Community Associations.

Names struck through are no longer councillors.

		2022-23 Appointment(s)	2023-24 Ward Councillor Appointment(s)
1.	Barton Community Association	Cllr Nala-Hartley	Cllr Rowley
2.	Bullingdon Community Association	Cllr Rehman Cllr Lygo	Cllr Lygo Cllr Rehman
3.	Cutteslowe Community Association	Cllr Fouweather Cllr Sandelson	Cllr Fouweather Cllr Sandelson
4.	Donnington Community Association	Cllr Rawle Cllr Pegg	Cllr Rawle Cllr Pegg
5.	Donnington Doorstep Family Centre	Cllr Rawle Cllr Pegg	Cllr Rawle Cllr Pegg
6.	East Oxford Community Association	Cllr Hunt Cllr Hayes	Cllr Hunt Cllr Rehman
7.	Florence Park Community Association	Cllr Dunne Cllr Latif	Cllr Dunne Cllr Latif
8.	Headington Community Association	Cllr Munkonge Cllr Altaf-Khan	Cllr Munkonge Cllr Smowton
9.	Jericho St Barnabas Community Association	Cllr Diggins Cllr Hollingsworth	Cllr Diggins Cllr Hollingsworth
10.	Littlemore Community Association	Cllr Corais	Cllr Douglas
11.	North Oxford Association	Cllr Landell Mills Cllr Fry	Cllr Fry Cllr Miles
12.	Northway Community Association	Cllr Chapman Cllr Coyne	Cllr Chapman Cllr Coyne
13.	Regal Area Community Centre Association	Cllr Rawle Cllr Pegg	No replacement
14.	Risinghurst Community Centre	Cllr Munkonge Cllr Smowton	Cllr Munkonge Cllr Smowton
15.	Rose Hill Community Association	Cllr Aziz	No replacement
16.	South Oxford Community Association	Cllr Waite Cllr Tidball	Cllr Railton
17.	West Oxford Community Association	Cllr Muddiman Cllr Pressel	Cllr Muddiman Cllr Pressel



		2022-23 Appointments	2023-24 Nominations
1.	Citizen's Advice Bureau	Clir Dunne Clir Mundy	Cllr Mundy Cllr Aziz
2.	Fusion – Oxford's Community Arts Agency	Cllr Aziz	Cllr Hunt
3.	Historic England South East - Heritage Champion	Cllr Clarkson	Cllr Clarkson
4.	Homeless Oxfordshire	Cllr Hollingsworth Cllr L Smith	Cllr Hollingsworth Cllr L Smith
5.	Modern Art Oxford	Cllr Hollingsworth Cllr Pressel	Cllr Hollingsworth Cllr Hunt
6.	Mortimer Hall Management Committee	Cllr Upton	Cllr Upton
7.	NABAEMC (National Association of Black Asian and Ethnic Minority Councillors (UK)	Cllr Arshad	No replacement
8.	Oxford and District Sports and Recreation Association for the Disabled (OXSRAD)	Cllr Coyne	Cllr Coyne
9.	Oxford Asian Cultural Association	Cllr Rehman Cllr Latif	Cllr Rehman Cllr Latif
10.	Oxford Sports Council	Cllr Munkonge Cllr Lygo	Cllr Munkonge Cllr Hollingsworth
11.	Oxfordshire Community and Voluntary Action	Cllr Djafari-Marbini	Cllr Djafari-Marbini
12.	Oxfordshire Association of Local Councils	Cllr Humberstone	Cllr Humberstone
13.	Oxfordshire Museums Council	Cllr Aziz	Cllr Hunt
14.	Oxfordshire County Council School Organisation Stakeholder Group	Cllr Munkonge	Cllr Munkonge
15.	South East England Councils	Cllr Brown	Cllr Railton
16.	South Oxford Adventure Playground Executive Committee	Cllr Waite	Cllr Waite
17.	The Porch	Cllr L Smith	Cllr L Smith
18.	Association Public Service Excellence (APSE)	Cllr Chapman	No replacement
19.	LGA General Assembly (appointment normally reserved for Leader of the Council)	Cllr Brown	Cllr Brown
20.	Local Government Information Unit	Cllr Hollingsworth	Cllr Hollingsworth



Appendix 1C – Nominations to Trusts 2023-24

OCC preference is to appoint serving councillors to vacancies on Trusts

Names struck through are no longer councillors.

		Current Appointment	Expiry	Status and length of appointment	Nominations 2023-24
1.	Katherine Rawson Trust	Cllr Gotch	2024	Trustee x 3 (with voting rights)	Mike Gotch wishes to continue to the end of his term.
		Cllr Sandelson	2026	4 year term	
		Cllr Goddard	2026		
2.	Old Marston Charities Trust	Cllr Haines	2024	Trustee x 2 (no voting rights)	Mick Haines wishes to continue to the end of his term
		Cllr Clarkson	2024	4 year term 2 meetings per year	
3.	Oxford Leon Trust	Cllr Rowley	2026	Trustee x 2 4 year term	
5		Cllr Tanner	2023	•	Cllr Fry
4.	Oxford Playhouse Trust	Cllr Pressel	2023	Observer Annual	Cllr Hunt
5.	Oxford Poverty Action Trust	Cllr Rowley	2023	Trustee x 1	Cllr Rehman
6.	Oxford Preservation Trust	Cllr Diggins	2025	Trustee x 2 (with voting rights)	
		Cllr Upton	2025	3 year term	
7.	Oxfordshire Building Trust	Cllr Clarkson	2025	Trustee x 1 3 year term	
8.	Pegasus Theatre Trust	Cllr Aziz	2023	Non-voting observer Annual x 1	Cllr Hunt

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Ap	Appendix 1D – Nominations to Charities 2023-24						
		2022-23 Appointment	Expiry	Status and length of appointment	2023-24 Nominations		
1	Agnes Smith Advice Centre	Cllr Djafari-Marbini	2023	Attends Management Committee Annual x 1	Cllr Djafari-Marbini		
2	Alice Smith Trust and Sarah Nowell Educational Organisation	Cllr Humberstone	2025	Trustee x 1 4 year term			
3	City of Oxford Charity	Cllr Lygo	2024	Trustee x 6	Cllr Fry		
		Cllr Pressel	2025	4 year term			
		Cllr Mundy	2026				
		Cllr Hollingsworth	2026				
		Cllr Hunt	2026		Cllr Coyne		
		Cllr Smowton	2026				
4		Cllr L Smith	2023	Annual appointment – Member of Management Committee	Cllr Dunne		
5	Headington Parish Charity	Cllr Clarkson	2023	Trustee x 2 4 year term	Cllr Clarkson		
		Cllr Smowton	2025				
6	Non Ecclesiastical Charities of St Mary's Magdalen	Cllr Brown	2024	Trustee 4 year term			

7.	Parochial Charities of St Clement, Oxford	Cllr Hunt	2026	Trustee x 2	
	ot diement, oxiora	Cllr Jarvis	2024	Cllr term of office.	
				Should be Clirs for St Clements or St Mary's wards.	
8.	Rose Hill & Donnington Advice Centre	Cllr Corais	Annual x 2	Attend meetings of Board of Trustees	Cllr Corais
		Cllr Turner			Cllr Turner
9.	St Aldate's Parochial Charity	Cllr Waite	2025	Trustee x 1 4 year term	
10.	Susan Kidd Charity	Cllr Upton	2026	Trustee x 1 4 year term	

Pa	rtnership	Cabinet Member and Portfolio			
Oxf	ord Strategic Partnership (OSP) and subo	groups			
1.	Oxford Strategic Partnership (OSP)	Councillor Susan Brown, Leader and Cabinet			
2.	Economic Growth Steering Group	Member for Inclusive Economy and Partnerships			
3.	Low Carbon Oxford	Councillor Anna Railton, Cabinet Member for Zero Carbon Oxford and Climate Justice			
4.	Oxford Safer Communities Partnership	Councillor Shaista Aziz, Cabinet Member for Safer Communities			
5.	Stronger Communities Steering Group	Councillor Ajaz Rehman, Cabinet Member for Inclusive Communities			
	ure Oxfordshire Partnership (formerly Ox mership Advisory Sub-Groups and Scrut	fordshire Growth Board) and Future Oxfordshire iny Panel			
6.	Future Oxfordshire Partnership	Councillor Susan Brown, Leader and Cabinet Member for Inclusive Economy and Partnerships			
7.	Infrastructure Advisory Sub-Group	Councillor Louise Upton, Cabinet Member for			
8.	Planning Advisory Sub-Group	Planning and Healthier Communities			
9.	Housing Advisory Sub-Group	Councillor Linda Smith, Cabinet Member for Housing			
10.	Environment Advisory Sub-Group	Councillor Anna Railton, Cabinet Member for Zero Carbon Oxford and Climate Justice			
11.	Future Oxfordshire Partnership Scrutiny Panel	Councillor Tiago Corais Councillor Katherine Miles Councillor Lois Muddiman			
Oth	er				
12.	The Oxfordshire Local Enterprise Partnership (OxLEP)				
13.	Fast Growth Cities	Councillor Susan Brown, Leader and Cabinet Member for Inclusive Economy and Partnerships			
14.	Ox-Cam Pan Regional Partnership	, i			
15.	Safer Oxfordshire Partnership	Councillor Shaista Aziz, Cabinet Member for Safer			
16.	Thames Valley Police and Crime Panel	Communities			
17.	Health & Well Being Board	Councillor Louise Upton, Cabinet Member for Planning and Healthier Communities			
18.	Health Improvement Board				

19.	Oxfordshire Resources and Waste Partnership	Councillor Nigel Chapman, Cabinet Member for Citizen Focused Services and Council Companies	
20.	South East Employers		
21.	Youth Partnership Board		
22.	Oxfordshire Sport Partnership	Councillor Chewe Munkonge, Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Leisure and Parks	
23.	Oxford International Links Committee	Councillor Ed Turner, Deputy Leader (Statutory) and Cabinet Member for Finance and Asset Management	



Guidance for Members who are appointed by the Council to serve on Outside Bodies

Introduction

This guidance has been produced to support Councillors who are appointed to serve on outside bodies by outlining their responsibilities and obligations in that role. The guidance does not attempt to provide definitive answers to every particular set of circumstances but rather to provide a framework against which members can exercise judgement when faced with potential conflicts.

Councillors may be appointed to a wide range of outside bodies. Most appointments are made by the Cabinet. Councillors may also be appointed directly by the outside body itself to serve in a private capacity (for instance as a member of the community) rather than as an elected member of the Council, or they may be serving as a member of that body before being elected as a Councillor.

The roles of Councillors on outside bodies will depend upon the legal nature of that organisation and the capacity in which they are appointed to act. Councillors must act according to the framework set by the outside body and take an informed role in the management of the outside body's affairs. This involves attending meetings on a regular basis and carrying out their duties to the best of their abilities. Whilst it is permissible for a Councillor to take account of the Council's interests, Councillors should apply their own judgement in any given situation.

The application of the council's code of conduct

Members must adhere to the council's code of conduct as set out in the council's constitution when taking part in council business.

Interests

If you have a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest (DPI) in a matter to be considered at the meeting you must not speak or vote on the matter. You should also leave the room during any discussion of, or vote on, any matter in which you have a DPI.

Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to the financial interest or wellbeing of one of your Other Registerable Interests (ORI) you must disclose the interest. You must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room

When councilors discuss matters relating to an outside body on which they serve at council meetings, they may take account of that outside body's interest. However, they should not vote simply in accordance with the mandate of that outside body. The primary consideration is the public interest.

Where a Councillor has been appointed to an outside body as a representative of the council he/she may regard themselves as not having an interest. It is important to

remember that simply by appointing a Councillor to an outside body the council does not grant the person an automatic exemption from conflicts of interest in every circumstance relating to that body.

Bias and Predetermination

If a member is found to have been biased when making a council decision, the decision is likely to be set aside in the event of legal challenge. (Where actual bias has not been established the personal impartiality of the Councillor is to be presumed.)

In summary, the duties of a Councillor as a Director, or a trustee or a member of a management committee may well give rise to a legitimate fear of lack of impartiality.

The fundamental principles of this guidance are as follows:-

- Councillors will act according to the rules, constitutions and frameworks set by the relevant outside body and, where possible, with those of the Council
- Councillors will make independent and personal judgements based on their responsibilities to the outside body
- Councillors will report back on their involvement with the outside body you will be asked to complete a feedback form each year about the organisation to which you are appointed for consideration by the Cabinet

The guidance addresses three specific circumstances which arise from time to time and as a result of which potential conflict can arise. These are:-

- Where the Councillor is appointed Director of a Company
- Where the Councillor is appointed as a Trustee
- Where the Councillor is appointed to an Unincorporated Association

Insurance

You should establish as soon as you are appointed what, if any, insurance is in place that covers you in your role.

You should establish what insurance the organisation itself holds for other purposes, for example third party liability insurance and employers liability insurance (the second of which is a legal obligation for all organisations which employ staff). Clearly adequate and comprehensive insurance cover for the organisation is likely to limit any residual exposure for you as a Trustee, Director, Committee member, etc.

The ability of local authorities to indemnify councillors and officers for any personal liability arising from actions or decisions taken by them in the course of their official duties is covered under
The Local Authorities (Indemnities for Members and Officers)">Members and Officers) Order 2004.

Where the Councillor is appointed Director of a Company

Companies can be:

- Limited by shares, usually operating a trade or business. They have shareholders and distribute profits to shareholders as dividends.
- Limited by guarantee, "not for profit" organisations. This type of company may also be a charity and has members rather than shareholders.

Companies offer limited liability which means that the members or shareholders are usually not personally liable for the company's debt and liabilities, subject to some limited exemptions.

The powers of the directors are usually set out in the Articles of Association. These are the rules that govern the internal management of the company.

The Director cannot vote simply in accordance with the Council mandate, to do so would be a breach of duty.

When acting as a Director a Councillor owes a fiduciary duty to the company, not to the individual shareholders, to act honestly and in good faith and in the best interests of the company as a whole. Directors must take proper care of the interests of the company.

A general duty of care and skill to the company is imposed, but a Director requires no greater skill than might reasonably be expected of someone of that individual's particular knowledge and experience. A Director is not deemed to be an expert, but is expected to use due diligence and to obtain expert advice if necessary.

There may be actual or potential conflicts between the interests of the Council and the interests of the company. In such circumstances it would be inappropriate for the Councillor to take part in discussions upon such topics both as a Councillor and as a Director. If the conflict is a serious one or repeatedly presents itself then it may be appropriate for the Councillor to resign as a Director of the company. If in doubt, Councillors should seek advice from the Monitoring Officer about any potential conflicts of interest.

Directors are not allowed to make a private profit from their position. They must therefore disclose any interests they or their family have in relation to the company's contracts. Whether they are then allowed to vote will depend upon the Articles of Association of the company.

Directors must ensure compliance with relevant companies' legislation in relation to the keeping of accounts and the making of relevant returns to the Registrar of Companies. Failure to do so incurs fines and persistent default may lead to disqualification as a Director.

Directors should also ensure that the company complies with other legislation such as Health and Safety legislation if the company employs staff or employs contractors to undertake work.

Where the Councillor is appointed as a Trustee

A number of useful publications are available on the Charity Commission's website: www.charitycommission.gov.uk.

Those who are responsible for the control and administration of a charity are referred to as trustees, even where the organisation is a company limited by guarantee where they are not strictly trustees.

Trustees must take care to act in accordance with the Trust deed and to protect the charity's assets. They are also responsible for compliance with the Charities Acts and the Trustee Act 2000.

Trustees must not make a private profit from their position. They must also perform their duty with the standard of care which an ordinary, prudent business person would show. Higher standards are required of professionals and in relation to investment matters.

Charitable Trustees must ensure that the information relating to the Trust and Trustees is registered with the Charity Commissioners and annual accounts and returns are completed and sent.

If charitable income exceeds £5,000 the letters, advertisements, cheques, etc., must bear a statement that the organisation is a registered charity.

Trustees are under a duty to ensure compliance with all relevant legislation for example in relation to tax and health and safety.

Where the Councillor is appointed to an Unincorporated Association

Groups which are neither limited companies nor charitable trusts may be "unincorporated associations" which have no separate legal identity from their members.

The rules governing the members' duties and liabilities will (or should) be set out in the organisation's constitution, which is simply an agreement between members as to how the organisation will operate. Usually the organisation's constitution will provide for a management committee to be responsible for the everyday running of the organisation. Management Committee members must act within the organisation's constitution and must take reasonable care when exercising their powers.

The Code of Conduct for Councillors

These guidelines should be read in conjunction with the Members' Code of Conduct which has been adopted by Council. When Councillors are representing the Council on another body, they must follow the code unless it conflicts with a legal duty owed to the other body.

Some outside bodies may require the Councillor to treat their business as confidential. This may sometimes create a dilemma for the Councillor and may seem contrary to the idea of assisting public accountability. However, a Councillor will be bound by any confidentiality undertaking given.

General

As mentioned earlier these guidelines are intended solely for the purpose of providing a general basis upon which members appointed to outside bodies can exercise their judgement when balancing their respective responsibilities as a Councillor and a nominated representative. The guidelines cannot provide a detailed answer for all circumstances and consequently, if in doubt, a Councillor should seek further advice and guidance from the Council's Monitoring Officer.

Rhian Davies Head of Law & Governance April 2023

Minutes of a meeting of the Cabinet on Wednesday 14 June 2023



Cabinet members present:

Councillor Brown Councillor Turner
Councillor Aziz Councillor Chapman
Councillor Hunt Councillor Munkonge
Councillor Rehman Councillor Linda Smith

Councillor Upton

Officers present for all or part of the meeting:

Bill Graves, Landlord Services Manager Caroline Green, Chief Executive Tom Hook, Executive Director (Corporate Resources) Nigel Kennedy, Head of Financial Services Douglas Kerrigan, Interim Development Manager Emma Lund, Committee and Member Services Officer Peter Matthew, Interim Executive Director of People and Communities Nerys Parry, Head of Housing Malcolm Peek, Property Service Manager Carolyn Ploszynski, Head of Regeneration and Economy Gail Siddall, Team Leader, HMO Enforcement Team Karoline Soisalo de Mendonca, Regeneration Manager Steve Stansfield, Building Compliance and Safety Manager Steve Weitzel, Regeneration Manager Tom Woodhams, Team Leader Lawyer Ian Wright, Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety

Also present:

Councillor Dr Hosnieh Djafari-Marbini, Chair of the Child Poverty Review Group Councillor Lucy Pegg, Chair of Scrutiny

Apologies:

Councillor Railton sent apologies.

- 1. Addresses and Questions by Members of the Public None.
- 2. Councillor Addresses on any item for decision on the Cabinet agenda

None.

3. Councillor Addresses on Neighbourhood Issues

None.

4. Items raised by Cabinet Members

None.

5. Scrutiny reports

The Chair welcomed Councillor Lucy Pegg as Chair of Scrutiny for the 2023/24 Council year.

The Scrutiny Committee had met on 7 June 2023 and the Housing and Homelessness Panel had met on 24 April 2023. Councillor Pegg presented the reports and recommendations from those meetings relating to (i) the Housing Management System Implementation; and (ii) the revised tenancy agreement for Council tenants.

In relation to the Housing Management System Implementation, Scrutiny had had a wide-ranging discussion which had included lessons learned; timescales going forward and whether any further delays or issues were anticipated; procurement; budgets; disaster recovery; and software implementation processes. One recommendation had been made, which related to ensuring that there was a contingency plan when reaching a critical point in future projects, so that project implementation could be reverted back to an earlier 'working' status if issues and/or errors arose. Councillor Nigel Chapman, Cabinet Member for Citizen Focused Services and Council Companies, responded that the recommendation was accepted as a general principle, but commented that it had not been practical to do this in this particular case due to the inter-connectivity with other systems.

In relation to the Tenancy Agreement, one recommendation had been made which related to the Council considering every three years if it would be appropriate to revise the tenancy agreement (rather than every five years as currently). Councillor Linda Smith, Cabinet Member for Housing, responded that the recommendation was accepted.

Councillor Hosnieh Djafari-Marbini, Chair of the Child Poverty Review Group, presented its recommendations. These had initially been brought to Cabinet in June 2022, but had been deferred to allow for further consideration and a more detailed response from Cabinet Members, which was now included.

Councillor Djafari-Marbini drew particular attention to recommendations 16 and 17, which related to the Council producing a Poverty Strategy within the next eighteen months and the Council agreeing (subject to securing funding) to hold a poverty truth commission. Councillor Djafari-Marbini highlighted that these actions would have potential to add value to the work which was currently being undertaken.

In relation to recommendation 11, which related to the Council agreeing a cross-party motion committing to formally adopt the socio-economic duty and using its influence to encourage local partner institutions to do the same, it was noted that a motion to this effect had been passed by Council on 3 October 2022. However, Councillor Djafari-Marbini commented that almost a year had now passed since that original recommendation had been made.

Councillor Susan Brown, Leader, acknowledged that it had taken some time to pull together all of the responses, but highlighted that the work which sat behind the responses had been continuing in the interim. It was noted that the Council motion had sought further reports to Cabinet on options to implement the socio-economic duty and options to develop a Child Poverty Strategy which would provide an opportunity for these to be further considered.

Councillor Brown thanked the Child Poverty Review Group for the thorough and detailed work which it had undertaken, which was important in informing the work undertaken by the Council to tackle poverty (and in particular child poverty) across the city. This work was of particular importance given the current cost of living crisis.

6. Review of the Corporate Enforcement Policy

The Head of Regulatory Services and Community Safety had submitted a report to review the Corporate Enforcement Policy and seek approval for an amended policy for a further three years.

Councillor Linda Smith, Cabinet Member for Housing, reported that the policy had operated well since it had last been reviewed in 2019. The updated policy before Cabinet had been reviewed and refreshed, but minimal changes were proposed. These were mainly to include additional detail and clarification. The policy was high level and related to general principles for corporate enforcement: the service area plans and enforcement policies which sat below it contained more detailed procedures.

lan Wright, Head of Regulatory Services, drew attention to paragraph 1.2 of the policy, which set out that the Council's enforcement approach would take corporate and local priorities into account. This would enable action to be taken which was relevant to the people of Oxford.

Cabinet resolved to:

1. **Approve** the amended Corporate Enforcement Policy (at Appendix 2) for a further three years.

7. Ice Rink Future Car Parking Provision

The Head of Community Services had submitted a report to seek approval for the favoured on-site option for future car parking provision for users of the Oxford Ice Rink when the Oxpens car park was closed permanently for redevelopment.

Councillor Chewe Munkonge, Cabinet Member for Leisure and Parks, highlighted that the report represented the outcome of work undertaken following a previous report to Cabinet in August 2022. The report was forward-looking, and therefore some of the costs outlined could be subject to change.

Councillor Munkonge informed Cabinet that much work had been done with the car park users, which had resulted in the preferred option. It also represented the most cost-effect solution, as the land was owned by the City Council.

Carolyn Ploszynski, Head of Regeneration and Economy reported that the closure of the car park was anticipated to be at least two years away, and so the chosen option would not be implemented immediately. However, the planning permission would likely be sought earlier, to ensure that it was in place as the project progressed.

In response to a question about costs, the Cabinet Member for Leisure and Parks clarified that the expected cost (before adjustment for inflation) was c£320,000 which

was considered reasonable. Due diligence had been undertaken. The budget of £580,000 being sought was therefore higher than the anticipated cost of providing the parking spaces. It was also noted that the car park was income generating, which would likely cover the capital cost associated with borrowing of the £580,000, should this be needed.

Cabinet resolved to:

- 1. **Grant project approval** for option 1 (car parking at the front of the ice rink) being progressed on the basis of seeking to achieve around 25 spaces in total;
- 2. Recommend to Council to establish a budget of £580,000 within the Council's capital programme, profiled across 2024/25 and 2025/26, to fund the provision of new car parking at the front of the ice rink, subject to OXWED's programme for closing the Oxpens car park, and approve the payback of previously spent feasibility funding of £46,000 into the feasibility budget; and
- 3. Delegate authority to the Head of Community Services, in consultation with the Council's Section 151 Officer, the Head of Law and Governance, the Cabinet Member for Leisure and Parks and the Cabinet Member for Planning and Healthier Communities to finalise the scope of works, undertake the necessary procurements, and negotiate and enter into all contracts for the detailed design, construction works, and all associated professional services, for the new ice rink car park within the agreed budget.

8. Fire Door Replacement Programme

The Executive Director (Communities and People) had submitted a report to seek approval and delegated authority to award works contract(s) to replace all applicable resident front doors in Evenlode, Windrush and Hockmore Towers, Oxford with certificated compliant fire doors.

Councillor Linda Smith, Cabinet Member for Housing, reported that work to replace doors at the other towers had either already been completed or was currently underway. The budget for the works had already been allocated; therefore no new spending was being sought.

It was noted that some issues had been raised relating to the weight of fire doors, which had caused difficulty for frailer residents. Alternatives were being investigated for the doors to communal areas. Councillor Smith advised that letters would be sent to residents to inform them of the forthcoming works and it was suggested that when following-up and scheduling the work, Housing Officers could take the opportunity to identify any special needs.

Cabinet resolved to:

- Grant project approval to allocate the approved budget of £2.6m agreed by full Council in 2021/22 to enable progression of the replacement of all resident front doors at Plowman, Evenlode, Windrush and Hockmore Towers, Oxford, with certificated compliant FD30 fire doors; and
- 2. **Delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Communities and People) or the Head of Housing Services to award the fire door replacement programme

contract(s) to ODS, or others as required, following the procurement process outlined in the Constitution.

9. Agency Agreement to Undertake Land Drainage and Flood Investigation Services on behalf of Oxfordshire County Council

The Head of Corporate Strategy had submitted a report to seek approval to enter into an agency agreement with Oxfordshire County Council under Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 and Section 19 of the Local Government Act 2000 to undertake duties relating to the Land Drainage Act 1991/Flood and Water Management Act 2010, on behalf of and as an agent of Oxfordshire County Council as Lead Local Flood Authority.

Councillor Nigel Chapman, Cabinet Member for Citizen Focused Services and Council Companies, reported that the Council had already been undertaking some of the works covered by the report on behalf of the County Council (as the Lead Local Flood Authority) for a significant amount of time. This involved investigating floods in the city; issues around water course construction; and licences to move water courses. Approval was now being sought to formalise the arrangement in return for a sum from the County Council which was considered reasonable and would cover the costs. The City Council already had officers with the expertise to undertake the work.

The risks associated with entering into the agreement were considered to be minimal given the length of time in which the Council had already been undertaking the work, and the lack of any previously identified issues.

Cabinet resolved to:

Grant approval to enter into an agency agreement with Oxfordshire County
Council pursuant to Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 and Section 19
of the Local Government Act 2000 to undertake ordinary watercourse consenting
and other duties relating to the Land Drainage Act 1991/Flood and Water
Management Act 2010 on behalf of Oxfordshire County Council, as described in
the report.

10. Blackbird Leys Development Project - Land Appropriation

The Executive Director (Development) had submitted a report to seek approval to advertise the Council's intention to appropriate land (change the statutory basis on which it is held by the Council) at the Blackbird Leys District Centre and Knights Road to facilitate the Blackbird Leys Development Project. The intent to appropriate related to land owned by Oxford City Council only.

Councillor Ed Turner, Deputy Leader (Statutory) – Finance and Asset Manager, reported that the Blackbird Leys development was an ambitious project which would provide new affordable housing, a new community centre, and an improved retail offer (subject to a successful planning application). Councillor Turner clarified that the proposal before Cabinet related to re-designation of land which was already in its ownership, in order to enable development. The legal process required prior advertisement of the Council's intention to appropriate the land.

Cabinet resolved to:

1. **Approve** the public notification process to consider the proposal to exercise the Council's powers to appropriate land in its ownership at Blackbird Leys District

Centre and Knights Road (see plan at Appendices 1 & 2) ("the Land") to planning purposes;

2. Approve the publishing of a notice in a local newspaper for two weeks consecutively expressing the Council's intention to appropriate the Land in accordance with section 122 Local Government Act 1972 to planning purposes so as to rely on section 203-205 Housing and Planning Act 2016. This is necessary to facilitate Phase 1 of the Blackbird Leys Development Project.

11. East Oxford Community Centre

The Executive Director (Communities and People) had submitted a report to provide an update on progress of the project to deliver the development of the East Oxford Community Centre at Princes Street in upgrading the main building and providing a modern new build extension in a single place. The report also set out, for approval, options to address the unprecedented construction inflation.

Councillor Ajaz Rehman, Cabinet Member for Inclusive Communities, reported that of all the options considered, only one (option 1) was considered to be feasible: consultation with users of the centre had indicated that it offered the minimum space which they wanted, and value engineering on material and methods had allowed the effects of very high construction inflation to be mitigated.

Councillor Ed Turner, Deputy Leader (Statutory) – Finance and Asset Management, highlighted that situations such as the current very high construction inflation environment required challenge and judgement to be made as to whether projects which were feasible at one price remained feasible when costs were substantially higher. Councillor Turner commented that in the case of the East Oxford Community Centre an alternative scheme would likely involve a full re-design with a new planning application (which would involve risk of refusal), as well as risking disappointment to the local community. It would be likely to result in a scheme which was similar to the current one but at an even higher price, or alternatively a smaller scheme which did not meet the community's needs. Therefore, he recommended the increase to the project budget, whilst highlighting that officers would need to proactively continue to manage costs at all stages of the construction.

Cabinet resolved to:

- 1. **Approve** option 1;
- 2. **Recommend to Council** to increase the project budget by £1.298m (from £5.496m to £6.794m);
- 3. Delegate authority to the Executive Director (Communities and People) in consultation with the Head of Financial Services/S151 Officer; the Head of Law and Governance; the Cabinet Member for Finance and Asset Management; and the Cabinet Member for Inclusive Communities to award the construction contract to Oxford Direct Services Ltd (ODSL) for the sum of £5.9m and enter into the contract;
- 4. **Approve** (subject to Council's agreement to recommendation 2 above) that the 2023 construction contingency budget is applied to the East Oxford Community Centre project, to make up the budget increase required as set out in the report.

12. Housing Management System Implementation

The Executive Director (Communities and People) and the Head of Financial Services had submitted a report to update Members on the lessons learned from the implementation of the Housing Management System and the outcome of discussions with the supplier as to potential settlement; and to seek additional budget approval for further development of the product after the move to 'business as usual' which had now been secured.

Councillor Chapman, Cabinet Member for Citizen Focused Services and Council Companies, presented the report and acknowledged the issues which had arisen during the implementation of the system. The system had been commissioned in 2016, and it was only recently that it had been stable enough to meet requirements. Many lessons had been learned as a result, and it was to the Council's credit that it had commissioned its own report to identify areas where mistakes could have been avoided.

The project had also been more costly than expected: partly because of the amount of time needed to fully implement the system, and partly because of the need to commission expert staff in order to successfully complete the implementation. Retrospective approval of additional budget of £263k in the last financial year was sought: this had been approved by the Project Board but required formal approval by Cabinet and Council. Going forward, an additional budgetary amount of £497K of capital and £97k of revenue over the next 4 year period had been identified, in order to fully maximise and optimise the use of the system.

Councillor Chapman also advised that, following discussions with the supplier, proposed settlement terms had been reached with regard to compensation for some of the extra costs incurred. This was considered to be a fair settlement and was recommended for approval.

The Head of Financial Services corrected an error within paragraph 9 of the report: Council had given budget approval for £538k of capital (not £528k). The Head of Financial Services also clarified that whilst the legal implications section of the report referred to extending the contract, this requirement had subsequently been resolved in negotiations.

The Head of Financial Services also commented that in spite of all the issues, the experience had demonstrated successful collaborative working between many areas of the Council (including Finance, ICT and Housing) and ODS in order to achieve recovery to a steady state.

Cabinet resolved to:

- 1. **Note** the lessons learned from the system implementation;
- 2. **Approve** the proposed settlement terms offered by the supplier as referenced in Appendix 4 (exempt) and **delegate authority** to the Executive Director (Communities and People) in consultation with the Head of Financial Services and the Head of Law and Governance to finalise the terms:
- 3. **Recommend to Council** the approval of additional budget of £263k in 2022-23 as detailed in paragraph 8 of the report; and

4. **Recommend to Council** the inclusion of an additional budgetary amount of £497k of capital and £97k of revenue over the next 4 year period for the further development of the system (paragraphs 9-11).

13. Minutes

Cabinet resolved to approve the minutes of the meeting held on 19 April 2023 as a true and accurate record.

14. Dates of Future Meetings

12 July 2023

9 August 2023

13 September 2023

18 October 2023

15 November 2023

13 December 2023

All meetings start at 6pm.

The meeting started at 6.00 pm and ended at 6.57 pm

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Chair	Date.	Wednesday	' 12 J	uiv	ZUZS

When decisions take effect:

Cabinet: after the call-in and review period has expired

Planning Committees: after the call-in and review period has expired and the formal

decision notice is issued

All other committees: immediately.

Details are in the Council's Constitution.

Agenda Item 21

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



Agenda Item 22

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



Agenda Item 23

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

